







AGR-11B/21B/22B/31B-(H) Overcurrent Releases

21-M51ED





## **INSTRUCTION MANUAL FOR AIR CIRCUIT BREAKERS**

(With Draw-out Cradle and Type AGR-11B,21B,22B,31B(H) Overcurrent Protective Device)



Types:	AR208S
	AR212S
	AR216S
	AR220S
	AR325S
	AR332S
	AR440S
	AR440SB
	AR212H
	AR216H
	AR220H
	AR316H
	AR320H
	AR325H
	AR332H
	AR420H
	AR440H
	AR208D
	AR212D
	AR212D
	ANZIUD

### Notice

- Be sure to read this manual before installing, operating, servicing, or inspecting the ACB.
- Please retain this manual for future reference.
- Electrical work must be done by competent persons.
- ACB maintenance, inspection, parts replacement, OCR field tests and setting changes must be performed by competent persons.

# TERASAKI ELECTRIC CO., LTD.

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. SAFETY NOTICES	5
2. RECEIVING AND HANDLING	7
2-1. Transportation Precautions	7
2-1-1. Transporting the ACB	7
2-1-2. Transporting the breaker body	8
2-1-3. Transporting the draw-out cradle	8
2-2. Storage Precautions	8
2-3. Installation Precautions	9
3. GENERAL	16
3-1. Types and Descriptions	16
3-2. Parts and Functions	20
3-3. Circuits and Ratings	24
4. OPERATION	31
4-1. Charging and Opening operation	31
4-1-1. Charging operation	31
4-1-2. Closing operation	32
4-1-3. Opening operation	32
4-1-4. Motion of trip indication and spring charge	
indication switches	32
4-1-5. Motion of operation mechanisms	33
4-2. Draw-out and Insertion Operation	35
4-2-1. General	35
4-2-2. Draw-out operation	36
4-2-3. Putting the breaker body back into the draw-out	
cradle	37
4-2-4. Contact status of auxiliary and position switches	39
4-3. ON-OFF Button Cover Locking Procedure	39
4-4. Lock in OFF Procedure	40
4-5. Position Lock Lever Locking Procedure	40
4-6. Breaker Fixing Bolt Securing Procedure	41
4-7. OCR Cover Locking Procedure	41
5. OVERCURRENT RELEASE (OCR)	42
5-1. Specifications	42
5-2. Characteristics	44
5-2-1. L characteristic for general feeder	44
5-2-2. R characteristic for general feeder	47
5-2-3. S characteristic for generator protection	51
5-3. OCR Setting Procedure	53
5-3-1. OCR Setting Procedure (AGR-11B type)	53
5-3-2. OCR Setting Procedure (AGR-21B,22B,31B type	e)

	5-3-2-1. General	54
5	5-3-2-2. Available screens	55
7	5-3-2-3. Monitor screen	57
7	5-3-2-3-1. Monitor screen (AGR-21B,22B)	57
7	5-3-2-3-2. Monitor 1 screen (AGR-31B-H)	58
8	5-3-2-3-3. Monitor 2 screen (AGR-31B-H)	59
8	5-3-2-3-3a. Monitor 3 Screen (AGR-31B-H)	62
8	5-3-2-4. Setup screen	63
9	5-3-2-4-1. Setup screen(AGR-21B,22B)	63
16	5-3-2-4-2. Setup screen(AGR-31B-H)	65
16	5-3-2-5. Reset screen	68
20	5-3-2-5-1. Reset screen (AGR-21B,22B)	68
24	5-3-2-5-2. Reset screen(AGR-31B-H)	69
31	5-3-2-6a. Setting 1 screen (AGR-21,22B)	70
31	5-3-2-6b. Setting 1 screen (AGR-31B-H)	72
31	5-3-2-7. Setting 2 screen	74
32	5-3-2-8a. Maintenance screen (AGR-21/22B)	77
32	5-3-2-8b. Maintenance screen (AGR-31B-H)	78
	5-4. OCR Function Check	79
32	5-5. Operation Indication and Indication Resetting	
33	Procedure	81
35	5-5-1. Operation Indication (AGR-11B type)	81
35	5-5-2. Operation Indication and Indication Resetting	
36	Procedure (AGR-21B,22B,31B-H type)	82
	6. MAINTENANCE, INSPECTION AND PARTS	
37	REPLACEMENT	84
39	6-1. Inspection Procedures	85
39	6-2. Parts Replacement Procedure	88
40	6-2-1. Preparation	88
40	6-2-2. Arc chambers	91
41	6-2-3. Stationary contact	92
41	6-2-4. Moving contact	94
42	6-2-5 Latch release coil (LRC)	96
42	6-2-6. Shunt trip device (SHT)	97
44	6-2-7. Control relay	98
44	6-2-8. Magnet hold trigger (MHT)	101
47	6-2-9. Auxiliary switches	102
51	7. TROUBLESHOOTING FLOWCHARTS	104
53	8.DOOR INTERLOCK	107
53	9. MECHANICAL INTERLOCK DEVICE. (HORIZON	ITAL
)	TYPE)	109

# **1. SAFETY NOTICES**

Thank you for purchasing the TERASAKI AR-series Air Circuit Breaker (TemPower2).

This chapter contains important safety information.

Be sure to carefully read these safety notices, instruction in this manual, and other documents accompanying the Air Circuit Breaker (hereinafter referred to as the ACB) to familiarize yourself with safe and correct procedures or practices before installing, operating, or servicing the ACB.

In this manual, safety notices are divided into "DANGER" and "CAUTION" according to the hazard level:

**DANGER** : A danger notice with this symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



A caution notice with this symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury and/or property damage.

Note that failure to observe a caution notice could result in serious injury/damage in some situations. Because safety notices contain important information, be sure to read and observe them.

# Transportation Precaution

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• Never stand under the ACB that has been lifted or suspended by a lifter or lifting attachments. The weight of the ACB may cause serious injury.

# Installation Precautions

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- Electrical work must be done by competent persons.
- Do not place the ACB in such an area that is subject to high temperatures, high humidity, dusty air, corrosive gases, strong vibration and shock, or other unusual conditions. Mounting the ACB in such an area could cause a fire or malfunction.
- Be careful to prevent foreign objects (such as debris, concrete powder, dust, chippings, and iron powder) and oil or rainwater from entering the ACB. These materials inside the ACB could cause a fire or malfunction.
- Prior to commencing any work on the ACB, open an upstream circuit breaker or the like to isolate all sources of power/voltage. Otherwise, electric shock may result.
- Fix the draw-out cradle of the ACB firmly on a flat, level surface using mounting screws. Otherwise, the draw-out operation may cause the breaker body or the draw-out cradle to fall, resulting in damage to the ACB or personal injury.
- Take care not to deform or bend protrusions in the bottom face of the draw-out cradle when fixing the draw-out cradle with mounting screws. Deformation of the protrusions may cause a malfunction.
- Connect conductors (including screws) to the main circuit terminals in the specified area. Otherwise, a short-circuit may result.
- When terminating conductors to the ACB, tighten terminal screws to the torque specified in this manual. Otherwise, a fire could result.
- For 4-pole ACBs, be sure to connect a 3-phase, 4-wire neutral conductor to the N-phase pole (on the right end). Otherwise, an overcurrent may hinder the ACB from tripping, resulting in a fire.

# Operation Precautions

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- Never touch live terminal parts. Doing so will result in electric shock.
- Do not leave the ACB body in the draw-out position. If the ACB body is accidentally dropped, its weight may cause serious injury.

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- Do not force down the charging handle after completion of manual charging operation. Doing so may cause a malfunction.
- The permissible operating voltage of the spring charging motor is 85 to 110% of the rated ac voltage or 75 to 110% of the rated dc voltage. Be sure to supply a voltage within the above ranges to the motor. Otherwise, a malfunction, burnout, or fire may result.

# Operation Precautions (continued) A CAUTION

- Repeated open/close operation by the motor charging mechanism without pause should not exceed 15 times. If repeated continuous open/close operation is inevitable, a pause of at least 20 minutes should be provided after the repetitions of 15 times. Otherwise, a spring charging motor may be burnt out.
- Do not bring your hand or face close to arc gas vent of the arc chamber while the ACB is closed. Otherwise, a burn may result from high-temperature arc gas blowing out of the arc gas vent when the ACB trips open.
- If the ACB trips open automatically, remove the cause of tripping operation before re-closing the ACB. Otherwise, a fire could result.
- If the ACB has the breaker fixing bolts, be sure to loose the fixing bolts before draw-out operation. Otherwise, damage to the ACB may result.
- Make sure the draw-out cradle is secured with mounting screws before inserting or drawing out the breaker body. Otherwise, the insertion or draw-out operation may cause the breaker body or the draw-out cradle to fall, resulting in damage to the ACB or personal injury.
- When retracting the draw-out rail into the draw-out cradle, be sure to push the rail end. Do not hold the hook pin, body stopper, or body stopper shaft. Doing so may cause your fingers to be pinched, resulting in injury.
- Do not forcedly turn the draw-out handle clockwise when the breaker body is in the "CONN." position. Doing so may cause a malfunction.
- If the ACB has the breaker fixing bolts, make sure the bolts on both sides are securely tightened before using the ACB. Loosened fixing bolts may cause a malfunction of the ACB, in particular when it is installed in such an area that is subject to strong vibrations.

# OCR (Overcurrent Release) Handling Precautions ① CAUTION

- OCR field tests and setting changes must be performed by competent persons.
- After setting changes are made, the settings be checked with e.g., a type ANU-1 OCR checker (optional).
- After completion of OCR tests, be sure to return the settings to the original values. Failure to do so may cause a fire or burnout.
- Before changing OCR settings, open the ACB and then lock the OFF button to prevent the ACB from being closed inadvertently.
- Do not push the SET button diagonally. Doing so may cause a poor in return and malfunction.

# Maintenance and Inspection Precautions CAUTION

- ACB maintenance, inspection and parts replacement must be performed by competent persons.
- Do not touch ACB current carrying parts and ACB structural parts close to a current carrying part immediately after the ACB trips open. Remaining heat may cause a burn.
- Prior to commencing any work on the ACB, open an upstream circuit breaker or the like to isolate all sources of power/voltage from the main and control circuits. Otherwise, electric shock may result.
- Take care to avoid adhesion of dust to main and control circuit contacts. Dust on the contacts may result in a fire.
- Prior to commencing maintenance, inspection, or parts replacement, make sure that the closing springs are released and the ACB is open. Otherwise, unintentional open/close operation may lead to fingers or tools to be pinched by the open/close mechanism, resulting in injury.
- Retighten the terminal screws periodically to the specified torque. Otherwise, a fire could result.
- When grinding a contact tip, be careful to prevent grinding dust from entering the breaker operating mechanism. Wipe the tip clean after grinding. Otherwise, a malfunction or fire could result.
- Do not perform dielectric withstand tests under other conditions than specified. Doing so may cause a malfunction.
- Be sure to reinstall the arc chamber if removed. Failure to do so or incorrect installation of the arc chamber may result in a fire or burn.
- When charging the closing springs or performing open/close operation of the ACB with the arc chamber, front cover and/or side covers removed during maintenance or inspection work, do not touch parts other than those required for the above operation (charging handle, ON/OFF buttons, moving core and the like). Doing so may cause fingers or tools to be pinched, resulting in injury.
- When replacing an auxiliary, do not damage the control wire for the auxiliary or pinch the wire between the auxiliary and the breaker body. Doing so may cause a malfunction.

# 2. RECEIVING AND HANDLING

Upon receipt of your ACB, check the following. If you have any question or problem, contact us at the indicated on the back cover of this manual.

- Check that the ACB received is as ordered and that the accessories are as specified.
- Check that the ACB is not damaged during shipment.

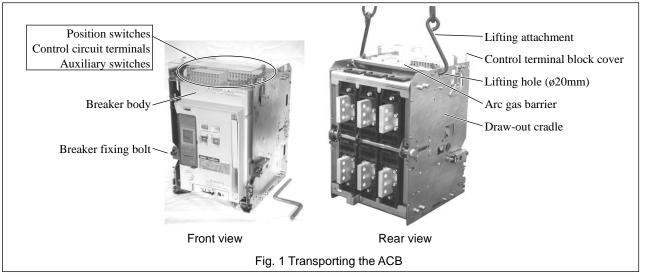
# 2-1. Transportation Precautions

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• Never stand under the ACB that has been lifted or suspended by a lifter or lifting attachments. If the ACB body is accidentally dropped, its weight may cause serious injury.

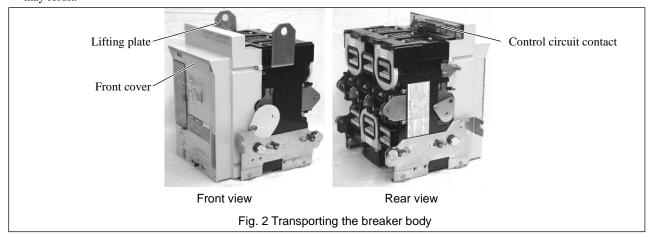
### 2-1-1. Transporting the ACB

- Before transporting the ACB, make sure the breaker body is in the CONN. position. If the ACB has breaker fixing bolts, make sure the breaker body is secured to the draw-out cradle with the fixing bolts.
- When lifting the ACB, hold it using lifting attachments or wire ropes through the lifting holes. Take care that the position switches, control circuit terminals, auxiliary switches, arc gas barrier and control terminal block cover which are shown in Fig. 1 are not damaged by the lifting rope. Lift the ACB carefully and gently. For transportation, place the ACB on a pallet and carry slowly and carefully.
- Avoid shock and vibration to the ACB during transportation.
- Do not lay the ACB during transportation.
- When transporting the ACB over great distances, crate it for protection against shock and vibration and secure the crate package with wood or ropes.
- When transporting the ACB while it is installed in a switchboard, you should fix the breaker body in the draw-out cradle with the breaker fixing bolts (optional).
- Lower the ACB onto a flat, level surface.



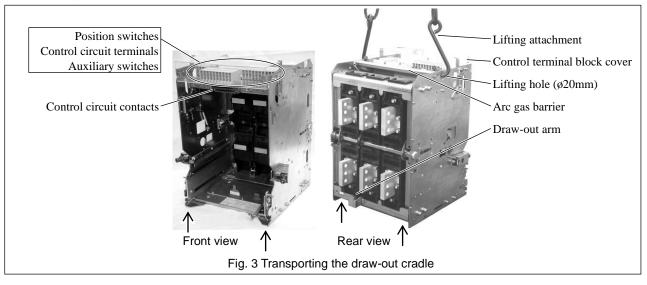
### 2-1-2. Transporting the breaker body

- Use an optional lifter or lifting plate to transfer the breaker body.
- When transporting the breaker body on a lifter, move the lifter with the lifter fork held at the lowest possible position.
- Take care not to exert forces on the front cover and the control circuit contacts shown in Fig. 2. Otherwise, a deformation or damage may result.



### 2-1-3. Transporting the draw-out cradle

• When transporting the draw-out cradle, hold it using lifting attachments or wire ropes through the lifting holes or carry it by the portions (4 points) marked with the arrows shown in Fig 3. When carrying the draw-out cradle, take care not to exert forces on the arc gas barrier, the draw-out arm, the position switches, the auxiliary switches, the control circuit terminals, the control terminal block cover, and the control circuit contacts.



### 2-2. Storage Precautions

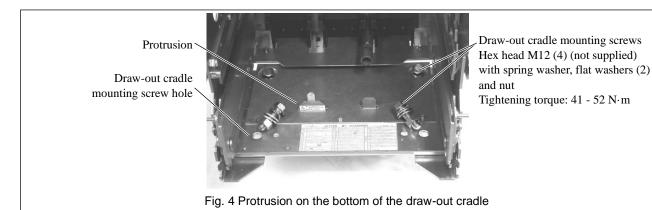
It is recommended that the ACB be used as soon as you have received it. If it is necessary to store the ACB, note the following:

- Store the ACB in a dry indoor location to prevent condensation due to sudden changes in ambient temperature. Condensation has a harmful effect on the ACB insulation.
- Store the ACB in a clean place free of corrosive gases and dust. In particular, exposure to a mixture of moisture and cement dust may cause corrosion damage to metal parts of the ACB.
- Place the ACB on a flat, level surface in its normal position (Do not lay the ACB).
- Do not place the ACB directly on the floor. Do not stack the ACBs during storage.

### 2-3. Installation Precautions

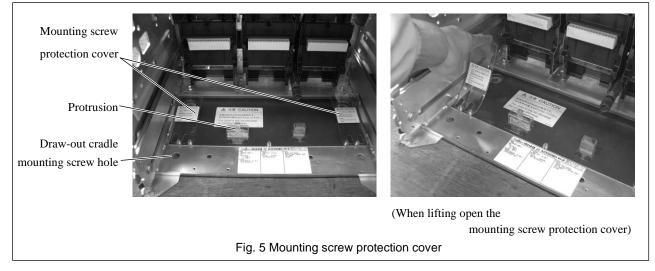
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- Electrical work must be done by competent persons.
- Do not place the ACB in such an area that is subject to high temperatures, high humidity, dusty air, corrosive gases, strong vibration and shock, or other unusual conditions. Mounting the ACB in such an area could cause a fire or malfunction.
- Be careful to prevent foreign objects (such as debris, concrete powder, dust, chippings, and iron powder) and oil or rainwater from entering the ACB. These materials inside the ACB could cause a fire or malfunction.
- Prior to commencing any work on the ACB, open an upstream circuit breaker or the like to isolate all sources of power/voltage. Otherwise, electric shock may result.
- Fix the draw-out cradle of the ACB firmly on a flat, level surface using mounting screws. Otherwise, the draw-out operation may cause the breaker body or the draw-out cradle to fall, resulting in damage to the ACB or personal injury. Take care not to deform or bend protrusions in the bottom face of the draw-out cradle when fixing the draw-out cradle with mounting screws. Deformation of the protrusions may cause a malfunction (see Fig. 4).
- Connect conductors (including screws) to the main circuit terminals in the specified area. Otherwise, a short-circuit may result.
- When terminating conductors to the ACB, tighten terminal screws to the torque specified in this manual. Otherwise, a fire could result.
- For 4-pole ACBs, be sure to connect a 3-phase, 4-wire neutral conductor to the N-phase pole (on the right end). Otherwise, an overcurrent may hinder the ACB from tripping, resulting in a fire.



• For AR440SB, the mounting screw protection covers are installed on two of four mounting screw holes. When fixing the draw-out cradle, insert the draw-out cradle mounting screws into these two holes while lifting open the covers.

Do not lift open the cover too high. Failure to do so may result in damage to the cover.



Do not install the ACB in such an area that is exposed to direct sunlight.

- Make sure that the mounting base has a sufficient capacity of bearing the weight of the ACB (see Table 3 and Table 4). The mounting base must be protected against vibration. Take appropriate measures to provide a perfect protection to the mounting base against resonance. Otherwise, open/close operation of the ACB may cause a malfunction of other devices in the switchboard or vibrations of the switchboard may cause a malfunction of the ACB.
- Use the following screws with appropriate length for the main circuit terminals. Main circuit terminal screws: Hex head M10, with flat washers (2), spring washer (1) and nut (1) per screw Tightening torque: 22.5 - 37.2 N·m

Table 1 Number of main circuit terminal screws required

ACB type		AR208S, AR212S, AR216S AR208D, AR212D, AR216D	AR220S, AR212H, AR216H, AR220H	AR325S, AR332S AR316H, AR320H, AR325H, AR332H	AR440SB	AR440S, AR420H, AR440H
Number of main circuit terminal	Vertical terminals	12/16	18/24	24/32	24/32	48/64
screws (3/4-pole)	Horizontal/front terminals*	12/1	16	18/24	-	-

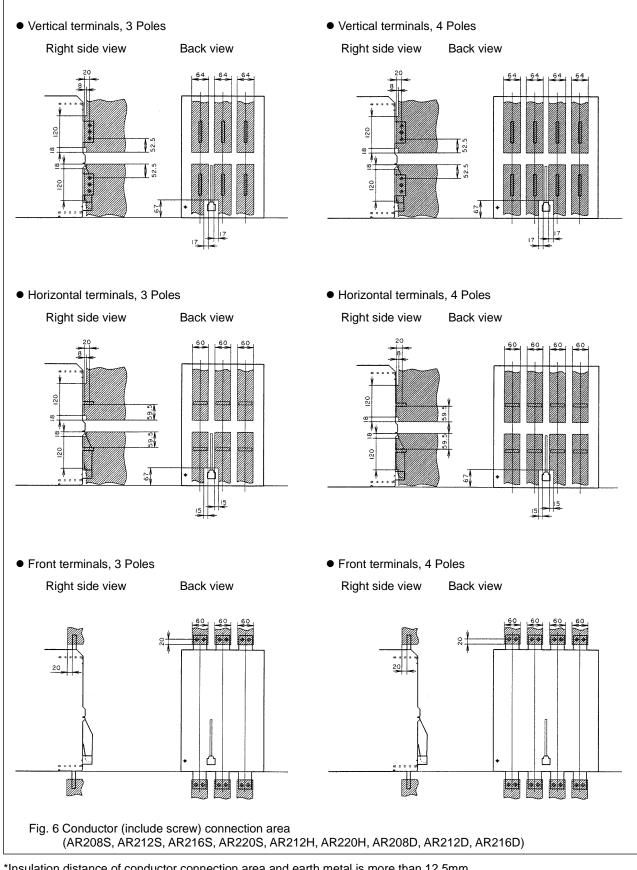
\* Front terminals are not applicable for high-performance ARxxxH types.

• Use the following screw for the ground terminal. The screw must have a length that allows it to be inserted 4 - 9 mm into the ground terminal M8 tapped hole.

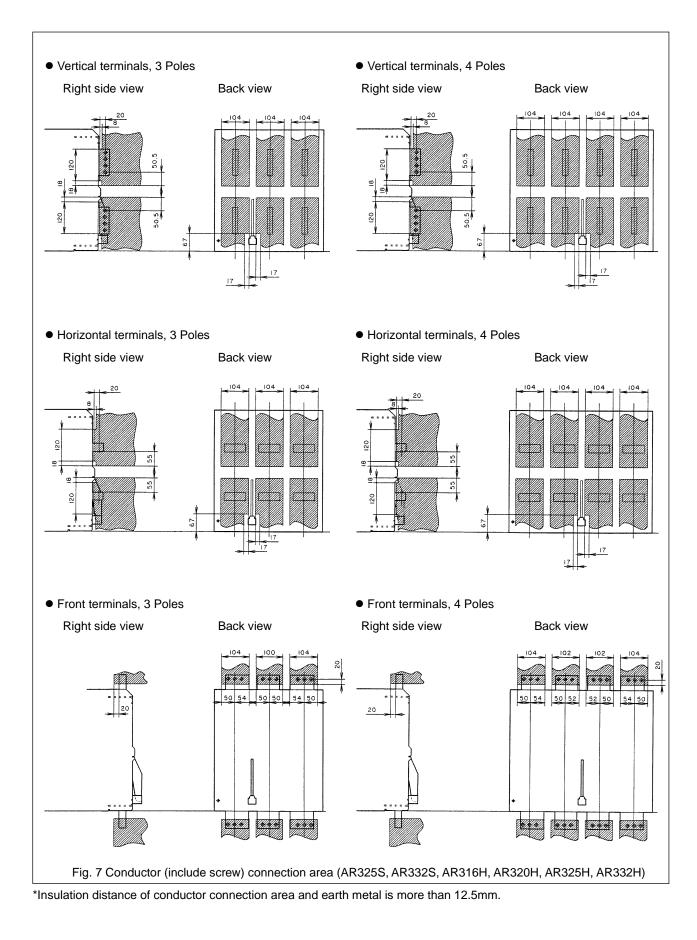
Ground terminal screw: M8 (1) with spring washer and flat washer

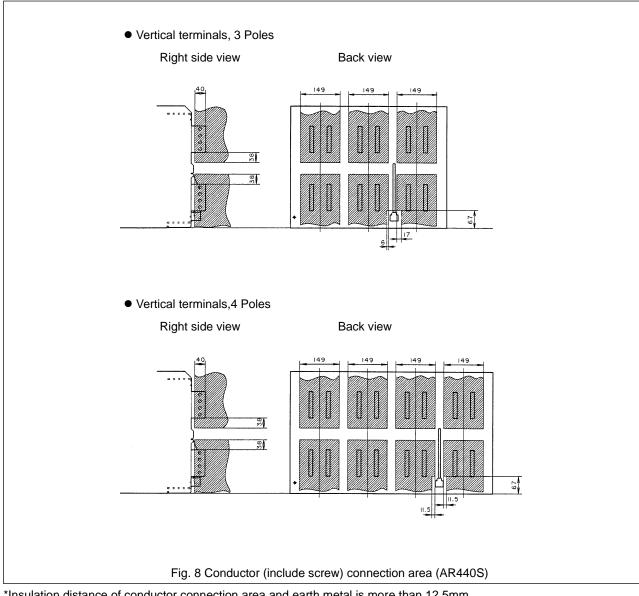
Tightening torque: 11.8 - 14.7 N·m

#### • Connect conductors to the main circuit terminals in the conductor connection area as shown in Figs. 6 - 9.

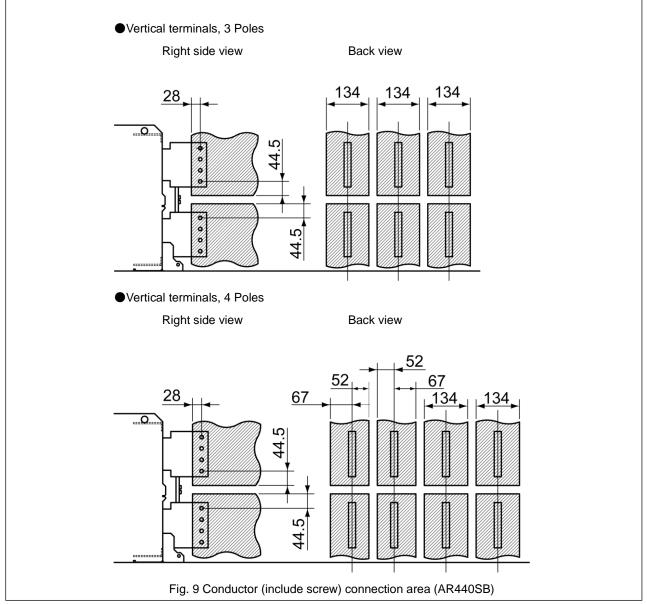


\*Insulation distance of conductor connection area and earth metal is more than 12.5mm.



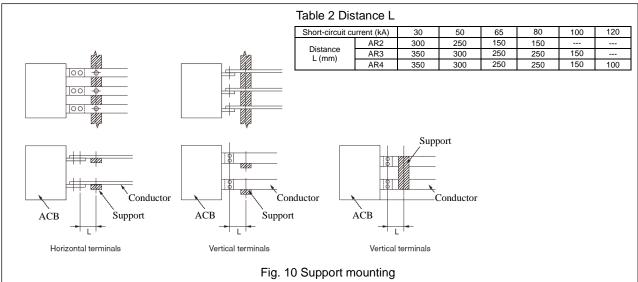


\*Insulation distance of conductor connection area and earth metal is more than 12.5mm.

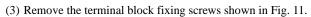


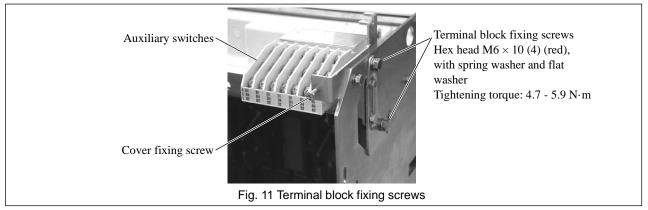
<sup>\*</sup>Insulation distance of conductor connection area and earth metal is more than 12.5mm.

• Use a support to hold conductors securely at distance L as shown in Fig. 10 and Table 2. Such a support will help preventing the conductors and main circuit terminals from being deformed or damaged due to a large electromagnetic force caused by any fault current. Use a high-quality insulating material for a support and secure enough insulation distance.

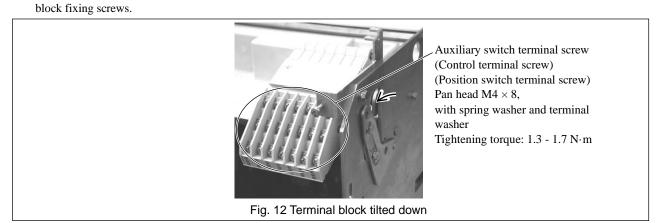


- The following procedure makes it easy to make connections with plug-in tab terminals (#187) of position switches, control circuit terminals, and auxiliary switches.
- (1) Draw out the breaker body to the removed position, and remove it using an optional lifter or lifting plate. Refer to sections 4-2-2 and 2-1-2.
- (2) If the ACB is equipped with the control terminal block cover, loosen both the cover fixing screws and remove the cover.

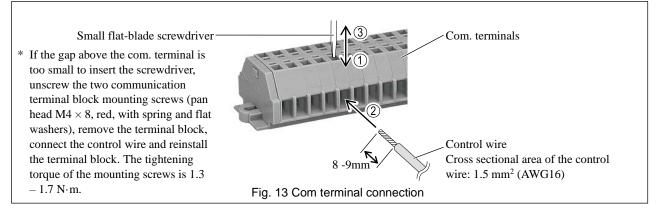




(4) Tilt the terminal block down as shown in Fig. 12. After connecting wires, tilt the terminal block up again and fix it with the terminal



• Connect the control wire to a com. terminal as shown in Fig. 13.



• If any work is done near the ACB that have been installed, protect the openings of the ACB with appropriate covers to prevent spatters, metal chips, wire cuttings or other foreign objects from entering the ACB.

### **3. GENERAL** 3-1. Types and Descriptions

TemPower2 is available in types shown in Tables 3 and 4.

#### Table 3-1 Standard types

Frame size (A)				800		1250		1600		2000		2500		3200		4000		4000	
Туре				AR20	)8S	AR21	2S	AR21	6S	AR22	:0S	AR32	5S	AR33	2S	AR44	0SB	AR44	0S
Max. rated current	[ <i>I</i> <sub>n</sub> ] (A) *1, *2	IEC, EN, JIS Marine u		800		1250		1600		2000		2500		3200		4000		4000	
N-phase rated curr	ent (A)			800		1250		1600		2000		2500		3200		4000		4000	
Number of poles *3				3	4	3	4	3	4	3	4	3	4	3	4	3	4	3	4
Dielectric withstand	d voltage [U] (	50/60Hz)	*5	1000		1000		1000		1000		1000		1000		1000		1000	
Operating voltage	erating voltage [Ue] (50/60Hz) *6					690		690		690		690		690		690		690	
Rated breaking/ma	ed breaking/making current [kA sym rms/kA pea																		
IEC ,EN, AS [Ics =							50	/105					65	/143		8	5/187	75/16	5
JIS C 8201-2-1 Ani	n.1 Ann.2	AC 440\					65/1	43 *10					85/18	87 *10		10	0/220	100/2	20
NK *7		AC 690\	/				50	/115					65	/153			*14	75/17	9
		AC 450\					65/1	53 *10					85/2	01 *10			*14	100/2	45
For DC		DC 250\	/ *9									40/40							
Rated short-time c		\ rms] (1 s	ec.)					65						35			100		100
Rated latching curr	rent (kA)						(	65					8	35			85		100
	Mechanical	With ma	intenance	30	0000	30	0000	30	0000	25	5000	20	000	20	000	1	5000	1	5000
Endurance	wechanical		naintenance	15	5000	15	5000	15	5000	12	2000	10	000	10	000	8	3000	8	3000
in number of ON-		Without	AC 460V	12	2000	12	2000	12	2000	10	0000	70	000	70	000	:	3000	:	3000
OFF cycles *11	Electrical	mainte- nance	AC 690V	_	0000		0000		0000	_	000		000		000		2500		2500
Installation	1	Hance	/10/0001	Draw-out or fixed type							0.	500		2000		.000			
Mass (kg) for draw				73	86	73	86	76	90	79	94	105	125	105	125	126	158	139	176
External dimension				75	00	75	00	70	30	13	34	105	125	105	125	120	150	100	170
External dimension	13 (1111)	а		360	445	360	445	360	445	360	445	466	586	466	586	1		1	1.
Fixed		b		460	440	500	440	500	440	500	443	400	500	400	500	-	-	-	
type	I <sup>b</sup>	c		290										-		-			
*12		d		75															
		a		354											801				
Draw-		b		460	100	001	.00	001	.00	001	.00	.00	000	.00	000	460	000	460	001
out type	5 2	c		345												345		375	
*13		d		40												140		53	
		Line side	9		al. horiz	zontal o	r front te	rminals	6								l terminals		al terminals
Connection method	d	Load sid					r front te										l terminals		al terminals
Control circuit term	inal type				/ termina														
Spring charging me					al or mo		rging												
0				No O	CR, or L	charac	cteristic	for gene	eral feed	der prot	ection (I	n case o	of AGR-	11B)					
Overcurrent releas	e (OCR)														l feeder	protect	ion or S-c	haracte	ristic for
							(In case							-		·			
				Group	o indicat	tion (In	case of <i>i</i>	AGR-11	1B)										
Operation indicatio	11			Indivi	dual ind	ication	(In case	of AGF	R-21B,22	2B,31B)									
		Tripping (TC)		Stand	lard equ	ipment	for OCF	R-equip	ped AC	3									
Tripping device Shunt trip device (SHT)			p device	Optio	nal														
undervoltage trip device (UVT)					Optional														
A			of switches	4C (s	tandard	), 7C or	10C; av	ailable	for gen	eral fee	der or m	icroload							
Auxiliary switches Terminal type					4C (standard), 7C or 10C; available for general feeder or microload screw terminals														
Operation power *	15	Rated vo		AC10	0V, AC1	110V, A0	C120V, A												
Operation power	15	italeu V	лауе	DC24	V, DC4	8V, DC1	100V, DO	C110V,	DC125\	/, DC20	0V or D	C220V							

\*1: Ambient temperature: 40°C (45°C for marine used))

\*2: With horizontal terminals for AR208S - 216S and vertical terminals for AR220S - 440S

\*3: For 2-pole applications, use two poles at both ends.
\*4: 4-pole ACBs are not applicable to power distribution IT systems unless N-phase protection is provided.
\*5: Varies depending on applicable standards. AC1000V applies to ACBs conforming to IEC60947-2 and JIS C8201-2.

\*6: Varies depending on applicable standards. AC foot applies to ACBs conforming to IEC60947-2 and JIS C8201-2
\*6: Varies depending on applicable standards. AC690V applies to ACBs conforming to IEC60947-2 and JIS C8201-2.
\*7: Applicable to 3-pole ACBs with INST or MCR.
\*8: For applicability to power distribution IT systems, consult us
\*9: A special version of the breaker is available to use above 250V DC. Contact Terasaki for details.

\*11: Expected service life based on endurance test. The service life of ACB depends on the working and environmental conditions. Refer to chapter 6 "Maintenance, Inspection and Parts Replacement".

\*12: For both vertical and horizontal terminals

\*13: This manual covers draw-out type ACBs.
\*14: In applying or going to apply.
\*15: For more information, please refer to page 24 and 27.

#### Table 3-2 D types

Frame size (A)				800		1250		1600				
Туре				AR208	)	AR212	D	AR216	D			
Max. rated current	[ <i>I</i> <sub>n</sub> ] (A) *1, *2	IEC, EN, JIS Marine u		800		1250		1600	1600			
N-phase rated curr	ent (A)			800		1250		1600				
Number of poles *3				3	4	3	4	3	4			
Dielectric withstand			*5	1000		1000		1000				
Operating voltage	[Ue] (50/60Hz)	*6		690		690		690				
Rated breaking/ma	king current [l											
IEC ,EN, AS [I <sub>CS</sub> =		AC 690V					42					
JIS C 8201-2-1 Ani	n.1 Ann.2	AC 440V	r				50					
For DC		′ *10				40						
Rated short-time c	urrent [Icw] [kA	A rms] (1 s	ec.)				50					
	Mechanical		ntenance		6000		26000		26000			
Endurance	moonanioar		aintenance	12	2500	1	2500	1	2500			
in number of ON- OFF cycles *11	Electrical	Without mainte- nance	AC 460V	11	000	1	1000		11000			
Installation			F	Draw-ou	ut or fixed	d type						
Mass (kg) for draw	-out type			73	86	73	86	76	90			
External dimension												
<b>-</b>		а		360	445	360	445	360	445			
vpe		b		460								
		С		290								
	- c.d.	d		75								
Draw-		a		354	439	354	439	354	439			
out type	ь	b		460								
*13 []	1. 2. 8	С		345								
a	+ c , d	d		40 Vertical borizontal or front terminals								
Connection method	Ł	Line side		Vertical, horizontal or front terminals								
Control circuit term	inal type	Load side	5	Vertical, horizontal or front terminals								
Spring charging me				screw terminals Manual or motor charging								
oping charging me	Suitu			No OCR, or L-characteristic for general feeder protection								
				(In case of AGR-11B)								
						acteristic fo	r general f	eeder pro	tection,			
Overcurrent releas	e (UCK)			R-chara	cteristic f	for general	feeder pro	tection or				
						or generat	or protection	on (In case	e of			
					B,22B,3							
Operation indicatio	n					(In case of ion (In case			1D)			
		Tripping	coil	Individu	ai indicat	IUN (IN Cas	e UI AGR-2	LID,228,3	01D)			
	Tripping coil (TC)				d equipm	nent for OC	R-equippe	d ACB				
Tripping device Shunt trip device (SHT)				Optiona	l							
undervoltage trip device (UVT)				Optiona								
Auxiliary switches Number of switches					ndard), 70 ad	C or 10C; a	available fo	r general	feeder or			
Terminal type					rminals							
Operation power *1	14	Rated vo	ltage		DC48V,	AC120V, A DC100V, D						

\*1: Ambient temperature: 40°C (45°C for marine used))
\*2: With horizontal terminals for AR208D – 216D
\*3: For 2-pole applications, use two poles at both ends.

\*4: 4-pole ACBs are not applicable to power distribution IT systems unless N-phase protection is provided.
\*5: Varies depending on applicable standards. AC1000V applies to ACBs conforming to IEC60947-2 and JIS C8201-2.
\*6: Varies depending on applicable standards. AC690V applies to ACBs conforming to IEC60947-2 and JIS C8201-2.
\*7: Applicable to 3-pole ACBs with INST or MCR.

\*8: For applicability to power distribution IT systems, consult us \*10: A special version of the breaker is available to use above 250V DC. Contact Terasaki for details. \*11: Expected service life based on endurance test. The service life of ACB depends on the working and environmental conditions. Refer to chapter 6 "Maintenance, Inspection and Parts Replacement".

\*12: For both vertical and horizontal terminals \*13: This manual covers draw-out type ACBs. \*14: For more information, please refer to page 24 and 27.

#### Table 4 High-performance types

Frame size (A)				1250		1600	2000	1600		2000		2000	2500		3200	4000
Туре				AR212	2H	AR216H	AR220H	AR31	6H	AR320	)H	AR420H	AR325	5H	AR332H	AR440H
Max. rated current	[ <i>I</i> <sub>n</sub> ] (A) *1, *2	IEC, EN JIS Marine u		1250		1600	2000	1600		2000		2000	2500		3200	4000
N-phase rated curr	ent (A)			1250		1600	2000	1600		2000		2000	2500		3200	4000
Number of poles *3	3, *4			3	4	3 4	3 4	3	4	3	4	3	3	4	3 4	3
Dielectric withstand	d voltage [Ui] (	50/60Hz)	*5	1000		1000	1000	1000		1000		1000	1000		1000	1000
Operating voltage [	U <sub>e</sub> ] (50/60Hz)	*6		690		690	690	690		690		690	690		690	690
		urrent [kA sym rms/kA peak]						-				-				
IEC ,EN, AS [ICS =						55/121				187		75/165			'187	75/165
JIS C 8201-2-1 Anr	C 8201-2-1 Ann.1 Ann.2 AC 440V					80/176				/220		120/264			/220	120/264
NK *8		AC 690\				55/128				201		*14			201	*14
		AC 450\				80/186			100	/233		*14		100	/233	*14
For DC		DC 250\								40/	40					
Rated short-time cu		\ rms] (1 s	ec.)			80				00		100			00	100
Rated latching curr	ent (kA)					65				15		100			35	85
	Mechanical		ntenance	300		30000	25000		000	250		15000	200		20000	15000
Endurance	oonamoar		naintenance	150	000	15000	12000	15	000	120	00	8000	100	000	10000	8000
in number of ON- OFF cycles *11	Electrical	Without mainte-	AC 460V	120		12000	10000		000	100		3000	70		7000	3000
		nance	AC 690V		000	10000	7000	10	000	70	00	2500	50	00	5000	2500
Installation						ixed type		-								
Mass (kg) for draw-				79	94	79 94	79 94	105	125	105	125	139	105	125	105 125	139
External dimension	is (mm)			-				-								
Fixed		a b c		360	445	360 445	360 445	466	586	466	586	-	466	586	466 586	-
type	ь			460 - 460 -									-			
*12				290								-	290			-
a	,,,	d		75	4 420 254 420 254 420				460 580 460 580			-	75 460 580 460 580		-	
Draw-		a									580	631		580	460 580	631
out type	Ь	b		460 345								460 375	460 345			460 380
*13		c d		40								53	40		60	
Connection method	+ <u>+14</u> 2	Line side	)	Vertical terminals (Horizontal terminals can be specified as an option)								Vertical terminals	Vertical terminals (Horizontal terminals can be specified as an option)			Vertical
		Load sid	e	option	)	•	tal terminals c	an be s	pecifie	d as an		Vertical terminals		ontal te	inals erminals can as an option)	Vertical terminals
Control circuit term					termina											
Spring charging me	ethod					otor charging										
Overcurrent release	e (OCR)			No OC	R, L-cl	haracteristic f		der pro	tection,			AGR-11B) stic for genera	l feeder	protec	tion or S-cha	racteristic for
							se of AGR-21	B,22B,3	81B)							
Operation indicatio	n					tion (In case of ication (In case	of AGR-11B) se of AGR-21E	3,22B,3	1B)							
	Tripping coil (TC)			Standa	ard equ	ipment for O	CR-equipped	ACB								
Tripping device (SHT)		Option	al													
			ltage trip JVT)	Option	al											
A 111 14 1			of switches	4C (sta	andard	), 7C or 10C:	available for c	eneral	feeder	or micro	load					
Auxiliary switches Terminal type				4C (standard), 7C or 10C; available for general feeder or microload screw terminals												
				Screw terminals AC100V, AC110V, AC120V, AC200V, AC220V, AC240V, DC24V, DC48V, DC100V, DC110V, DC125V, DC200V or DC220V												

\*1: Ambient temperature: 40°C (45°C for marine used)

\*2: For vertical terminals

\*3: For 2-pole applications, use two poles at both ends.
\*4: 4-pole ACBs are not applicable to power distribution IT systems unless N-phase protection is provided.
\*5: Varies depending on applicable standards. AC1000V applies to ACBs conforming to IEC60947-2 and JIS C8201-2.

\*6: Varies depending on applicable standards. AC690V applies to ACBs conforming to IEC60947-2 and JIS C8201-2.
 \*7: Setting the instantaneous trip function to NON reduces the rated breaking current to the rated latching current.
 \*8: Applicable to 3-pole ACBs with INST or MCR.

\*9: For applicability to power distribution IT systems, consult us

- \*10: A special version of the breaker is available to use above 250V DC. Contact Terasaki for details.
- \*11: Expected service life based on endurance test. The service life of ACB depends on the working and environmental conditions. Refer to chapter 6 "Maintenance, Inspection and Parts Replacement".

\*12: For vertical terminals

\*13: This manual covers draw-out type ACBs.

\*14: In applying or going to apply.\*15: For more information, please refer to page 24 and 27.

Use the ACBs in the environmental conditions specified in Table 5.

#### Table 5 Operating environment

	Altitude	2000 m max.
	Ambient temperature	-5°C to +40°C The average temperature for 24 hours must not exceed 35°C
Standard	Humidity	45 to 85% rel. max.
environment	Vibration	0.7G max.
(Standard equipped	Shock	200 m/s <sup>2</sup> (20G) max.
ACBs)	Atmosphere	No excessive water vapor, oil vapor, dust, or corrosive gases. No sudden change in temperature and no condensation. Ammonia (NH <sub>3</sub> ): 0.5 ppm max, Hydrogen sulfide (H <sub>2</sub> S)/sulfur dioxide (SO <sub>2</sub> )/hydrogen chloride (HCI): 0.1 ppm max., Chlorine (Cl <sub>2</sub> ): 0.05 ppm max.
Special	Tropical environment package	Different from standard ACBs in that Ambient temperature: 60°C max. and Humidity: 95% rel. max. (no condensation)
environment (Optional)	Cold environment package	Different from standard ACBs in that Ambient temperature: -25°C min. for use and -40°C min. for storage (no condensation)
(Optional)	Corrosion-resistant package	Different from standard ACBs in that $NH_3$ : 50 ppm max, $H_2S$ : 10 ppm max., $SO_2/HCI$ : 5 ppm max., and $CI_2$ : 1 ppm max.

Table 6 shows the dielectric withstand voltage and the insulation resistance of the ACBs.

### **ACAUTION**

• Do not perform dielectric withstand/insulation resistance tests under other conditions than specified. Doing so may cause a malfunction.

#### Table 6 Dielectric withstand voltage and insulation resistance

Circuit			Dielectric withstand voltage (5	Impulse withstand voltage U <sub>imp</sub>	Insulation resistance (DC500V Megger used)		
Main circuit			Between poles, and terminal group and ground	AC3500V	1 minute	12kV	300MΩ
	Auxiliary	For general feeder	Between terminal group and ground	AC2500V	1 minute	6kV	100MΩ
	switches	For microload	Between terminal group and ground	AC2000V	1 minute	4kV	100MΩ
Control circuit	Position sw	ritches	Between terminal group and ground	AC2000V	1 minute	4kV	100MΩ
Control circuit	Overcurren	t release	Between terminal group and ground	AC2000V	1 minute	4kV	100MΩ
		ge trip device, ower trip device	Between terminal group and ground	1 minute	6kV	100MΩ	
Other accessories			Between terminal group and ground	AC2000V	1 minute	4kV	100MΩ

The above data applies to new ACBs. Device terminals within ACBs are not covered. Use a DC500V Megger to measure the insulation resistance.

Table 7 shows the internal resistance and power consumption of the ACBs.

#### Table 7 Internal resistance and power consumption

Туре	AR208S AR208D	AR212S AR212D	AR216S AR216D	AR220S	AR325S	AR332S	AR440SB	AR440S	
Frame size (A)	800	1250	1600	2000	2500	3200	4000	4000	
DC internal resistance (mΩ) (for 1-pole ACB)	0.033	0.033	0.028	0.024	0.014	0.014	0.017	0.014	
AC power consumption (W) (for 3-pole ACB)	200	350	350	490	600	780	1650	1060	
Туре	AR212H	AR216H	AR220H	AR316H	AR320H	AR325H	AR332H	AR420H	AR440H
Frame size (A)	1250	1600	2000	1600	2000	2500	3200	2000	4000
DC internal resistance (mΩ) (for 1-pole ACB)	0.024	0.024	0.024	0.014	0.014	0.014	0.014	0.014	0.014
AC power consumption (W) (for 3-pole ACB)	260	350	490	310	430	600	780	*1	1060

\*1:Contact us.

Table 8 shows applicable current of the ACBs. The applicable current varies depending on the ambient temperatures.

#### Table 8 Dependence of applicable current on ambient temperature

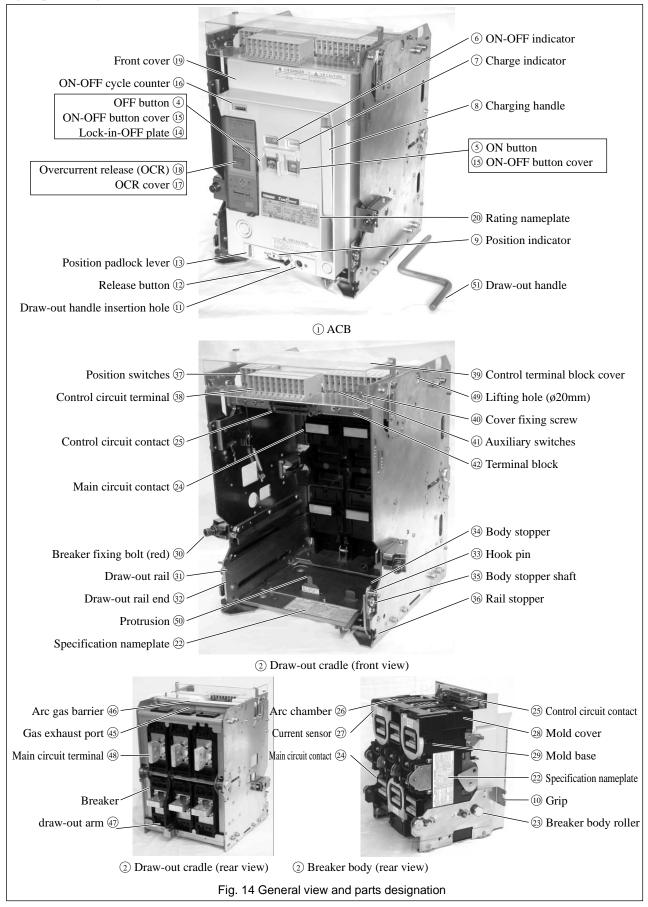
Туре		AR208S AR208D	AR212S AR212D	AR216S AR216D	AR220S	AR325S	AR332S	AR440SB	AR440S	
Standard	Conductor size Ambient temperature (°C)	2 × 50 × 5t	2 × 80 × 5t	2 × 100 × 5t	3 × 100 × 5t	2 × 100 × 10t	3 × 100 × 10t	4 × 150 × 10t	4 × 150 × 6t	
IEC60947-2	40 (standard ambient temperature)	800	1250	1600	2000	2500	3200	4000	4000	
EN60947-2	45	800	1250	1600	2000	2500	3200	4000	4000	
AS3947-2 JIS C8201-2-1	50	800	1250	1600	2000	2500	3200	3940	4000	
Ann.1 Ann.2	55	800	1200	1540	1820	2500	2990	3820	3940	
Ann. I Ann.2	60	800	1150	1460	1740	2400	2850	3690	3760	
	40 (standard ambient temperature)	800	1250	1540	2000	2500	3200	3310	3700	
NEMA,SG-3	45	800	1190	1470	1960	2500	3010	3200	3580	
ANSI C37.13	50	800	1130	1390	1860	2440	2860	3100	3470	]
	55	790	1070	1310	1750	2300	2690	2980	3350	
	60	740	1000	1230	1640	2150	2520	2870	3140	
	40 (standard ambient temperature)	800	1100	1460	1740	2370	2610	2870	3230	
150 400	45	800	1060	1400	1680	2280	2510	2750	3100	
JEC-160	50	800	1010	1340	1600	2180	2400	2620	2970	
	55	770	960	1280	1530	2080	2290	2490	2830	
	60	730	920	1220	1450	1970	2170	2360	2690	
Туре		AR212H	AR216H	AR220H	AR316H	AR320H	AR325H	AR332H	AR420H	AR440H
Standard	Ambient temperature (°C)	2 × 80 × 5t	2 × 100 × 5t	3 × 100 × 5t	2 × 100 × 5t	3 × 100 × 5t	2 × 100 × 10t	3 × 100 × 10t	2 × 150 × 6t	4 × 150 × 6t
IEC60947-2	40 (standard ambient temperature)	1250	1600	2000	1600	2000	2500	3200	2000	4000
EN60947-2 AS3947-2	45	1250	1600	2000	1600	2000	2500	3200	2000	4000
JIS C8201-2-1	50	1250	1600	2000	1600	2000	2500	3200	2000	4000
Ann.1 Ann.2	55	1250	1600	1820	1600	2000	2500	2990	2000	3940
,	60	1250	1550	1740	1600	2000	2400	2850	2000	3760
	40 (standard ambient temperature)	1250	1600	2000	1600	2000	2500	3200	*1	3700
NEMA,SG-3	45	1250	1600	1960	1600	2000	2500	3010	*1	3580
ANSI C37.13	50	1250	1600	1860	1600	2000	2440	2860	*1	3470
	55	1250	1510	1750	1600	1950	2300	2690	*1	3350
	60	1240	1420	1640	1550	1830	2150	2520	*1	3140
	40 (standard ambient temperature)	1250	1500	1740	1600	2000	2370	2610	*1	3230
JEC-160	45	1250	1440	1680	1600	2000	2280	2510	*1	3100
JEC-100	50	1250	1380	1600	1600	2000	2180	2400	*1	2970
	55	1250	1310	1530	1600	1920	2080	2290	*1	2830
	60	1230	1250	1450	1600	1820	1970	2170	*1	2690

\*1:Contact us.

Notes: For AR208S, AR212S, AR216S, AR208D, AR212D and AR216D it is assumed that main circuit terminals are of horizontal type at both the line and load sides. For other types, it is assumed that main circuit terminals are of vertical type at both the line and load sides. The above values may vary depending on the switchboard configuration.

### 3-2. Parts and Functions

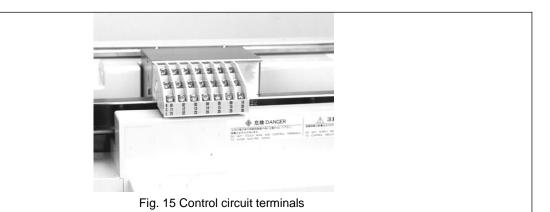
Fig. 14 provides a general views of the ACB.



1	ACB
2	Draw-out cradle
3	Breaker body
4	OFF button
5	ON button
6	ON-OFF indicator
7	Charge indicator
8	Charging handle
9	Position indicator
(10)	Grip
(11)	Draw-out handle
	insertion hole
(12)	Release button
(13)	Position padlock lever (optional)
14	Lock-in-OFF plate (optional)
(15)	ON-OFF button cover
0	ON-OFF cycle
16)	counter (optional)
(17)	OCR cover
(18)	Overcurrent release (OCR)
(19)	Front cover
20	Rating nameplate
22	Specification nameplate
23	Breaker body roller
24	Main circuit contact
25	Control circuit contact
26	Arc chamber
27)	Current sensor
28	Mold cover
29	Mold base
30	Breaker fixing bolt (red) (optional)
31)	Draw-out rail
32	Draw-out rail end
33	Hook pin
34	Body stopper
35	Body stopper shaft
36	Rail stopper (red)
37	Position switches (optional)

Come	s with main circuit terminals 48, control circuit terminals 38, auxiliary switches 40,
and p	osition switches 3.
Conta	ins the ON-OFF mechanism, the closing coil, the tripping device, and overcurrent
releas	e (9).
Push	to open the ACB.
Push	to close the ACB.
Show	s "OFF" when the ACB is open and "ON" when it is closed.
	s "CHARGED" when the closing springs are charged and "DISCHARGED" when it
Pump	to charge the closing springs.
Indica	ates the present breaker body position: CONN., TEST, or ISOLATED.
Hold	to draw out the breaker body.
Insert	the draw-out handle into this hole to move the breaker body.
	to move the breaker body from the TEST position.
ISOL. shack	
	cking this plate allows the ACB to be locked in the open (OFF) state. (Padlocks are pplied. Use padlocks with a 6 mm-diameter shackle.)
Provi	des protection against inadvertent button operation and can be padlocked. (Padlocks ot supplied. Use padlocks with a 6 mm-diameter shackle.) Up to three padlocks can b
	s the number of ON-OFF cycles. It counts a series of operations from close to open as
	cking this plate prevents settings of overcurrent release (18) to be inadvertently
	ed. (Padlocks are not supplied. Use padlocks with a 6 mm-diameter shackle.)
circui	brotective device is supplied power via the power CT installed in the ACB main t. When the current sensor detects an overcurrent in the main circuit, the OCR cts the magnet hold trigger (MHT) to trip open the ACB.
	stic cover of the breaker body front panel.
	ates the type, applicable standards and rated breaking capacity of the ACB.
	ates the number of poles, operation method, accessories, and serial number of the
	rs breaker body ③ to be moved on draw-out rail ④.
	s when the breaker body is in the CONN. position.
	s when the breaker body is in the CONN. or TEST position.
	guishes the arc that occurs in the breaking operation. Two arc chambers are fitted per See 6-2-2. "Arc chambers".
Conve	erts the current in the main circuit into a voltage signal in proportion to the magnitude current and sends the signal to overcurrent release (18).
A plas	stic cover of the breaker body side face.
Allow	stic cover of the breaker body rear face. /s the breaker body to be locked in the CONN. position even if the ACB is subject to g vibrations. Standard equipped on ACBs that conform to ship classification society
	o draw out the breaker body from the draw-out cradle.
	to chapter 1 "Operation Precautions".
	to chapter 1 "Operation Precautions".
	nts the breaker body from falling when the body is drawn out from the draw-out
	to chapter 1 "Operation Precautions".
	is the draw-out rail to be locked in the drawn-out or retracted state.
Indica	ate the present breaker body position: CONN., TEST, ISOLATED or INSERTED. Th on switches are available in 2C or 4C configuration. Connections to the position

(38) Control circuit terminals Allow connections of external control wire to the control circuits. Wire connections are made through M4 screw terminals. Fig. 15 shows the control circuit terminals.



Control terminal 39 block cover (optional) 40 Cover fixing screw Auxiliary switches (41) (optional) (42) Terminal block Ground terminal M8 (44) tapped hole (45) Gas exhaust port (46) Arc gas barrier (47) Breaker draw-out arm (48) Main circuit terminals

Protects the position switches, the control circuit terminals and the auxiliary switches from damage.

Secures the control terminal block cover.

Indicate the state of the ACB (ON or OFF). The auxiliary switches are available in 4C configuration (standard), or 7C or 10C configuration (optional). Connections to the switches are made through M4 screw terminals. Contains position switches (36), control circuit terminals (37), and auxiliary switches (38).

contains position switches (s); control circuit terminals (s); and ad

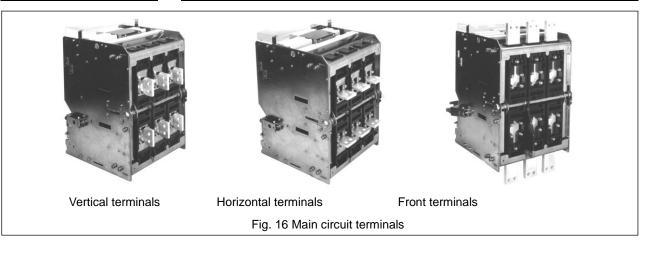
Allows connection of a ground terminal.

Allows the arc gas to be discharged from arc chamber (25) in a horizontal direction when the ACB trips open.

Prevents the arc gas from being discharged upwards from arc chamber ③ when the ACB trips open.

Is retracted in the draw-out cradle when the breaker body is in the CONN. position.

Allow connections of external conductors. These terminals are available in three configurations as shown in Fig. 16.



49	Lifting hole (ø20mm)	Allows lifting attachments or wire ropes to be used for lifting the ACB.
50	Protrusion	Refer to section 2-3. "Installation Precautions".
(51)	Draw-out handle (removable)	Use to draw out /insert the breaker body from/into the draw-out cradle.

### 3-3. Circuits and Ratings

Fig. 17 shows an ACB(AGR-11B) circuit diagram and Table 9 and Fig. 18 show the function of each terminal and the meaning of each sign in the diagram.

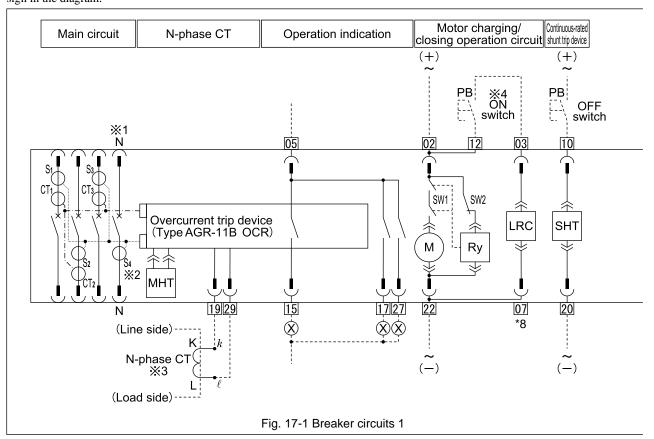
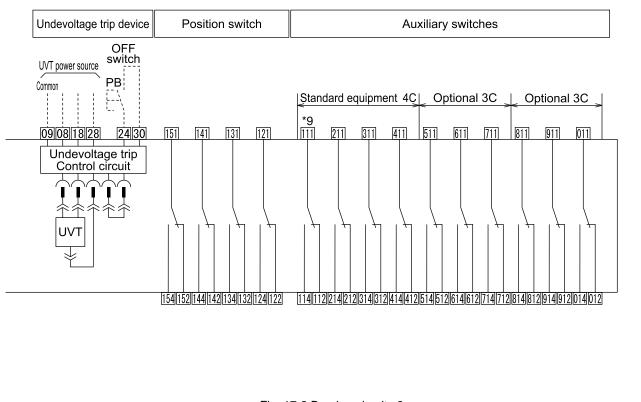


Table 9-1 Termir	al functions and circuit symbols 1 (Applicable to both 50 and 60Hz for AC. $\oplus$ and $\bigcirc$ mean the polarity for DC)
<b>T</b> 1 1 1 1	

Terminal No.							
02 🕀 22 🕞			0V, AC200V, AC2 00V or DC220V (*	:100V,	Operation power input terminals *10		
03, 12	ON swit	ch			Operation switch terminals		
05, 15	Group i	ndication					
05, 17	Trip indi	ication		Operation indication contact output terminals			
05, 27	Spring of	charged indication	n				terrindus
10, 20		AC100V, AC110V, AC120V, AC200V, AC220V, AC240V, DC24V, DC48V, DC100V, DC110V, DC125V, DC200V or DC220V (To be stated when ordering)					Shunt trip device power input terminals
08,09,18,28	AC100V, AC200V or AC400V unit (To be stated when ordering) Connect the unit to the applicable terminal Nos. Terminal No. AC100V unit AC200V unit AC400V unit				Undervoltage trip device power input terminals		
24, 30	OFF sw	OFF switch				Undervoltage trip	
19, 29	Polarity: 19 - $k$ , 29 - $\ell$					N-phase CT connection terminals *3	
01 04 06 07 11 13 14 16 21 23 25 26	_					(Reserved)	



#### Fig. 17-2 Breaker circuits 2

#### Table 9-2 Terminal functions and circuit symbols 2

Symbol	Meaning	Symbol	Meaning
S <sub>1</sub> - S <sub>4</sub>	Current sensors *5	LRC	Latch release coil
CT <sub>1</sub> - CT <sub>3</sub>	Power supply CT *6	SHT	Shunt trip device
MHT	Magnet hold trigger		Undervoltage trip device
Μ	Spring charging motor	-(	Main/control circuit contact
Ry	Control relay		Hand connector
SW1	Control relay a contact		User wiring
SW2	Spring charged "OFF" switch	- 🛞 -	Relay or LED

\*1: For 4-pole ACBs.

\*2: For 4-pole ACBs equipped with N-phase protection and/or ground fault trip functions.
\*3: Used for 3-pole ACBs with ground fault trip functions to be installed in a 3-phase, 4-wire circuit.
\*4: Do not connect the ON switch with auxiliary switch b-contact in series. Doing so may cause pumping.

\*5: Conversion ratio: CT rated primary current I<sub>CT</sub> (A)/150 mV

\*6: Provide power to the overcurrent trip device.

\*7: When you close in LRC after cut the signal of SHT, please open the interval more than 200ms. \*8: For motor split circuit, terminals, 102, 122 and 103, 107 are used for charging and closing operation respectively.

\*9: Do not use these terminals for other circuits when both instantaneously rated shunt trip and UVT are fitted. These terminals are used by Terasaki as the anti-burnout SW for the instantaneously rated shunt trip.

\*10: Permissible voltage range of latch release coil and shunt trip device are the operation of the standard ambient temperature, which is defined as a standard (please see table 5.).

If it is used in environments other than unregulated environment, or it is used at all times energized purposes need not be in interlocking etc.,

it is recommended to install a self-switching switch to block excitation in conjunction with the operation of the circuit breaker.

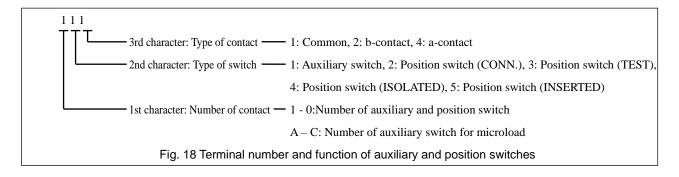


Fig. 19 shows an ACB(AGR-21B,22B,31B-H) circuit diagram and Table 10 and Fig. 18 show the function of each terminal and the meaning of each sign in the diagram.

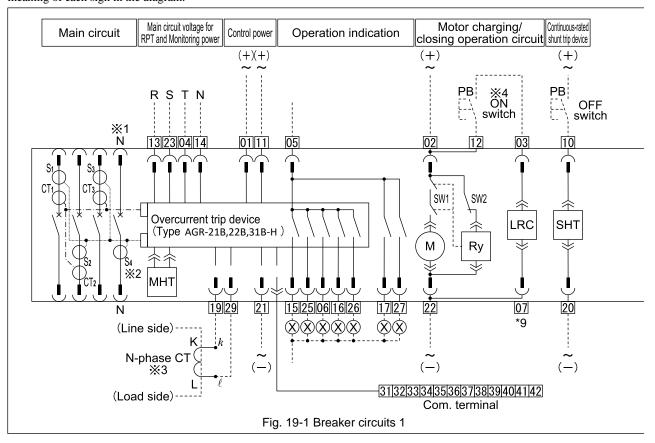
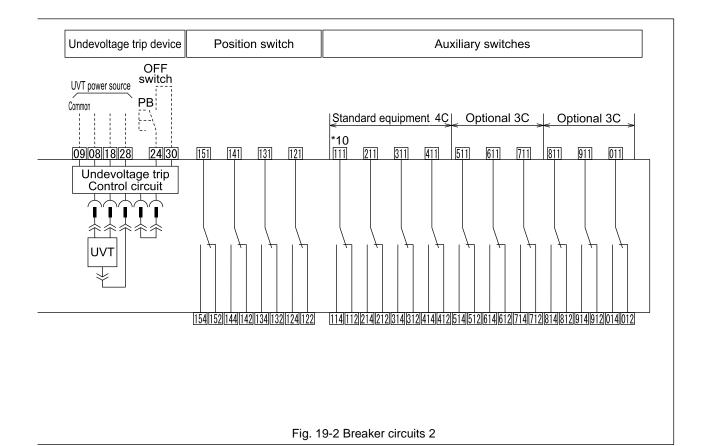


Table 10-1 Terminal functions and circuit symbols 1(Applicable to both 50 and 60Hz for AC. $\oplus$ and $\bigcirc$ mean the polarity for DC)
--

Function	Terminal No.	[		Rem	arks				
				Kom	Circuit voltage				
Control power supply	01, 11, 21	Connect the unit to the	Terminal No.	When compatible with both AC100 - 120V and AC200 - 240V power *5	When compatible with both DC100 -125V and DC200 - 250V power *5	When compatible with both DC24V and DC48V power *5			
Control power suppry	01, 111, 21	applicable	01 - 11	AC100 - 120V	NA	NA			
		terminal Nos.	11 + 21 $\ominus$	NA	DC100 - 125V	DC24V			
			01 + 21 $\ominus$	AC200 - 240V	DC200 - 250V	DC48V			
Operation power *11	02 +.22 •	AC100V, AC110V, AC120V, AC200V, AC220V, AC240V, DC24V, DC48V, DC100V, DC110V, DC125V, DC200V or DC220V *5							
ON switch	03 - 12								
		Connect	Terminal No.	A Q 4 Q Q /	Circuit voltage	A Q 400) / a serve a till la ±5			
Undervoltage trip device		the unit to the	08 - 09	AC100V compatible *5 AC100V	AC200V compatible *5 AC200V	AC400V compatible *5 AC380V			
power	08, 09, 18, 28	applicable	09 - 18	AC100V AC110V	AC200V AC220V	AC380V AC415V			
		terminal	09 - 28	AC110V AC120V	AC220V AC240V	AC415V AC440V			
OFF switch	24 - 30	Nos.			AC240V	AC440V			
Continuous-rated shunt	24 - 50	Available for ACBs equipped with undervoltage trip device							
trip device power and OFF switch	10 - 20	AC100V, AC110V, AC120V, AC220V, AC220V, AC240V, DC24V, DC48V, DC100V, DC110V, DC125V, DC200V or DC220V *5							
	05 - 15	Long time delay trip (LT)							
	05 - 25	Short time delay (ST) and instantaneous trip (INST/MCR)							
	05 - 06	Pretrip alarm (PTA)							
Operation indication	05 - 16	Ground fault trip (GF) or reverse power trip (RPT) *5							
	05 - 26	System alarm							
	05 - 17	Line side ground fault (REF), negative-phase sequence protection (NS), under/over frequency protection (UFOF), contact overheat monitoring (OH) or tripping operation *5							
	05 - 27	Pretrip alarn	n 2 (PTA2), overvoli	tage alarm (OV), undervoltage a	alarm (UV) or spring charge ope	ration *5			
Main circuit input voltage	13, 23, 04, 14			-phase - 04, N-phase - 14					
Separate N-phase CT	19 - 29	Polarity: 19	(31) <b>-</b> k, 29 (32) <sup>.</sup>	-ℓ*3					
Line side ground fault protection (REF) CT	35 - 36	Polarity: 35	- $k$ , 36- $\ell$						
Zone interlock control power	33 + 34 🕞	DC24V							
Zone interlock signal I/O	37, 38, 39, 40	See Fig. 21.							
Communication signal I/O	41 ⊖ 42 ↔								
Communication signal Common	<u>1321</u>								
(Reserved)	07	-							



#### Table 10-2 Terminal functions and circuit symbols 2

Symbol Meaning		Symbol	Meaning
S <sub>1</sub> - S <sub>4</sub>	Current sensors *6		Latch release coil
CT <sub>1</sub> - CT <sub>3</sub> Power supply CT *7		SHT	Shunt trip device
MHT Magnet hold trigger		UVT	Undervoltage trip device
M Spring charging motor		-(	Main/control circuit contact
Ry Control relay			Hand connector
SW1	V1 Control relay a contact		User wiring
SW2 Spring charged "OFF" switch		-⊗-	Relay or LED

\*1 For 4-pole ACBs.

\*2 For 4-pole ACBs equipped with N-phase protection and/or ground fault trip functions.
\*3 Used for 3-pole ACBs with ground fault trip functions to be installed in a 3-phase, 4-wire circuit.
\*4 Do not connect the ON switch with auxiliary switch b-contact in series. Doing so may cause pumping.

\*5 To be stated when ordering

\*6 Conversion ratio: CT rated primary current  $I_{CT}$  (A)/150 mV \*7 Provide power to the overcurrent trip device when control power is lost.

\*8: When you close in LRC after cut the signal of SHT, please open the interval more than 200ms. \*9: For motor split circuit, terminals, 12, 12 and 13, 10 are used for charging and closing operation respectively. \*10: Do not use these terminals for other circuits when both instantaneously rated shunt trip and UVT are fitted. These terminals are used by Terasaki as the anti-burnout SW for the instantaneously rated shunt trip.

\*11: Permissible voltage range of latch release coil and shunt trip device are the operation of the standard ambient temperature, which is defined as a standard (please see table 5.). If it is used in environments other than unregulated environment, or it is used at all times energized purposes need not be in interlocking etc.,

it is recommended to install a self-switching switch to block excitation in conjunction with the operation of the circuit breaker.

Fig. 20 provides the terminal arrangement of the ACB.

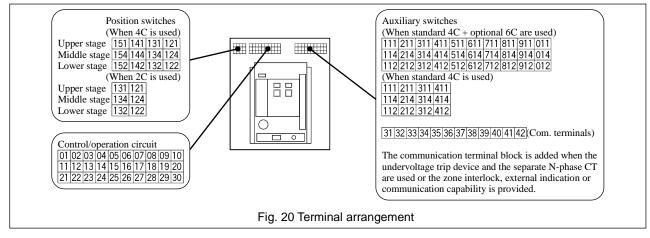


Fig. 21 shows how to connect the line side ground fault protection (REF) CT when the overcurrent release (OCR) is provided with the REF capability. See Fig. 19 for other circuits than that of the line side ground fault protection CT.

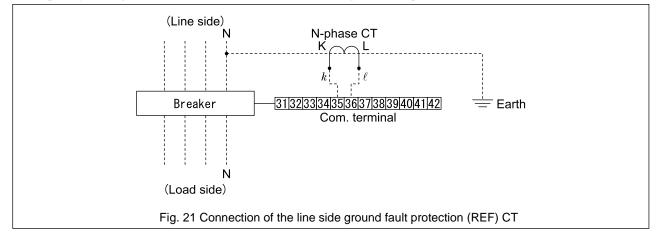
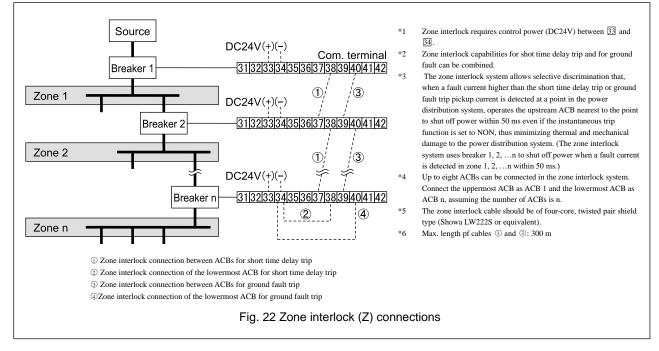


Fig. 22 shows how to connect ACBs when the overcurrent release (OCR) is provided with the zone interlock (Z) capability. See Fig. 19 for other circuits than that of the zone interlock.



Tables 11 - 16 show the ratings of the operation power supply, the shunt trip device (SHT), the undervoltage trip device (UVT),

auxiliary switches, position switches, operation indication contacts, and the N-phase CT.

	Permissible		Ratings of operation	tion power supply	
Rated voltage (V)	charging/closing voltage range	Peak motor starting current (A)	Steady-state motor current (A)	Peak making current (A)	Latch release coil (LRC) resistance (ohm) *
AC100	85 - 110	7	1.1	0.29	300-380
AC110	94 - 121	7	1.1	0.25	350-440
AC120	102 - 132	7	1.1	0.22	440-540
AC200	170 - 220	4	0.7	0.14	1210-1490
AC220	187 - 242	4	0.7	0.13	1410-1740
AC240	204 - 264	4	0.7	0.11	1710-2090
DC24	18 - 26	14	4	1.04	20-26
DC48	36 - 53	10	1.6	0.51	85-105
DC100	75 - 110	6	0.8	0.25	350-440
DC110	82 - 121	6	0.8	0.22	440-540
DC125	93 - 138	6	0.8	0.21	540-680
DC200	150 - 220	4	0.5	0.13	1410-1740
DC220	165 - 242	4	0.5	0.12	1710-2090

Table 11 Ratings of operation power supply

\* Ambient temperature: 20°C

#### Table 12 Ratings of shunt trip device (SHT)

Rated voltage (V)	Permissible voltage range (V)	Peak exciting current (max.) (A)	Coil resistance (ohm)	Max. contact parting time (ms)
AC100	70-110	0.29	300-380	
AC110	77-121	0.25	350-440	
AC120	84-132	0.22	440-540	
AC200	140-220	0.14	1210-1490	
AC220	154-242	0.13	1410-1740	
AC240	168-264	0.11	1710-2090	
DC24	16.8-26.4	1.04	20-26	40
DC48	33.6-52.8	0.51	85-105	
DC100	70-110	0.25	350-440	
DC110	77-121	0.22	440-540	
DC125	87.5-137.5	0.21	540-680	
DC200	140-220	0.13	1410-1740	
DC220	154-242	0.12	1710-2090	

\* Ambient temperature: 20°C

#### Table 13 Ratings of undervoltage trip device (UVT)

Rated voltage	Opening voltage	Attraction voltage	Coil exciting	Power consu	umption (VA)	Coil resistance (ohm) *					
(V)	range (V)	(V)	current (A)	Normal	Attraction	Con resistance (onm)					
AC100	35 - 70	85									
AC110	38.5 - 77	93.5									
AC120	42 - 84	102									
AC200	70 - 140	170									
AC220	77 - 154	187				Holding coil: 410 – 510 Attraction coil: 5.6-6.8					
AC240	84 - 168	204	0.1	8							
AC380	133 - 266	323	0.1	0							
AC415	145 - 290	352									
AC440	154 - 308	374									
DC24	8.4-16.8	20.4									
DC48	16.8-33.6	40.8									
DC100	35-70	85									
* Ambient temperatur	e: 20°C		mbient temperature: 20°C								

#### Table 14 Ratings of auxiliary and position switches

		Auxiliary sw	Position switches				
Voltage (V/)	For gene	ral feeder	For micr	oload *3	Position switches		
Voltage (V)	Resistive load (A)	Inductive load (A) *4	Resistive load (A)	Inductive load (A) *5	Resistive load (A)	Inductive load (A) *5	
AC100 - 250	5	5	0.1	0.1	11	6	
AC251 - 500	5	5	-	-	-	-	
DC8	-	-	-	-	10	6	
DC30	1	1	0.1	0.1	6	5	
DC125	-	-	-	-	0.6	0.6	
DC250	-	-	-	-	0.3	0.3	
DC125 - 250	1	1	-	-	-	-	

\*1 Using b-contact results in contact chatter of 20 ms or less when the ACB opens or closes.
\*2 Do not apply different voltages to contacts of a switch.
\*3 Min. applicable load: DC5V/1 mA
\*4 AC cosø ≥ 0.3, DC L/R ≤ 0.01

\*5 AC  $\cos \phi \ge 0.6$ , DC L/R  $\le 0.007$ 

#### Table 15 Ratings of operation indication contacts

Voltage (V)	Rated contact current (A)					
	Individual Long-time delay trip, instantaneous trip, pretri system	p alarm, ground fault trip,	Spring charging/tripping operation			
	Resistive load (A)	Inductive load (A) *1	Resistive load (A)	Inductive load (A) *1		
AC250	0.5	0.2	3	3		
DC30	2	0.7	3	2		
DC125	0.5	0.2	0.5	0.5		
DC250	0.27	0.04	0.1	0.1		

\*1 AC  $\cos \emptyset \ge 0.6$ , DC L/R  $\le 0.007$ 

#### Table 16 Ratings of N-phase CT

Type of ACB Type of N-ph		Ratings (A)		
AR208S, AR212S, AR216S		200/5A	400/5A	800/5A
AR212H, AR216H, AR316H AR208D, AR212D, AR216D	CW80-40LS	1250/5A	1600/5A	
AR220S, AR325S, AR332S, AR440S		1600/5A	2000/5A	2500/5A
AR220H, AR320H, AR325H, AR332H AR440SB,AR420H,AR440H	EC160-40LS	3200/5A	4000/5A	

# 4. OPERATION

### 4-1. Charging and Opening operation

### 

• Never touch live terminal parts. Otherwise, electric shock may result.

# 

- Do not force down the charging handle after completion of manual charging operation. Doing so may cause a malfunction.
- The permissible operating voltage of the spring charging motor is 85 to 110% of the rated ac voltage or 75 to 110% of the
- rated dc voltage. Be sure to supply a voltage within the above ranges to the motor. Otherwise, burnout may result.
  Repeated open/close operation by the motor charging mechanism without pause should not exceed 15 times. If repeated continuous open/close operation is inevitable, a pause of at least 20 minutes should be provided after the repetitions of 15 times. Otherwise, a spring charging motor may be burnt out.
- Do not bring your hand or face close to arc gas vent of the arc chamber while the ACB is energized. Otherwise, a burn may result from high-temperature arc gas blowing out of the arc gas vent when the ACB trips open.
- If the ACB trips open automatically, remove the cause of tripping operation before re-closing the ACB. Otherwise, a fire could result.
- If the ACB has the breaker fixing bolts, make sure the bolts on both sides are securely tightened before using the ACB. Loosened fixing bolts may cause a malfunction of the ACB, in particular when it is installed in such an area that is subject to strong vibrations.

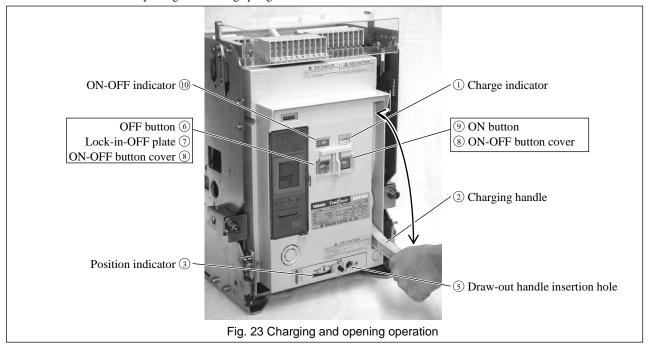
The ACBs are available in two types in terms of the closing spring charging method and the remote operation capability: a manual charging type and a motor charging type. The manual charging type requires the charging and ON-OFF (close/open) operation to be done manually while the motor charging type allows the operation to be done either manually or by using a motor.

### 4-1-1. Charging operation

The ACB can be closed only when the closing springs have been charged. Be sure to charge the closing springs before closing the ACB. The charging operation is permitted, regardless of whether the ACB is ON (closed) or OFF (open). The procedure for charging the closing springs is as follows:

### Manual charging

Pump the charging handle (Fig. 23 (2)) until the charge indicator (Fig. 23 (1)) shows "CHARGED" Pumping the handle with the full stroke 10 - 13 times will fully charge the closing springs.



#### Motor charging

When the charge indicator (Fig. 23 ①) changes to "DISCHARGED" while the specified operation voltage is applied to the control circuit terminals 22 and 22, the charging motor is activated to start charging the closing springs. Upon completion of the charging operation, the charge indicator shows "CHARGED" and the charging motor is automatically deactivated. The time required for the motor charging operation depends on the operation voltage or the ACB types, but does not exceed 10 seconds.

### 4-1-2. Closing operation

The ACB closing operation is not permitted unless all of the following conditions are met.

- 1) The charge indicator (Fig. 23 (1)) shows "CHARGED".
- 2) The position indicator (Fig. 23 (3)) shows "CONN.", "TEST" or "ISOLATED" (a halfway position not permitted).
- 3) The draw-out handle is not inserted in the draw-out handle insertion hole(Fig. 23 (5)).
- 4) The OFF button (Fig. 23 (6)) is not locked with the lock-in-OFF plate (Fig. 23 (7)).
- 5) The specified voltage is supplied to the undervoltage trip device .

The control power of the overcurrent release (OCR) must be supplied before closing operation in order that the internal program can be started. If the OCR trips open directly after the control power is supplied to the OCR, operation indication may be incorrect.

#### Manual closing

Open the ON-OFF button cover (Fig. 23 (3)) and press the ON button (Fig. 23 (3)). The ACB will be closed with a sound. The ON-OFF indicator (Fig. 23 (10)) shows "ON" and the charge indicator (Fig. 23 (1)) shows "DISCHARGED".

#### Electrical closing

Press the ON switch shown in Fig. 17,19. The latch release coil (LRC) (Fig. 17,19) will be excited and the ACB is closed with a sound. The ON-OFF indicator (Fig. 23 (10)) shows "ON", the charge indicator (Fig. 23 (1)) shows "DISCHARGED", and the charging motor starts charging the closing springs.

### 4-1-3. Opening operation

#### Manual opening

Open the ON-OFF button cover (Fig. 23 (8)) and press the OFF button (Fig. 23 (6)). The ACB will trip open with a sound. The ON-OFF indicator (Fig. 23 (6)) shows "OFF".

Electrical opening

Press the OFF switch shown in Fig. 17,19. The shunt trip device (SHT) or the fixed type undervoltage trip device (Fig. 17,19) will be excited so that the ACB trips open with a sound. The ON-OFF indicator (Fig. 23 <sup>(10)</sup>) shows "OFF".

### 4-1-4. Motion of trip indication and spring charge indication switches

The trip indication and spring charge indication switches provide the breaker status as shown in Table 16.

#### Table 17 Motion of trip indication and spring charge indication switches

Type of OCR Ope	Operation	Contact output					
		Operation Terminal No. See Fig. 17	State				
			Closing spring		ACB closed	ACB open	
			Charged	Discharged	ACB closed	Not ready to close *	Ready to close *
All	Trip	05, 17	No change	No change	OFF	ON	OFF
	Spring charge	05, 27	ON	OFF	No change	No change	No change

"Ready to close" means that all of the following conditions are met

<sup>1.</sup> The closing springs are charged.

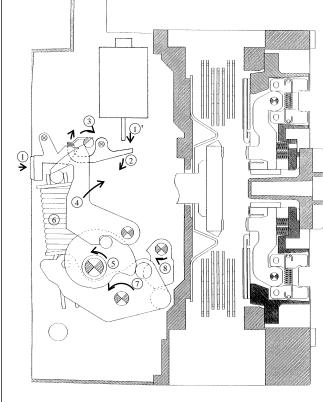
<sup>2.</sup> Opening operation is complete (At least 40 ms has elapsed after trip signal was produced).

<sup>3.</sup> The OFF button is released.

<sup>4.</sup> The specified voltage is applied to the undervoltage trip device (if equipped).

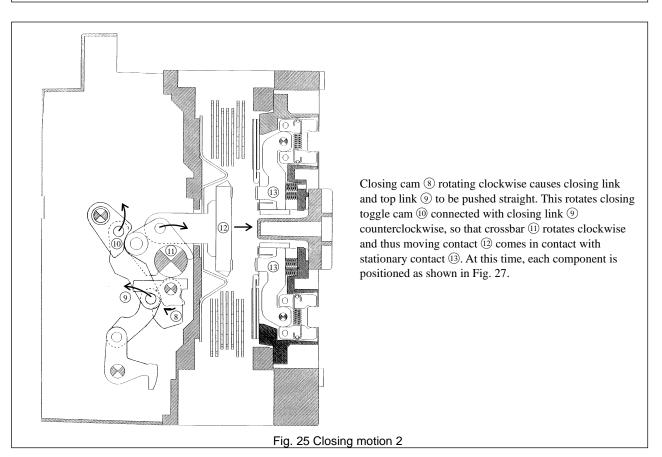
### 4-1-5. Motion of operation mechanisms

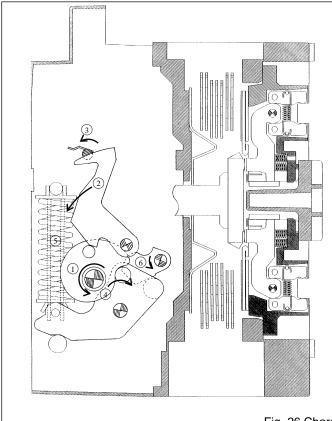
Figs. 24 - 27 illustrate the motion of the charging and ON-OFF mechanisms.



For manual closing operation, ON button ① rotates counterclockwise. For electrical closing operation, push rod ①' protrudes downward from the latch release coil (LRC) and charge latch trigger ② rotates clockwise. This rotates closing trigger shaft ③ clockwise and closing release lever ④ disengages from a semicircular pawl and rotates clockwise. And charging cam ⑤ rotates counterclockwise, so that charging lever ⑦ disengages from closing spring ⑥ and rotates counterclockwise. Closing cam ⑧ is pushed up by charging lever ⑦ and rotates clockwise. At this time, each component is positioned as shown in Fig. 26. Continued to Fig. 25.

Fig. 24 Closing motion 1 (discharge motion)





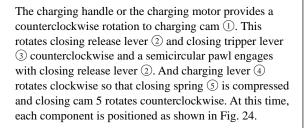
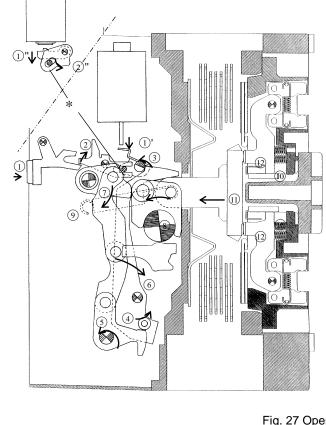


Fig. 26 Charging motion



For manual opening operation, OFF button ① rotates counterclockwise and trip linkage 2 rotates clockwise. For electrical opening operation, push rod ① protrudes downward from the shunt trip device (SHT) or the undervoltage trip device (UVT). For tripping operation by the overcurrent release (OCR), moving core ① protrudes downward from the magnet hold trigger (MHT) and trip linkage 2 rotates counterclockwise. (Parts marked with an asterisk (\*) are trip pins. To avoid superposition in the figure, magnet hold trigger related parts are drawn in positions that are different from actual positions. This rotates trip trigger shaft 3 counterclockwise and trip lever B ④ disengages from a semicircular pawl and rotates counterclockwise. And trip lever A (5) rotates counterclockwise, trip link 6 moves to a lower right direction and closing toggle cam 7 rotates clockwise. The force of closing spring (9) and contact spring (10) rotates crossbar (8) counterclockwise, so that moving contact (1) is parted from stationary contact (1). At this time, each component is positioned as shown in Fig. 25.

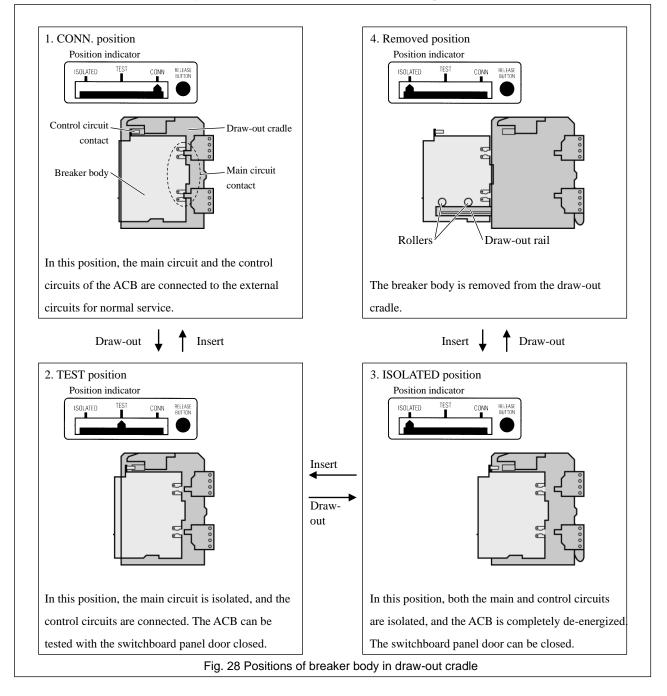
Fig. 27 Opening motion

### 4-2. Draw-out and Insertion Operation

### 4-2-1. General

The draw-out type ACB consists of the breaker body and the draw-out cradle. The main and control circuit terminals are installed on the draw-out cradle, which permits you to draw out and inspect or service the breaker body without the need for removing wiring from the terminals.

The draw-out mechanism allows you to move the breaker body to any of the four positions as shown in Fig. 28. The switchboard panel door can be shut with the breaker body drawn out to the CONN., TEST or ISOLATED position.



### • Operation Durability

The AR series ACBs are designed to ensure the operation durability of 100 draw-out and insertion cycles in conformance to IEC 60947-1 and JIS C8201-2 (one cycle means that the breaker body is drawn out from the CONN. position to the Removed position and inserted back to the CONN. position). Draw-out and insertion operation of more than 100 cycles could abrade the main circuit contacts, resulting in an overheat of the contacts during energization.

### 4-2-2. Draw-out operation

# 

- Never touch live terminal parts. Otherwise, electric shock may result.
- Do not leave the ACB body in the removed position. The weight of the ACB may cause serious injury.

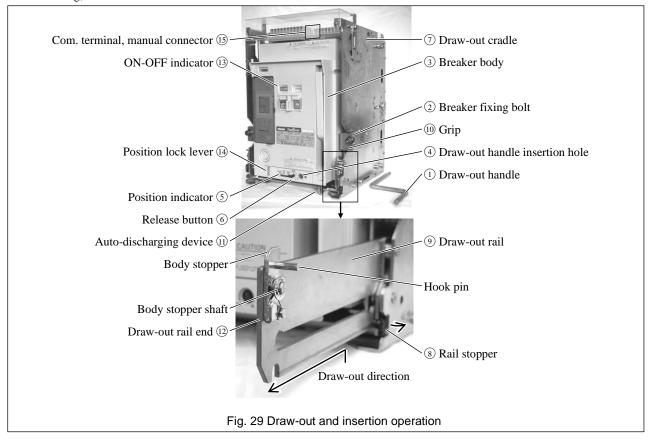
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- If the ACB has the breaker fixing bolts, be sure to loosen the bolts on both sides before draw-out operation. Otherwise, damage to the ACB may result.
- Make sure the draw-out cradle is secured with mounting screws before drawing out the breaker body. Otherwise, the draw-out operation may cause the breaker body or the draw-out cradle to fall, resulting in damage to the ACB or personal injury.
- When retracting the draw-out rail into the draw-out cradle, be sure to push the rail end. Do not hold the hook pin, body
- stopper, or body stopper shaft. Doing so may cause your fingers to be pinched, resulting in injury.

Use the separate draw-out handle to draw-out the breaker body.

### 4-2-2-1. Moving the breaker body from the CONN. position to the TEST position

- 1) Open the ACB. (If the ACB remains closed, the draw-out handle (Fig. 29 (1)) cannot be inserted).
- 2) Loosen the breaker fixing bolts (Fig. 29 2), if used, to unlock the breaker body (Fig. 29 3).
- 3) Unlock the position lock lever (Fig. 29 (14)) if locked. See section 4-5.
- 4) Insert the draw-out handle into the draw-out handle insertion hole (Fig. 29 ④). And slowly turn counterclockwise until the handle cannot be turned. The position indicator (Fig. 29 ⑤) shows "TEST".
- When the main circuit is disconnected at the disconnect contacts, the breaker body will be slightly pushed forward by the spring action of the main circuit disconnect contacts. At this moment, a bang sound will be heard. This sound does not mean a malfunction.
- The ACB cannot be closed as long as the draw-out handle is in the draw-out handle insertion hole. To close the ACB e.g., for ON-OFF testing, remove the draw-out handle.



### 4-2-2-2. Moving the breaker body from the TEST position to the ISOLATED position

- 1) Open the ACB. (If the ACB remains closed, the draw-out handle (Fig. 29 (1)) cannot be inserted).
- 2) Press the release button (Fig. 29 6). The release button will be locked depressed.
- 3) Unlock the position lock lever (Fig. 29 (4)) if locked. See section 4-5.
- 4) Insert the draw-out handle into the draw-out handle insertion hole (Fig. 29 ④). And slowly turn counterclockwise until a freewheeling sound is heard. The position indicator (Fig. 29 ⑤) shows "ISOLATED". Turning the draw-out handle will unlock the release button.
- 5) Remove the draw-out handle.

### 4-2-2-3. Moving the breaker body from the ISOLATED position to the removed position

- 1) Make sure the draw-out cradle (Fig.  $29 \, (7)$ ) is secured with mounting screws.
- 2) Unlock the position lock lever (Fig. 29 (4)) if locked. See section 4-5.
- 3) Push the rail stoppers (Fig. 29 (8)) outward on both sides of the draw-out cradle to unlock the draw-out rail (Fig. 29 (9)), and then uphold and pull out the rail until it stops. The draw-out rail will be locked again by the stoppers. (The breaker body cannot be drawn out unless the rail is locked).
- 4) Holding both the grips (Fig. 29 (10), draw out the breaker body until it stops.
- If the ACB is equipped with the communication terminal block, pull out the hand connector (Fig. 29 (5)) from the communication terminal block while drawing out the breaker body. Make sure the hand connector and control wire of the ACB are not snagged when drawing out the breaker body again.
- If the ACB is equipped with an optional auto-discharging device (Fig. 29 (1)), the closing springs of the ACB will be automatically discharged with a mechanical sound. This sound does not mean a malfunction.
- Do not leave the ACB body on the draw-out rail pulled out.
- 5) Use an optional lifter or lifting plate to transfer the breaker body (Fig. 29 ③) to a safe place. Refer to section 2-1-2.

## 4-2-3. Putting the breaker body back into the draw-out cradle

### \land DANGER

- Never touch live terminal parts. Otherwise, electric shock may result.
- Do not leave the ACB body in the removed position. The weight of the ACB may cause serious injury.

# 

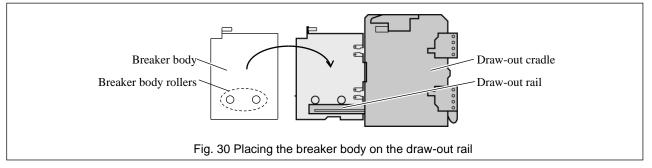
- Make sure the draw-out cradle is secured with mounting screws before inserting the breaker body into the draw-out cradle. Otherwise, the insertion operation may cause the breaker body or the draw-out cradle to fall, resulting in damage to the ACB or personal injury.
- When retracting the draw-out rail into the draw-out cradle, be sure to push the rail end. Do not hold the hook pin, body stopper, or body stopper shaft. Doing so may cause your fingers to be pinched, resulting in injury.
- Do not forcedly turn the draw-out handle clockwise when the breaker body is in the CONN. Position. Doing so may cause a malfunction.
- If the ACB has the breaker fixing bolts, make sure the bolts on both sides are securely tightened before using the ACB. Loosened fixing bolts may cause a malfunction of the ACB, in particular when it is installed in such an area that is subject to strong vibrations.

Use the separate draw-out handle to insert the breaker body.

### 4-2-3-1. Putting the breaker body back to the ISOLATED position

- 1) Make sure the draw-out cradle (Fig. 29 ⑦) is secured with mounting screws.
- 2) Push the rail stoppers (Fig. 29 (8)) outward on both sides of the draw-out cradle to unlock the draw-out rail (Fig. 29 (9)), and then uphold and pull out the rail until it stops. The draw-out rail will be locked again by the stoppers. (The breaker body (Fig. 29 (3)) cannot be inserted unless the rail is locked).
- 3) Use an optional lifter or lifting plate to place the breaker body rollers (Fig. 30) on the draw-out rail (Fig. 30).
  - Do not leave the ACB body on the draw-out rail pulled out.

- 4) Make sure the breaker fixing bolts (Fig. 29 2), if fitted, are loosened and not arrest the breaker body.
- 5) Make sure the hand connector (Fig. 29 (5)) of the communication terminal block, if fitted, is so positioned that it does not get caught between the breaker body and the draw-out cradle.
- 6) If the ACB has the breaker fixing bolts (Fig. 29 ②), make sure the bolts are loosened and, holding both the grips (Fig. 29 ⑩), firmly push the breaker body into the draw-out cradle.
  - If the ACB body is pushed out of position, it may not be inserted smoothly.
  - If the ACB is equipped with the communication terminal block, plug the hand connector (Fig. 29 (5)) into the communication terminal block while pushing the breaker body. Into the draw-out cradle. Make sure the hand connector and control wire of the ACB are not snagged when pushing the breaker body into the draw-out cradle.
- 7) Push the rail stoppers (Fig. 29 (8)) outward on both sides of the draw-out cradle (Fig. 29 (2)) to unlock the draw-out rail, and then push the rail ends to insert the rail until it stops. The draw-out rail will be locked again by the stoppers.



### 4-2-3-2. Moving the breaker body from the ISOLATED position to the TEST position

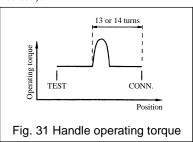
- 1) Make sure the ON-OFF indicator (Fig. 29 (13)) shows "OFF". (If the ACB remains closed, the draw-out handle (Fig. 29 (1)) cannot be inserted).
- 2) Unlock the position lock lever (Fig. 29 (4)) if locked. See section 4-5.
- 3) Insert the draw-out handle into the draw-out handle insertion hole (Fig. 29 ④). And slowly turn clockwise until the handle cannot be turned. The position indicator (Fig. 29 ⑤) shows "TEST". When you turn the draw-out handle clockwise, you can insert the body smoothly by using a hand for holding ACB body until it moves.
  - The ACB cannot be closed as long as the draw-out handle is in the draw-out handle insertion hole. To close the ACB e.g., for ON-OFF testing, remove the draw-out handle.

### 4-2-3-3. Moving the breaker body from the TEST position to the CONN. position

- 1) Open the ACB. (If the ACB remains closed, the draw-out handle (Fig. 29 (1)) cannot be inserted).
- 2) Unlock the position lock lever (Fig. 29 (14)) if locked. See section 4-5.
- 3) Press the release button (Fig. 29 6). The release button will be locked depressed.
  - If it's heavy when you push the release button or insert the main body of breaker, turn the draw-out handle a little in left and right and shake it.
- 4) Insert the draw-out handle into the draw-out handle insertion hole (Fig. 29 ④). And turn clockwise until the handle cannot be turned with its max. operating torque (14.7 N-m). The position indicator (Fig. 29 ⑤) shows "CONN."

Turning the draw-out handle will unlock the release button.

- When the main contact starts engaging, the force required to turn the handle will increase as shown in Fig. 31. This symptom does not mean a malfunction. Continue to turn the handle. Rotating the handle more 13 or 14 turns moves the breaker body to the CONN. position, where the handle cannot be turned with its max. operating torque.
- 5) Remove the draw-out handle.
- 6) Tighten the breaker fixing bolts (Fig. 29 2), if used, to lock the breaker body.



### 4-2-4. Contact status of auxiliary and position switches

Tables 18 and 19 show the contact status of auxiliary switches and position switches respectively.

Table 18-1 Contact status of auxiliary switches

ACB state Breaker body position	ON	OFF	Status of a-contact	Status of b-contact
CONN.			ON	OFF
CONN.			OFF	ON
TEST			ON	OFF
TEST			OFF	ON
ISOLATED			ON	OFF
ISOLATED			OFF	ON
Removed			ON	OFF
Removed			OFF	ON

Table 18-2 Contact status of auxiliary switches (When pursuant to ship classification society rules)

ACB state Breaker body position	ON	OFF	Status of a-contact	Status of b-contact
CONN.			ON	OFF
CONN.			OFF	ON
TEST			ON	OFF
TEST			OFF	ON
ISOLATED			ON	OFF
ISOLATED			OFF	ON
Removed			ON	OFF
Kemoved			OFF	ON

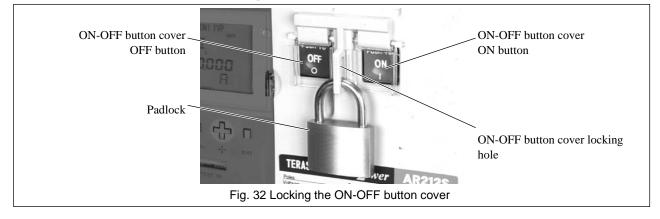
Table 19 Contact statues of position switches

Position indication Switch	ISOLATED	TEST	CONN.	Status of a-contact	Status of b-contact
CONN position indication				ON	OFF
CONN. position indication				OFF	ON
TEST position indication		<u>н</u>		ON	OFF
TEST position indication				OFF	ON
	h			ON	OFF
ISOLATED position indication				OFF	ON
				ON	OFF
Inserted position indication *				OFF	ON

\* "Inserted" means that the breaker body is in the CONN., TEST, or ISOLATED position.

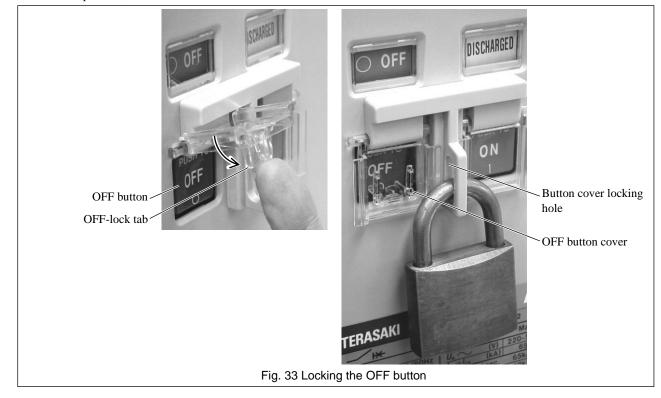
# 4-3. ON-OFF Button Cover Locking Procedure

Lock the button cover using a padlock with ø6 shackle (up to 3 padlocks can be used) as shown in Fig. 32. The ON-OFF button cover is locked and the ON and OFF buttons cannot be operated.



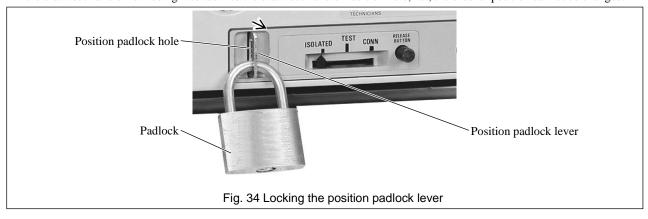
# 4-4. Lock in OFF Procedure

- 1) Open the OFF button cover shown in Fig. 33.
- 2) Raise the OFF-lock tab and close the button cover.
- 3) Lock the button cover using a padlock with ø6 shackle (up to 3 padlocks can be used) as shown in Fig. 33. The OFF button is locked depressed, which disables the ON button.



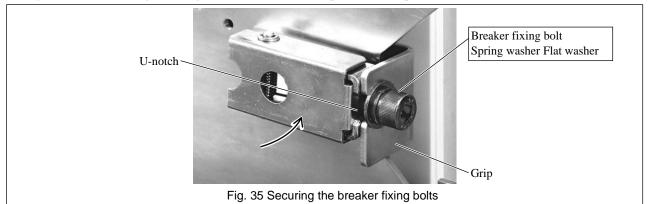
# 4-5. Position Lock Lever Locking Procedure

- 1) Move the breaker body to the desired position (CONN, TEST or ISOLATED).
- 2) Pull out the position lock lever shown in Fig. 34.
- 3) Lock the position padlock lever using a padlock with ø6 shackle (up to 3 padlocks can be used) as shown in Fig. 34. This prevents the draw-out handle from being inserted into the draw-out handle insertion hole, i.e., the breaker position cannot be changed.



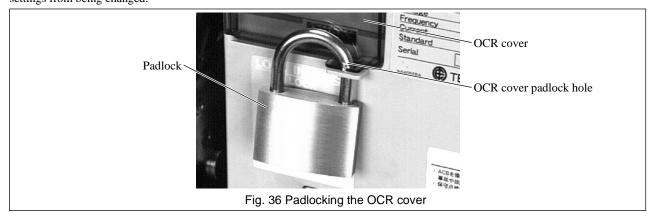
# 4-6. Breaker Fixing Bolt Securing Procedure

- 1) Move the breaker body to the CONN. position.
- Loosen the breaker fixing bolt shown in Fig. 35, move the spring and flat washers close to the bolt head and push the bolt into the U-notch of the grip.
- 3) Tighten the breaker fixing bolt using the draw-out handle. This procedure is required for both the sides of the ACB.



# 4-7. OCR Cover Locking Procedure

Lock the OCR cover using a padlock with ø6 shackle as shown in Fig. 36. The OCR cover cannot be opened, which prevents OCR settings from being changed.



# 5. OVERCURRENT RELEASE (OCR)

Options available for the type AR ACBs include a highly reliable, multi-functional overcurrent release (OCR) with a built-in 16-bit microprocessor.

This OCR is supplied with power through a CT and main circuit current signals from current sensors. When the OCR detects a fault, it sends a trip signal to the magnet hold trigger (MHT) or provides a trip indication or an alarm depending on the type of the fault. The OCR uses the root mean square sensing for the long time delay (LT), pre-trip alarm (PTA, PTA2), and N-phase protection (NP) functions. (When six times the CT rated primary current is exceeded.) If a harmonic current flows through the ACB continuously, the root mean square sensing allows the ACB to operate normally.

The OCR is available in the type that follows:

- AGR-11BL,21BL,31BL-H L characteristic for general feeder (for works and transformer protection)
- AGR-21BR,31BR-H R characteristic for general feeder (3 characteristics conforming to IEC60255)
- AGR-21BS,22BS,31BS-H S characteristic for generator protection

# 5-1. Specifications

Specifications of the OCR are shown in Table 20,21.

### Table 20 Specifications of type AGR-11B OCR (•: Standard, O: Optional, -: Not applicable)

Application		For gene	eral feeder	Deference
Characteristic			L	Reference section
Type designation		AGR-11BL-AL	AGR-11BL-GL	Section
Protective	Long time delay trip (LT) Short time delay trip (ST) Instantaneous trip (INST)	٠	•	
function	Ground fault trip (GF)	-	•	5-2-1.
	N-phase protection	0	0	
Protection	I <sup>2</sup> t ON/OFF (ST)	•	•	
characteristic	I <sup>2</sup> t ON/OFF (GF)	_	•	
Trip indication	Group indication LED and contact output	•	•	5-5-1.
Test function		-	-	-
Control power su	upply	Not required	Not required	3-3.

Application				Fo	or gene	ral fee	der			For g	enerator	prote	ction	
Characteristic				L				۲			S			
Type designatio	n		GR- L-XX	AC 31B	GR- L-XX		GR- R-XX		GR- R-XX		XXXX - X		GR- S-XX	Reference section
Suffix (XX or XX	XX) of type designation	PS	PG	PS	PG	PS	PG	PS	PG	21BS -PS	22BS -PR	PS	PR	
	Long time delay trip (LT), short time delay trip (ST) and Instantaneous trip (INST/MCR) ①	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	5-2., 5-3-2-6.
	Ground fault trip (GF) 23	-	٠	-	٠	-	٠	-	٠	-	-	_	-	5-2.,
	Reverse power trip (RPT) 245	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	٠	5-3-2-7.
Protective	N-phase protection (NP) ① ⑥	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	-	-	5-2., 5-3-2-6.
function	Negative-phase sequence protection (NS) 20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	_	-	
	Line side ground fault protection (REF) 2389	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	-	-	-	5-2.,
	Under/Over Frequency Protection (UFOF) 29	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0	-	-	0	0	5-3-2-7.
	Contact overheat monitoring (OH) 290	-	-	0	0	-	-	0	0	-	0	0	0	
	Zone interlock (Z) 9 1	-	-	0	0	-	-	0	0	-	0	0	0	3-3.
	Pretrip alarm (PTA) 9 12 13	•	٠	•	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	
Alarm function	Pretrip alarm 2 (PTA2) <sup>(9)</sup> <sup>(2)</sup> <sup>(3)</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	0	0	5-2.,
	Undervoltage alarm (UV) 5924	-	-	0	0	-	-	0	0	-	0	0	0	5-3-2-7.
	Overvoltage alarm (OV) 5924	-	_	_	_	_	_	0	0	-	-	0	0	
	COLD/HOT (LT) ®	•	٠	•	٠	-	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	
	I <sup>2</sup> t ON/OFF (ST) ®	•	٠	•	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	5-2.,
<b>D</b> <i>i i i</i>	INST/MCR (Instantaneous trip) @	•	٠	•	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	5-3-2-6.
Protection characteristic	1 <sup>0.02</sup> t/lt/l <sup>2</sup> T/l <sup>3</sup> t/l <sup>4</sup> t (LT) <sup>1</sup>	-	-	-	-	٠	٠	٠	٠	-	-	-	-	
Characteristic	l <sup>2</sup> t ON/OFF (FG) ®	-	٠	-	٠	-	٠	-	٠	-	-	-	-	5-2., 5-3-2-7.
	Polarity NOR/REV (RPT) <sup>(1)</sup>	-	-	٠	٠	-	-	٠	٠	-	٠	٠	٠	5-3-2-4.
Operation indication	Indication on LCD and contact output (individual indication) (	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	•	•	٠	٠	5-5-2.
	Present current (switchable between respective phase current phase max. and current) (a)	•	•	-	-	•	•	-	-	•	٠	-	-	
Measurement	Present current /voltage/electrical energy/frequency(switchable between respective phase current phase max. and current) (9)	-	-	•	•	-	-	•	•	-	-	٠	•	5-3-2-3.
/event indication	Max. current (max. phase current) (9)	•	٠	_	_	٠	٠	_	_	٠	٠	_	_	1
mulcation	Max. current /demanded power(max. phase current) (9)	-	-	•	٠	_	-	•	٠	-	-	•	٠	
	Trip event log (last trip event) 3	•	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	•	٠	٠	
	Alarm event log (last alarm event) 9 20	•	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	•	٠	٠	5-3-2-8.
Communication		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3-3.
External indicate		-	-	0	0	-	_	0	0	-	0	0	0	-
Test function @ @	0	•	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	5-4.
Control power s	upply @						Re	quired						3-3.

#### Table 21 Specifications of type AGR-21B, 22B, 31B-H OCR (•: Standard, O: Optional, -: Not applicable)

① Two modes are available; one where the ACB is tripped open and operation indication is provided and the other where the ACB is not tripped and no operation indication is provided. Fail-safe against failure in setup (see 5-2).

Three modes are available; the first where the ACB is tripped open and operation indication is provided, the second where the ACB is not tripped and only operation indication is provided, and the third where the ACB is not tripped open and no operation indication is provided. Residual current sensing. When a 3-pole ACB applies to a 3-phase, 4-wire circuit, be sure to use the separate N-phase protection CT (see 3-3). Allows 3-phase generators operated in parallel to be protected against reverse power. 2

3

4

(5)

If the main circuit voltage exceeds AC250V, a step-down PT (potential transformer) is needed. Provides protection to the neural conductor in a 3-phase, 4-wire circuit against overcurrent. This function applies to a 4-pole ACB. 6

1

Provides protection to ACBs against negative-phase current caused by phase loss or reverse phase, preventing damage to loads. The line side ground fault protection capability allows the ACB to trip open when transformer windings or cables on the line side suffers a ground fault in TN-C or TN-S power 8 distribution systems where the line side neutral is grounded. Control power supply is required. Disabled when control power is lost.

(9)

Protects the breaker main contact against overheat, preventing troubles caused by thermal damage of the contact. Helpful for preventive maintenance. Zone selective interlock implemented between ACBs in a hierarchical system allows the upstream ACB nearest a fault point to trip open in a minimum time, irrespective of short time Ð delay trip or ground fault trip pickup timing, thereby minimizing thermal or mechanical damage to loads. This stands for selective discrimination with zero timing Two modes are available; one where operation indication is provided and the other where no operation indication is provided.

The pretrip alarm capability provides an alarm on the LCD and delivers contact output when it is detected that the current value exceeds the current setting for longer than the time setting, thereby preventing the ACB from tripping due to a gradual increase in load current. Pretrip alarm 2 allows two different timings to be set and helps regulate loads depending 13

on their importance. Provides an alarm on the LCD and delivers contact output when the voltage of the main circuit becomes low/high depending on alarm function. In HOT mode, the OCR is actuated in shorter time than in COLD mode when an overload occurs after a certain degree of load is maintained for a certain time of period. This mode helps protect heat sensitive loads.

I<sup>2</sup>t ON avoids intersection of characteristic curves of the ACB and e.g., a downstream fuse. This will improve selective discrimination flexibility. INST is enabled, the OCR trips open the ACB when the trip pickup current is reached or exceeded, irrespective of the ACB status. When MCR is enabled, the OCR trips open the Ð ACB when the ACB making current setting is reached or exceeded, and after tripping operation, it locks the ACB in the open state. MCR provides the INST function if the control power is lost.

Helpful for protection in coordination with fuses or the like. (IEC 60255-3) Allows selection of the power supply terminal position between upstream and downstream of the breaker.

Logs the latest trip event and allows displaying the cause, fault current value and operating time of the events. AGR -31B-H 10 trip history. Allows simplified field testing where simulation signals from/to the OCR are used to check for normal long time delay, short time delay, instantaneous and ground fault trip functions. 20

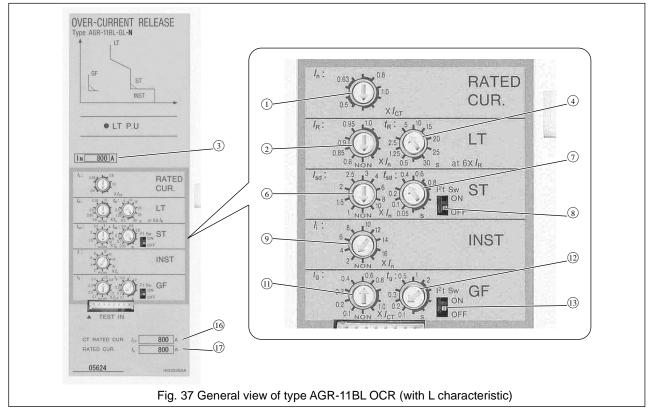
If the control power is lost, the long time delay trip, short time delay trip, instantaneous trip, ground fault trip, reverse power trip, N-phase protection and negative-phase sequence protection functions are alive. 62

# 5-2. Characteristics

### 5-2-1. L characteristic for general feeder

A general view, characteristic settings, and characteristic curves of the type AGR-11BL OCR (with L characteristic) are shown in Fig.

37, Table 22, and Fig. 40 respectively.



#### Table 22 Settings of type AGR-11BL OCR (with L characteristic)

1       Rated current*1       In       In       Rated current*1       In       Rated current*1       In       Rated current*1       In       Rated current*1       In       In       In       Rated current*1       In	No.	Setting item	Symbol				Sett	ing rang	е					
Image: the state of the s														
Image: Network 1       Image: number 1 <thimage: 1<="" number="" th=""> <th< td=""><td>_</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>4000 2000</td></th<></thimage:>	_													4000 2000
Image: constraint of the second structure in therefore in the second structure in the second s	(1)	Rated current*1	/n											2500
2       Long time delay trip pickup current (continuous) $k_R$ $[k_1] \times (0.8-0.85-0.9-0.95-1_0-NON) (A)$ · Non tripping at not more than $[k_1] \times 1.05$ , Tripping at more than $[k_1] \times 1.05$ and not more than $[k_2] \times 1.2$ 3       N-phase protection trip pickup current (continuous) $k_R$ $[k_1] \times (0.8-0.85-0.9-0.95-1_0-NON) (A)$ · Non tripping at not more than $[k_1] \times 1.05$ , Tripping at more than $[k_1] \times 1.05$ and not more than $[k_2] \times 1.25$ 4       Long time delay/N-phase protection trip timing $k_R$ · Non tripping at not more than $[k_1] \times 1.05$ , Tripping at more than $[k_1] \times 1.05$ and not more than $[k_2] \times 1.2$ 4       Long time delay/N-phase protection trip timing $t_R$ · Non tripping at not more than $[k_1] \times 1.05$ , Tripping at more than $[k_1] \times 1.05$ , Tripping at more than $[k_1] \times 1.05$ and not more than $[k_2] \times 1.25$ 6       Short time delay trip pickup current $l_R$ $[k_1] \times (1.1-5.2-2.5-5-10-15-20-25-30) (sec) at 600% of [k_0], Tolerance: \pm 15\%, +0.15s -0s         7       Short time delay trip pickup current       l_R [k_1] \times (1.1-5.2-2.5-3-4-6-8-10-NON) (A), Tolerance: \pm 15\%         8       Short time delay trip l2t mode       l2t_{4d}       ON/OFF       ON/OFF         9       Instantaneous trip pickup current *2       l_g l_g       Relaying time (ms.)       75       175       275       475       975       1         8$														3200
(2)Long time delay trip pickup current (continuous) $i_R$ • Non tripping at not more than $[I_R] \times 1.05$ , Tripping at more than $[I_R] \times 1.05$ and not more than $[I_R] \times 1.2$ (3)N-phase protection trip pickup current (continuous) $I_N$ • Non tripping at not more than $[I_R] \times 1.05$ , Tripping at more than $[I_R] \times 1.05$ and not more than $[I_R] \times 1.05$ and not more than $[I_R] \times 1.05$ and not more than $[I_R] \times 1.05$ (4)Long time delay/N-phase protection trip timing $I_R$ Non tripping at not more than $[I_R] \times 1.05$ , Tripping at more than $[I_R] \times 1.05$ and not more than $[I_R] \times 1.05$ (4)Long time delay/N-phase protection trip timing $I_R$ Non tripping at not more than $[I_R] \times 1.05$ , Tripping at more than $[I_R] \times 1.05$ and not more than				( )			800	1000	1250	1600	2000	2500	3200	4000
N       * Non tripping at not more than $[h] \times 1.05$ , Tripping at more than $[h] \times 1.05$ and not more than $[h] \times $	2	Long time delay trip pickup current (continuous)	/ <sub>R</sub>											
Image: Construction of the delay/iN-phase protection trip timing       Image: N-phase protection: (0.5-1.25-2.5-5-10-15-20-25-30) (sec) at 600% of [h], Tolerance: ±15%, +0.15s -0s         Image: Construction of the delay trip pickup current       Image: I	3		/ <sub>N</sub>	<ul> <li>Non tripping at not more that</li> </ul>	an [/ <sub>N</sub> ] :	× 1.05, Ť	ripping a							
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	4	Long time delay/N-phase protection trip timing	<i>t</i> R											\$
$(7)$ Short time delay trip timing       Resettable time (ms.)       25       75       175       375       575         (8)       Short time delay trip l <sup>2</sup> t mode       l <sup>2</sup> t t <sub>ad</sub> ON/OFF       0       120       170       270       470       670         (9)       Instantaneous trip pickup current       h       [h] x (2-4-6-8-10-12-14-16-NON) (A), Tolerance: $\pm 20\%$ (1)       Ground fault trip pickup current *2 $l_g$ [lcr] x (0.1-0.2-0.3-0.4-0.6-0.8-1.0-NON) (A), Tolerance: $\pm 20\%$ (12)       Ground fault trip timing $t_g$ Relaying time (ms.)       100       200       300       500       1000       22         (12)       Ground fault trip timing $t_g$ Relaying time (ms.)       75       175       275       475       975       1         (13)       Ground fault trip l <sup>2</sup> t mode       l <sup>2</sup> t t <sub>g</sub> ON/OFF       0       0       270       370       570       1070       270         (16)       CT rated primary current display-only field       l <sup>2</sup> t t <sub>g</sub> ON/OFF       0       0       0       0       270       370       570       1070       270	6	Short time delay trip pickup current	/ <sub>sd</sub>	[ <i>I</i> n] × (1-1.5-2-2.5-3-4- <u>6</u> -8-10-	-NON)	(A), Tole	erance: ±	15%						
Max. total clearing time (ms.)         120         170         270         470         670           (8)         Short time delay trip l <sup>2</sup> t mode         l <sup>2</sup> t t <sub>6d</sub> ON/OFF         0N/OFF         0	0		<i>t</i> sd									-		800
8       Short time delay trip l <sup>2</sup> t mode       l <sup>2</sup> t t <sub>ad</sub> ON/OFF         (9)       Instantaneous trip pickup current       h $[h_1] \times (2-4-6-8-10-12-14-\underline{16}-NON) (A), Tolerance: \pm 20\%$ (11)       Ground fault trip pickup current *2 $l_g$ $[l_{cT}] \times (0.1-\underline{0.2}-0.3-0.4-0.6-0.8-1.0-NON) (A), Tolerance: \pm 20\%$ (12)       Ground fault trip timing $t_g$ Relaying time (ms.)       100       200       300       500       1000       2         (13)       Ground fault trip l <sup>2</sup> t mode       l <sup>2</sup> t t <sub>g</sub> ON/OFF       0N/OFF         (16)       CT rated primary current display-only field       l <sup>2</sup> t t <sub>g</sub> ON/OFF	(7)	Short time delay trip timing												775
				<b>e</b> ( )	)	1	20	170	2	270	470	6	70	870
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	(8)	Short time delay trip I <sup>4</sup> t mode	l <sup>2</sup> t <i>t</i> sd	ON/OFF										
10         200         300         500         1000         22           (12)         Ground fault trip timing         Relaying time (ms.)         75         175         275         475         975         1           (13)         Ground fault trip 1 <sup>2</sup> t mode         1 <sup>2</sup> t tg         ON/OFF         0N/OFF         0         0         200         300         500         1000         22         2         275         475         975         1         1         0         270         370         570         1070         2         2         100         2         100 <td< td=""><td>9</td><td>Instantaneous trip pickup current</td><td>/i</td><td>[<i>I</i><sub>n</sub>] × (2-4-6-8-10-12-14-<u>16</u>-N</td><td>ION) (A</td><td>A), Tolera</td><td>ance: <math>\pm 2</math></td><td>20%</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	9	Instantaneous trip pickup current	/i	[ <i>I</i> <sub>n</sub> ] × (2-4-6-8-10-12-14- <u>16</u> -N	ION) (A	A), Tolera	ance: $\pm 2$	20%						
Image: Constraint of the primary current display-only field       Resettable time (ms.)       75       175       275       475       975       1         Image: Constraint of the primary current display-only field       Image: Constraint of the primary current display-only field       0N/OFF       0N/OFF	(11)	Ground fault trip pickup current *2	/g	[ <i>I</i> <sub>CT</sub> ] × (0.1- <u>0.2</u> -0.3-0.4-0.6-0.4	8-1.0-N	NON) (A)	), Tolerar	nce: ±20	1%					
Max. total clearing time (ms.)         170         270         370         570         1070         2           (i)         Ground fault trip I <sup>2</sup> t mode         I <sup>2</sup> t tg         ON/OFF         0 <td>0</td> <td></td> <td>t<sub>g</sub></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>2000</td>	0		t <sub>g</sub>			1								2000
13     Ground fault trip I <sup>2</sup> t mode     I <sup>2</sup> t t <sub>g</sub> ON/OFF       16     CT rated primary current display-only field	(12)	Ground fault trip timing					-	-		-	-	-	-	1975
Image: CT rated primary current display-only field					)	1	70	270	3	370	570	10	70	2070
	(13)	Ground fault trip I <sup>2</sup> t mode	l <sup>2</sup> t t <sub>g</sub>	ON/OFF										
17 Factory-set rated current display-only field	16	CT rated primary current display-only field												
	(17)	Factory-set rated current display-only field												

• Underlined values are default settings.

• NON setting disables protective functions. If the short time delay trip function and the instantaneous trip function are set to NON, however, the fail-safe operates so that:

The instantaneous trip function is activated at [In] × 16 or more if the short time delay trip function and the instantaneous trip function are set to NON.
 A pickup current means the threshold by which the OCR determines whether or not an overcurrent occurs. When the current flowing through the OCR exceeds the pickup current

• A pickup current means the intestibility which the OCR determines whether of not an overcurrent occurs, when the current howing through the OCR exceeds the pickup current setting provided that  $[I_R] \times 1.05 < pickup current setting \le [I_R \times 1.2]$ , the OCR starts counting the time for tripping. Once the current flowing through the OCR reduces to less than the pickup current setting, time count is reset.

1: A change in rated current setting results in changes in long time delay, short time delay, and instantaneous current settings accordingly.

\*2: The ground fault trip pickup current setting should not exceed 1200A.

#### Characteristic settings and characteristic curves of the type AGR-21BL, 31BL-H OCR (with L characteristic) are shown in Table 23

#### and Fig. 38-40 respectively.

S	Setting item	Symbol			Setting rang	e (1)					
			CT rated primary current [IcT] ×								
			Applied [I <sub>CT</sub> ] (A) 2	00 400	800 1000	1250	1600 2	2000	2500	3200	4000
		/n	Rated [/ct] × 0.5 1	00 200	400 500	630		000	1250	1600	2000
Rated current 2		/n		25 250	500 630	800	1000 1	250	1600	2000	2500
				60 320	630 800	1000		600	2000	2500	3200
				00 400	800 1000	1250		2000	2500	3200	4000
	pickup current (continuous)	/R	[In] × (0.8-0.85-0.9-0.95-1.0-NO	N) (A) ④ excep	ot for AGR-31BL: 0.	8 – 1 in steps	of 0.01				
Long time delay trip	pickup current (continuous)	/R	<ul> <li>Non tripping at not more than</li> </ul>	[/ <sub>R</sub> ] × 1.05. Trip	ping at more that	n [/ <sub>R</sub> × 1.05	and not mo	ore tha	n [ <i>I</i> <sub>R</sub> ] × 1.	2 (5)	
(LT) (3)(7)	trip timing	<i>t</i> R	(0.5-1.25-2.5-5-10-15-20-25-30	) (sec) at 600%	of [IR], Tolerand	e: ±15%, +0	).15s –0s (A	AGR-31	B-H 0.01se	c step)	
	COLD/HOT	-	COLD/HOT 6								
	pickup current	/sd	[In] × (1-1.5-2-2.5-3-4-6-8-10-N0	ON) (A), Tolerar	nce: ±15% ④ (/	AGR-31B-H 1	% step)				
Chart time delay tria	trip timing®	<i>t</i> sd	Relaying time (ms.)	50	100	200	4	-00	60	0	800
Short time delay trip	(AGR-31B-H 0.01sec step)		Resettable time (ms.)	25	75	175	3	175	57	5	775
(ST) ⑦	(AGR-31B-H 0.01Sec step)		Max. total clearing time (ms.)	120	170	270	4	70	67	0	870
	I <sup>2</sup> t mode	l <sup>2</sup> t <i>t</i> sd	OFF/ON (9)								
Instantaneous trip	pickup current	h	[/n] × (2-4-6-8-10-12-14-16-NON	<ul> <li>A) (A), Toleranc</li> </ul>	e: ±20% ④						
(INST/INS/MCR)	INST/INS/MCR	-	INST/INS/MCR (AGR-31BL-H - IN								
	pickup current 10	/g	[ <i>I</i> ст] × (0.1- <u>0.2</u> -0.3-0.4-0.6-0.8-1	.0-NON) (A), To	olerance: ±20%	6 ④ (AGR-3	1B-H 1% step	p)			
	trip timing	<i>t</i> g	Relaying time (ms.)	100	200	300	5	600	100		2000
Ground fault trip	trip timing		Resettable time (ms.)	75	175	275	4	75	97	5	1975
(GF)	(AGR-31B-H 0.1sec step)		Max. total clearing time (ms.)	170	270	370	5	70	107	0	2070
· ,	I <sup>2</sup> t mode	l <sup>2</sup> t tg	OFF/ON (9)								
	Mode	_	TRIP/AL/OFF (1)								
N shoos protection	pickup current (continuous)	/N	[lct] × (0.4-0.5-0.63-0.8-1.0) (AG	R-31B-H 1% step	)						
N-phase protection	pickup current (continuous)	/N	<ul> <li>Non tripping at not more than</li> </ul>	[/N] × 1.05, Trip	ping at more that	n [/ <sub>N</sub> ] × 1.05	5 and not m	ore that	an [ <i>I</i> N] × 1	.2 (5)	
trip	trip timing	<i>t</i> R	Depends on the long time delay	trip pickup tim	ing. Activated at	600% of [h	ı].				
(NP) 37	COLD/HOT	-	Depends on the long time delay								
Negative-phase	Current setting	/NS	[ <i>I</i> <sub>n</sub> ] × (0.2-0.3-0.4-0.5-0.6-0.7-0.	8-0.9-1.0) (A),	Tolerance: ±10%	(AGR-31B-F	I 1% step)				
sequence	Time setting	<i>t</i> ns	(0.4-0.8-1.2-1.6-2-2.4-2.8-3.2-3	.6-4) (sec) at 15	50% of [ <i>I</i> <sub>NS</sub> ], Tole	erance: ±20	%, +0.15 s	-0 s (A	GR-31B-H	0.1sec st	ep)
protection (NS) (12)	Mode	-	TRIP/AL/OFF (1)								
Line side ground	Current setting	/REF	[l <sub>CT</sub> ] × (0.1-0.2-0.3-0.4-0.6-0.8-1	.0-NON) (A), T	olerance: ±20%	④ (AGR-31)	3-H 1% step)				
fault protection	Time setting	-	Instantaneous								
(REF)	Mode	-	TRIP/AL/OFF(1)								
Contact overheat	Temperature setting	-	155°C								
monitoring	Time setting	-	Instantaneous (AGR-31B-H real tin	ne measurement)							
(OH)	Mode	-	TRIP/AL/OFF (1)								
Zone interlock (Z)	Current setting	-	Interlock with short time delay to	ip pickup curre	nt						
(13)	Time setting	_	50 ms. or less								
	Current setting	/P1	$[/_n] \times (0.75 \cdot 0.8 \cdot 0.85 \cdot 0.9 \cdot 0.95 \cdot 1.1)$	(A) Toleranc	e: +7 5% (AGR-3	1B-H 1% stor	0				
Dratin clarm (DTA)	Time setting	tP1	(5-10-15-20-40-60-80-120-160-					1s –0 s	(AGR-31B	-H 0 1sec	sten)
Pretrip alarm (PTA)	Mode	_	AL/OFF (1)	2007 (0007 at 11	se looo anan [iFi],	Telefanoe.	_10/0, 101		(non one		0(0))
			•								
	Voltage setting	-	[Vn] × (0.4-0.6-0.8) (V), Tolerand								
Undervoltage alarm	Time setting	-	(0.1-0.5- <u>1</u> -2-5-10-15-20-30-36)		e setting or less,	Tolerance:	±15%, +0.	1s –0s	(AGR-31E	I-H 0.1sec	step)
(15)(16)	Recovery voltage setting m	-	[Vn] × (0.8-0.85-0.9-0.95) (V), To	olerance: ±5%							
	Mode	-	AL/OFF 1	. 50/							
Overvoltage alarm	Voltage setting	-	[Vn] × (1.05-1.50) (V), Tolerance		450/ 0	1- 0-					
(15)	Time setting	-	(0.1-5.0) (sec) at voltage setting	or less, Iolera	nce: $\pm 15\%$ , +0.	1s –0s					
2	Mode	-									
		Fuf	[ <i>F</i> <sub>n</sub> ] × (80% to 105%) (V), *1% s	tep							
Under/Over		tur	(0.1 to 10) (sec) *0.1sec step	-							
Frequency (UFOF)		Fof	[Fn] × (95% to 140%) (V), *1%	step							
		tof	(0.1 to 10) (sec) *0.1sec step								

Table 23 Settings of type AGR-21BL,31BL-H OCR (with L characteristic) (AGR-31B-H fine adjustment increments applicable)

Underlined values are default settings. A change in rated current setting results in changes in long time delay trip, short time delay trip, instantaneous strip, pretrip alarm and negative-phase sequence protection trip pickup current settings accordingly. 123 The operating time (t) at a long time delay (or N-phase protection) trip pickup current setting is given by

TRIP/AL/OF

t = -27.94 × tR × loge {1 - (1.125/R/i)<sup>2</sup>} ±15% +0.15 -0 [sec]

(IR: Long time delay or N-phase protection trip pickup current setting, i: Overcurrent value, IR: Time setting)

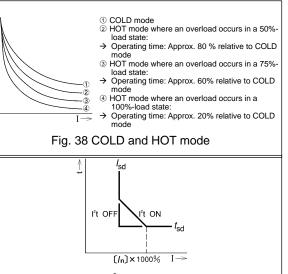
- (4) NON setting disables protective functions. If the short time delay trip function and the instantaneous trip (or MCR) function are both attempted to be set to NON, however, the fail-safe operates so that: • When the short time delay trip function has been set to NON, the instantaneous trip function cannot be set
  - to NON or MCR. · When the instantaneous trip function is set to NON or MCR, the short time delay trip function cannot be
- set to NON. A pickup current means the threshold by which the OCR determines whether or not an overcurrent occurs. (5) When the current flowing through the OCR exceeds the pickup current setting provided that [/k] x 1.05 < pickup current setting  $\leq [/n \times 1.2]$ , the OCR starts counting the time for tripping. Once the current flowing through the OCR reduces to less than the pickup current setting, time count is reset.
- (6) In HOT mode, the OCR is actuated in shorter time than in COLD mode when an overload occurs after a certain degree of load is maintained for a certain time of period. The OCR is factory se to COLD mode. See 5-3-2-6 for how to set the OCR to HOT mode. If the control power is lost, load data stored in HOT mode is
- cleared. Fig. 38 shows the operating time in COLD and HOT modes. The short time delay trip function has precedence over the long time delay trip function. The OCR operates at the short time delay trip timing even in those current ranges in which the long time delay trip time setting (7)is shorter than the short time delay time setting.
- (a) If DC24V zone interlock mode only improvided between [3] and [34], the zone interlock is inoperative and the short time delay trip function works with a total clearing time of 50 ms or less when a fault current is detected.
- 9 Fig. 39 shows the operating characteristic at I<sup>2</sup>t ON and I<sup>2</sup>t OFF. When I<sup>2</sup>t is ON, the OCR operates at fixed trip The ground fault trip pickup current of 1000% of [In]. (100% of [IcT] for ground fault trip) The ground fault trip pickup current setting should not exceed 1200A.
- "TRIP" means the breaker is tripped open and operation indication is provided, "AL" means the breaker is not tripped and only operation indication is provided, and "OFF" means the breaker is not tripped open and no operation indication is provided.
- (12) The operating time (t) at a negative-phase sequence protection trip pickup current setting is given by

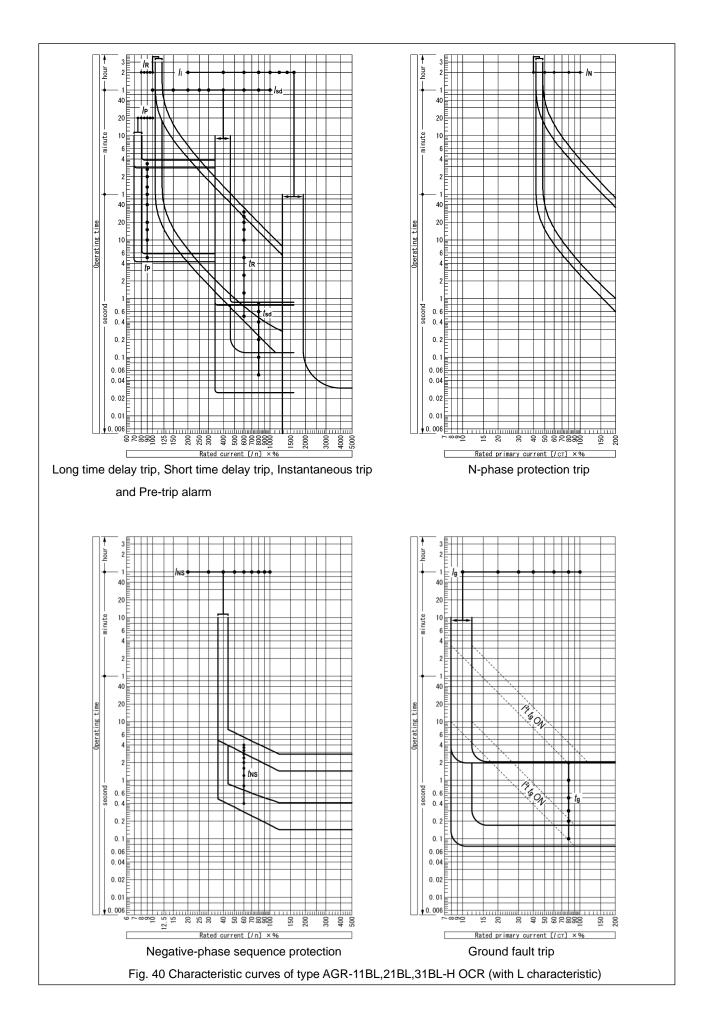
#### t = 1.5 × tNS × /NS/i ±20% + 0.15 -0 [sec]

(Ins: Negative-phase sequence protection trip pickup current setting, i. Overcurrent value, tNS: Time setting) (*i* is fixed to  $3 \times h$ s when  $i > 3 \times h$ s)

- ③ Activated only when the fault point is within the zone covered by the breaker.
- "AL" means operation indication is provided and "OFF" means no operation indication is provided. Provides an alarm and delivers contact output when the voltage of the main circuit decreases/increa voltage returns to the recovery voltage. 14 (15) s/increases to the voltage setting or lower/higher for longer than the time setting. The alarm ceases when the main circuit When this capability is used in conjunction with the undervoltage trip device (UVT), an alarm may be provided after tripping operation of the breaker depending on the voltage setting.
   The undervoltage alarm capability does not work if the main circuit voltage is originally under the recovery voltage.

The undervoltage alarm capability does not work if the main circuit voltage is of pinally under the recovery voltage Over/Under frequency protects from deviations from the nominal system frequency.





### 5-2-2. R characteristic for general feeder

Characteristic settings and characteristic curves of the type AGR-21BR,31BR-H OCR (with R characteristic) are shown in Table 24

and Figs. 41 - 47 respectively.

Se	etting item	Symb ol	Setting range①										
		-	CT rated primary current [IcT] ×	(0.5-0.63-	0.8- <u>1.0</u> )	(A)							
			Applied [Ict] (A)	200	400	800	1000	1250	1600	2000	2500	3200	4000
<b>5</b>			[/ct] × 0.5	100	200	400	500	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000
Rated current (2)		/n	Rated current [/ct] × 0.63	125	250	500	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000	2500
			[h] [/ct] × 0.8	160	320	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000	2500	3200
			(A) [/ct] × 1.0	200	400	800	1000	1250	1600	2000	2500	3200	4000
Lean Gree delessorie	Current setting	/R	[/n] × (0.8-0.85-0.9-0.95- <u>1.0</u> -NC	N) (A), Tol	erance:	±5% ④	except for	AGR-31BR	: 0.8 – 1 ir	n steps of (	0.01		
Long time delay trip (LT) 35	(continuous energization) Time setting	ťR	(1-2-3-4- <u>5</u> -6.3-6.8-10) (sec) at 3	200% of [/-	1 Tolora	- nco: ±20	10∕ ⊥0 15	c 0 c (A)			top)		
(LI) 30	Protection type	- IR	SIT: 10.02 t, VIT: 1 t, EIT: 12 t, 3IT:				70, ±0.15	5 -0 5 (A	3K-31D-F	10.01580 5	step)		
	Current setting	 /sd	[ <i>I</i> <sub>n</sub> ] × (1-1.5-2-2.5-3-4-6-8-10-N			+15% (	O (AGP-3	1B-H 1% st	on)				
	Current setting	/sd tsd	Relaying time (ms.)		50		) (AGR-3	200	ep)	400	60	1	800
hort time delay trip Time setting 6		lsa	Resettable time (ms.)		25		75	175		375	57		775
(ST) (5)	(AGR-31B-H 0.01sec step)		Max. total clearing time (ms.)		120		70	270		470	67		870
	I <sup>2</sup> t protection type	l <sup>2</sup> t <i>t</i> sd									07	5	070
Instantaneous trip	pickup current	/i	[ <i>I</i> <sub>n</sub> ] × (2-4-6-8-10-12-14- <u>16</u> -NO	VI) (A) Tole	rance: -	+20% @	(AGR-31	B-H 1% ste	n)				
(INST/INS/MCR)	INST/INS/MCR	_		T/INS/MCR (AGR-31BL-H - INS1 or INS2)									
	Current setting (8)	/g		/cr] × (0.1-0.2-0.3-0.4-0.6-0.8-1.0-NON) (A), Tolerance: ±20% ④ (AGR-31B-H 1% step)									
		tg	Relaying time (ms.)		100	20		300	170 3(0)	500	100	)	2000
Ground fault trip	Time setting	-9	Resettable time (ms.)		75		75	275		475	97		1975
(GF)	(AGR-31B-H 0.01sec step)		Max. total clearing time (ms.)		170		70	370		570	107		2070
(01)	I <sup>2</sup> t protection type	l <sup>2</sup> t tg	OFF/ON (7)		170	21	0	570		510	107	5	2070
	Mode			TRIP/AL/OFF (s)									
N-phase protection	Current setting	/n	[/ст] × (0.4-0.5-0.63-0.8-1.0-NC	N) (A), Tole	erance:	±5% (AGI	R-31B-H 1	% step)					
(NP) 35	(continuous energization) Time setting	ťR	Depends on the long time delay										
Negative-phase	Current setting	/NS	$[I_n] \times (0.2 - 0.3 - 0.4 - 0.5 - 0.6 - 0.7 - 0.5 - 0.5 - 0.5 - 0.7 - 0.5 - 0$						step)				
sequence protection	Time setting	<i>t</i> NS	(0.4-0.8-1.2-1.6-2-2.4-2.8-3.2-3							-0 s (AGF	R-31B-H 0.1	sec step)	
(NS) 10	Mode	-	TRIP/AL/OFF (9)	- / ( /		[ [ [ [ [ ] ]		,		( .			
( / 0	Current setting	/REF	[/ <sub>CT</sub> ] × (0.1-0.2-0.3-0.4-0.6-0.8-	1.0-NON) (	A). Toler	ance: ±2	20% ④ (	AGR-31B-H	1% step)				
Line side ground fault protection	Line side ground fault protection bias current	/REF2	[ <i>I</i> ст] × (0.1-0.2-0.3-0.5-0.7-0.9-	1.1-1.3- <u>1.5</u>	) (A), Tol	erance:	±20% (A	GR-31B-H 1	% step)				
(REF)	Time setting	-	Instantaneous										
	Mode	_	TRIP/AL/OFF (9)										
Contact overheat	Temperature setting	-	155°C										
monitoring	Time setting	_	Instantaneous (AGR-31B-H real ti	no moscuror	nont)								
(OH)	Mode	_	TRIP/AL/OFF (9)	ne measurer	nent)								
Zone interlock (Z)	Current setting	-	Interlock with short time delay t	rin nickun (	rurrent								
(1)	Time setting	-	50 ms. or less		Junioni								
0	Current setting	/P1	$[I_n] \times (0.75 - 0.8 - 0.85 - 0.9 - 0.95 - 1.5)$	0) (A) Tole	rance: +	-7 5% (Δ(	GR-31B-H	1% sten)					
Pretrip alarm (PTA)	Time setting	tP1	(5-10-15-20-40-60-80- <u>120</u> -160-						5% +0 1	s _0 s (A	GR-31B-H	0 1sec ste	n)
	Mode	-	AL/OFF (12)	200) (000)	at not io	oo than	[/FI], 1010		570, 10.1	0 000		0.1300 310	·P/
	Voltage setting	_	[V <sub>h</sub> ] × (0.4- <u>0.6</u> -0.8) (V), Toleran	co: +5% (/	CP-31B-	H 1% stop	)						
	Time setting	_						ance: +1	5% ±0	1e_0e (A	CP-31B-H	0 1coc etc	(a)
Undervoltage alarm	Recovery voltage setting	_	0.1-0.5-1-2-5-10-15-20-30-36) (sec) at voltage setting or less, Tolerance: ±15%, +0.1s -0s (AGR-31B-H 0.1sec step) Vn] × (0.8-0.85-0.9-0.95) (V), Tolerance: ±5%										
	(5) Mode	-	AL/OFF 12										
	Voltage setting	_	AL/OFF (12) [Vn] × (1.05-1.50) (V), Tolerance	a: +5%									
Overvoltage alarm	Time setting	_	(0.1-5.0) (sec) at voltage setting		olerance	+ 15%	+0.1s_4	)s					
(15)	Mode	-	AL/OFF (14)	y or 1633, 11		1370	, 10.13-0						
		Fuf	[Fn] × (80% to 105%) (V), *1% s	step									
Under/Over		tur	(0.1 to 10) (sec) *0.1sec step										
Frequency (UFOF)		Fof	$[F_n] \times (95\% \text{ to } 140\%) (V), *1\%$	step									
** ' ' ' ' ' ' '		tof	(0.1 to 10) (sec) *0.1sec step										
		-	TRIP/AL/OFF										

Underlined values are default settings.

123 A change in rated current setting results in changes in long time delay trip, short time delay trip, instantaneous strip, pretrip alarm and negative-phase sequence protection trip pickup current settings accordingly. The operating time (f) at a long time delay (or N-phase protection) trip pickup current setting is given by

$t = 0.0222 \times t$	R/{ ( <i>i</i> //R ) <sup>0.02</sup> –1 }	±20% +0.15 -0 [sec] (I <sup>0.02</sup> t protection type)
t = 2	× <i>t</i> R/{( <i>i</i> //R)−1}	±20% +0.15 -0 [sec] (It protection type)
<i>t</i> = 8	× $tR \{ (i/R)^2 - 1 \}$	±20% +0.15 -0 [sec] (I <sup>2</sup> t protection type)
t = 26	× tR/{ ( i//R ) <sup>3</sup> -1 }	±20% +0.15 -0 [sec] (I <sup>3</sup> t protection type)
<i>t</i> = 80	$\times t \mathbf{R} / \{ (i / \mathbf{R})^4 - 1 \}$	±20% +0.15 -0 [sec] (I <sup>4</sup> t protection type)
(h. lana time	deless on NI else en este es	ion tria alalum autorat antiling i Ourseaurseat unlus da

(IR: Long time delay or N-phase protection trip pickup current setting, i: Overcurrent value, IR: Time setting)

(4) NON setting disables protective functions. If the short time delay trip function and the instantaneous trip (or MCR) function are both attempted to be set to NON, however, the fail-safe operates so that: When the short time delay trip function has been set to NON, the instantaneous trip function cannot be set to NON or MCR.
 When the instantaneous trip function has been set to NON or MCR, the short time delay trip function cannot be set to NON.
 The short time delay trip function has precedence over the long time delay trip function. The OCR operates

- (5) at the short time delay trip timing even in those current ranges in which the long time delay trip time setting is shorter than the short time delay time setting. If DC24V zone interlock power is not provided between 33 and 34, the zone interlock is inoperative and 6
- the short time delay trip function works with a total clearing time of 50 ms or less when a fault current is (7)
- 8 9

The short time delay tip function works with a loar deaming time or so most need much a balk barrier to be the delay tip function works with a loar deaming time or so most need much a balk barrier to be the delay tip by the del no operation indication is provided. The operating time (*t*) at a negative-phase sequence protection trip pickup current setting is given by

- (10)
- t = 1.5 × tNS × /NS/i ±20% +0.15 -0 [sec]

(Ins: Negative-phase sequence protection trip pickup current setting, i. Overcurrent value, INS: Time setting) (*i* is fixed to  $3 \times hs$  when  $i > 3 \times hs$ )

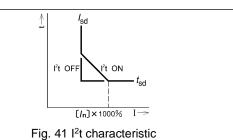
Activated only when the fault point is within the zone covered by the breaker.

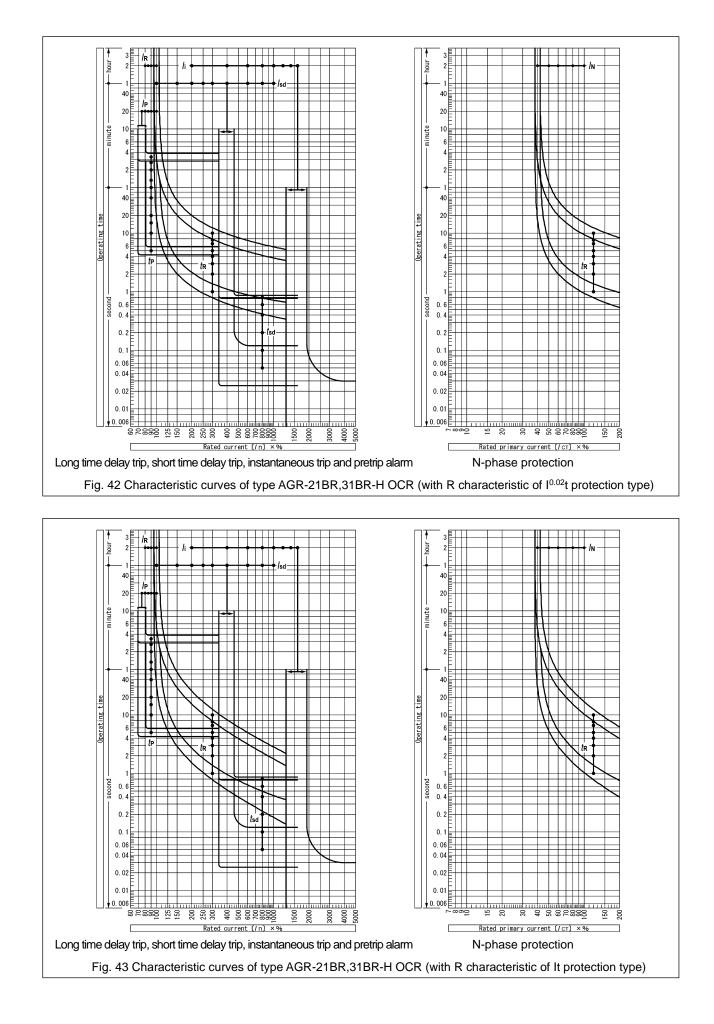
"AL" means operation indication is provided and "OFF" means no operation indication is provided.

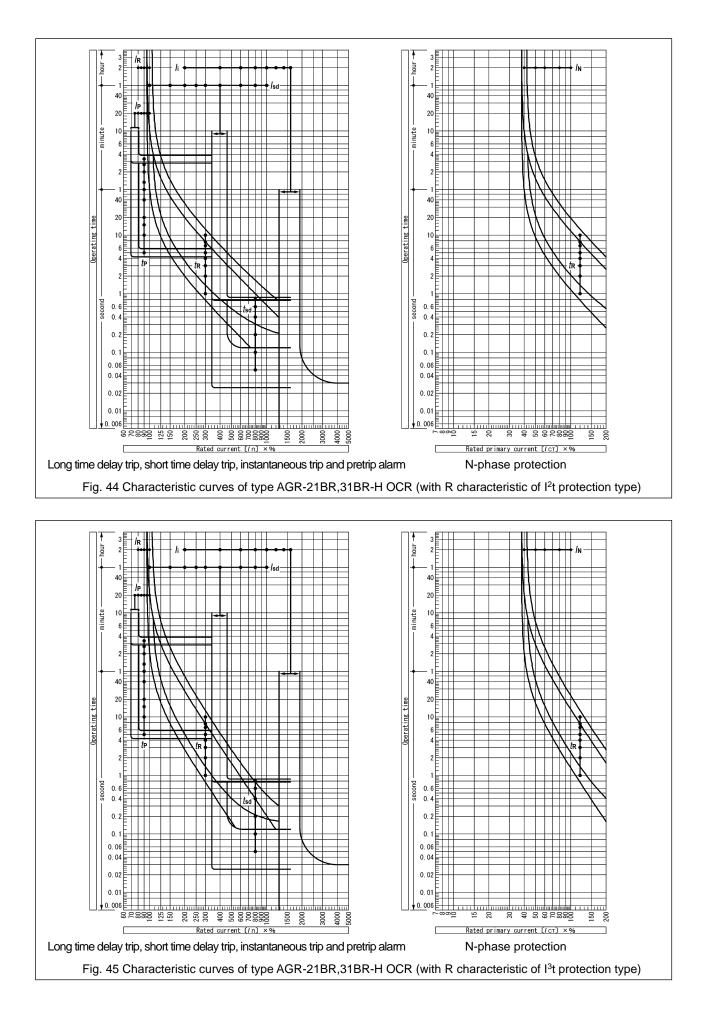
12 13 Provides an alarm and delivers contact output when the voltage of the main circuit decreases to the voltage setting or lower for longer than the time setting. The alarm ceases when the main circuit voltage returns to

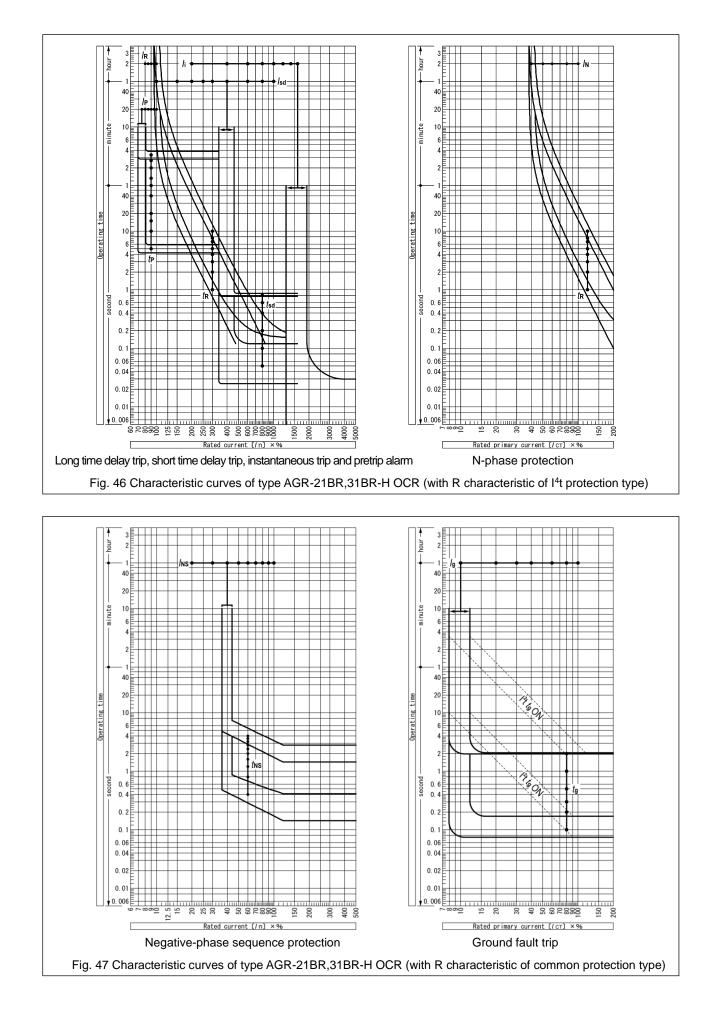
The recovery voltage or higher. When this capability is used in conjunction with the undervoltage trip device (UVT), an alarm may be provided after tripping operation of the breaker depending on the voltage setting. Provides an alarm and delivers contact output when the voltage of the main circuit decreases/increases to the voltage setting or lower/higher for longer than the time setting. (14) (15)

circuit voltage returns to the recovery voltage. \*\* Over/Under frequency protects from deviations from the nominal system frequency.









### 5-2-3. S characteristic for generator protection

Characteristic settings and characteristic curves of the type AGR-21BS/22BS/31BS-H OCR (with S characteristic) are shown in Table

25 and Figs. 48 and 49 respectively.

#### Table. 25 Characteristic settings of type AGR-21BS,22BS,31BS-H OCR (S characteristic) (AGR-31B-H fine adjustment increments applicable)

	Symbol			Setting range	•							
	/n	CT rated primary current [IcT] × (0	5 to 1.0) (A): Fi	ixed to a single	point							
Current setting (continuous energization)	/R	[ <i>I</i> <sub>n</sub> ] × (0.8-1.0-1.05-1.1- <u>1.15</u> -NON)	(A), Tolerance:	±5% ④ (AGR-3	1B-H 1% step)							
Time setting	<i>t</i> R	(15-20-25-30-40-50-60) (sec) at 1	20% of [ <i>I</i> <sub>R</sub> ], Tole	erance: ±15%, ·	+0.15 s –0 s (/	AGR-31B-H 0.01se	ec step)					
Current setting	/sd	[In] x (2-2.5-2.7-3-3.5-4-4.5-5-NO	l) (A), Tolerance	e: ±10% ④ (AG	R-31B-H 1% ste	p)						
	<i>t</i> sd	Relaying time (ms.)	100	200	300	400	600	800				
		Resettable time (ms.)	75	175	275	375	575	775				
(AGR-31B-H 0.01sec step)	_	Max. total clearing time (ms.)	170	270	370	470	670	870				
I <sup>2</sup> t protection type	l <sup>2</sup> t <i>t</i> sd	OFF/ON ⑦										
pickup current	h	[ <i>I</i> <sub>n</sub> ] × (2-4-6-8-10-12-14- <u>16</u> -NON)	A), Tolerance:	±20% ④ (AG	R-31B-H 1% step	<b>)</b>						
INST/INS/MCR	-	INST/INS/MCR (AGR-31BL-H - INS1	or INS2)									
Power setting	Pr	[Pn] × (0.04-0.05-0.06-0.07-0.08-0	.09-0.1-NON) (	kW), Tolerance	: +0% -20% @	) (AGR-31B-H 1%	step)					
Time setting	-	(2.5-5-7.5-10-12.5-15-17.5-20) (se	5-7.5-10-12.5-15-17.5-20) (sec) at 100% of [PR], Tolerance: ±20% +0.15s –0 s (AGR-31B-H 0.01sec step)									
Polarity	-	NOR/REV 9	R/REV (9)									
Mode	-	NP/AL/OFF @										
Temperature setting	-	155°C	5°C									
Time setting	-											
Mode	-	TRIP/AL/OFF 10	,									
Current setting	-	Short time delay trip and/or groun	fault trip picku	p current								
Time setting	-	50 ms. or less										
Current setting	/P1	[ <i>I</i> n] × (0.75-0.8-0.85-0.9-0.95-1.0-	.05) (A) , Tolera	ance: ±5% (AGI	R-31B-H 1% step	)						
Time setting	tP1	(10-15-20-25-30) (sec) at 120% o	[IP1], Tolerance	e: ±15%, +0.1s	-0 s (AGR-31B	-H 0.1sec step)						
Mode	-	AL/OFF 12										
Current setting	/P2	$[l_{\rm h}] \times (0.75 \cdot 0.8 \cdot 0.85 \cdot 0.9 \cdot 0.95 \cdot 1.0 \cdot 10^{-1})$	.05) (A), Tolera	Ince: ±5% (AGR	-31B-H 1% step	)						
Time setting	tP2											
Mode	-	AL/OFF 12				17						
Voltage setting	-	[Vn] × (0.4-0.6-0.8) (V). Tolerance	±5% (AGR-31B-	H 1% step)								
Time setting	-				olerance: ±1	5%. +0.1s –0s	(AGR-31B-H 0.1s	ec step)				
Recovery voltage setting	-	-	, ,	<u> </u>			<b>X</b>	/				
Mode	-	AL/OFF 12	AL/OFF 12									
Voltage setting	-		5%									
Time setting	-	(0.1-5.0) (sec) at voltage setting of	less, Tolerance	e: ±15%, +0.1	s–0s							
Mode	-											
			)									
L	tur											
ļ			р									
ļ	<i>L</i> of	(0.1 to 10) (sec) ^0.1sec step										
	(continuous energization) Time setting Current setting (AGR-31B-H 0.01sec step) I <sup>2</sup> t protection type pickup current INST/INS/MCR Power setting Time setting Polarity Mode Temperature setting Time setting Current setting Time setting Current setting Time setting Time setting Time setting Time setting Time setting Time setting Time setting Time setting Recovery voltage setting Mode Voltage setting Mode	Current setting (continuous energization)       IR         Time setting       Is         Current setting       Isd         Time setting       Isd         Pict protection type       I²t tsd         pickup current       Ist         INST/INS/MCR       -         Power setting       PR         Time setting       -         Polarity       -         Mode       -         Current setting       -         Time setting       -         Time setting       -         Time setting       -         Current setting       Ist         Mode       -         Current setting       Ist         Mode       -         Voltage setting       -         Time setting       -         Recovery voltage setting       -         Time setting       -         Mode       -         Voltage setting       -         Time setting       -         Mode       - <td>Current setting (continuous energization)Image: Image: I</td> <td>Current setting (continuous energization)IRImage: Image: Imag</td> <td>Current setting (continuous energization)Image: Image: I</td> <td>Current setting (continuous energization)Image: transmitted intermediate interm</td> <td>Current setting (continuous energization)         h         [h] x (0.8-1.0-1.05-1.1-<u>1.15-</u>NON) (A), Tolerance: ±5% @ (AGR-31B-H 1% step)           Time setting         h         [h] x (0.2-25-30-40-50-60) (sec) at 120% of [h], Tolerance: ±15%, +0.15 s - 0 s (AGR-31B-H 0.01sc)           Current setting         h         [h] x (2.2-25-27-3-3-5-4-4.5-5-NON) (A), Tolerance: ±15%, +0.15 s - 0 s (AGR-31B-H 0.01sc)           Current setting         h         [h] x (2.2-25-27-3-3-5-4-4.5-5-NON) (A), Tolerance: ±15%, (AGR-31B-H 1% step)           Time setting @         h         Relaxing time (ms.)         100         200         300         400           Resettable time (ms.)         T5         175         275         375            Max. total clearing time (ms.)         170         270         370         470            Pickup current         h         [h] x (2.4-6-8-10-12-14-16-NON) (A), Tolerance: ±20% (G (AGR-31B-H 1% step)          INST/INS/MCR          INST/INS/MCR          INST/INS/MCR          INST/INS/MCR (GGR-31B-H 1% step)          INST/INS/MCR          INST/INS/MCR          INST/INS/MCR          INST/INS/MCR          INST/INS/MCR          INST/INS/MCR         INST/INS/MCR         INST/INS/MCR         INST/INS/MCR         INST/INS/MCR         INST/INS/MCR</td> <td></td>	Current setting (continuous energization)Image: Image: I	Current setting (continuous energization)IRImage: Image: Imag	Current setting (continuous energization)Image: Image: I	Current setting (continuous energization)Image: transmitted intermediate interm	Current setting (continuous energization)         h         [h] x (0.8-1.0-1.05-1.1- <u>1.15-</u> NON) (A), Tolerance: ±5% @ (AGR-31B-H 1% step)           Time setting         h         [h] x (0.2-25-30-40-50-60) (sec) at 120% of [h], Tolerance: ±15%, +0.15 s - 0 s (AGR-31B-H 0.01sc)           Current setting         h         [h] x (2.2-25-27-3-3-5-4-4.5-5-NON) (A), Tolerance: ±15%, +0.15 s - 0 s (AGR-31B-H 0.01sc)           Current setting         h         [h] x (2.2-25-27-3-3-5-4-4.5-5-NON) (A), Tolerance: ±15%, (AGR-31B-H 1% step)           Time setting @         h         Relaxing time (ms.)         100         200         300         400           Resettable time (ms.)         T5         175         275         375            Max. total clearing time (ms.)         170         270         370         470            Pickup current         h         [h] x (2.4-6-8-10-12-14-16-NON) (A), Tolerance: ±20% (G (AGR-31B-H 1% step)          INST/INS/MCR          INST/INS/MCR          INST/INS/MCR          INST/INS/MCR (GGR-31B-H 1% step)          INST/INS/MCR          INST/INS/MCR          INST/INS/MCR          INST/INS/MCR          INST/INS/MCR          INST/INS/MCR         INST/INS/MCR         INST/INS/MCR         INST/INS/MCR         INST/INS/MCR         INST/INS/MCR					

1 Underlined values are default settings. (2)

Cannot be changed by the user 3 The operating time (t) at a long time delay trip (or pretrip alarm) pickup current setting is given by

 $t = 1.44 \times t \mathbf{R} \times (I \mathbf{R}/i)^2 \pm 15\% \pm 0.15 - 0$  [sec]

(In : Long time delay trip or pretrip alarm pickup current setting,

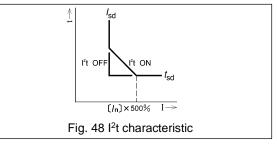
i: Overcurrent value, tR: Time setting)

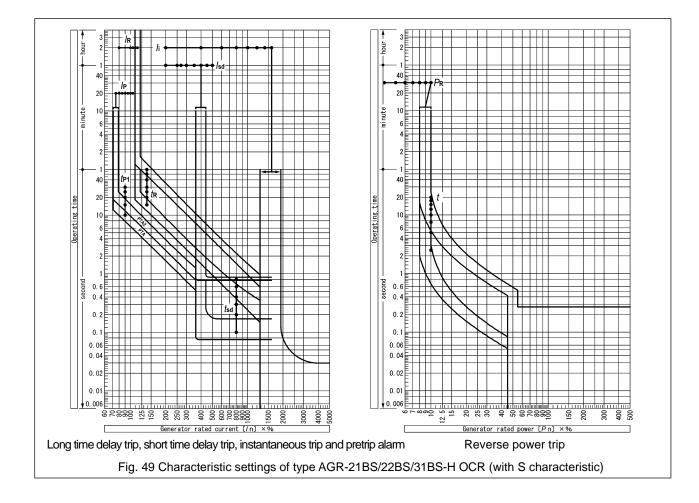
- NON setting disables protective functions. If the short time delay trip function and the instantaneous trip (or 4 MCR) function are both attempted to be set to NON, however, the fail-safe operates so that: · When the short time delay trip function has been set to NON, the instantaneous trip function cannot be
  - set to NON or MCR
  - · When the instantaneous trip function has been set to NON or MCR, the short time delay trip fun cannot be set to NON.
- (5) The short time delay trip function has precedence over the long time delay trip function. The OCR operation at the short time delay trip timing even in those current ranges in which the long time delay trip time setting is shorter than the short time delay time setting.
- (6) If DC24V zone interlock power is not provided between 33 and 34, the zone interlock is inoperative and the short time delay trip function works with a total clearing time of 50 ms or less when a fault current is detected.
- Fig. 48 shows the operating characteristic at I<sup>2</sup>t ON and I<sup>2</sup>t OFF. When I<sup>2</sup>t is ON, the OCR operates at fixed trip pickup current of 500% of [*m*].
- (a) The operating time (t) at a reverse power trip pickup current setting is given by

#### t = 0.429 × tRP/ { ( P/0.7PR ) -1 } ±20% [sec]

(PR: Reverse power trip pickup current setting, P: Reverse power value, tRP: Time setting)

- Select NOR when the power supply of the load is upstream of the breaker and REV when it is downstream of the breaker. (See 5-3-2-4). (9) "TRIP" means the breaker is tripped open and operation indication is provided, "AL" means the breaker is not tripped and only operation indication is provided, and "OFF" means the breaker is not tripped open and no 10 operation indication is provided.
- **11**
- Activated only when the fault point is within the zone covered by the breaker. "AL" means operation indication is provided and "OFF" means no operation indication is provided.
- Provides an alarm and delivers contact output when the voltage of the main circuit decreases to the voltage setting or lower for longer than the time setting. The alarm ceases when the main circuit voltage returns to the recovery voltage or higher.
- 14
- When this capability is used in conjunction with the undervoltage trip device (UVT), an alarm may be provided after tripping operation of the breaker depending on the voltage setting. Provides an alarm and delivers contact output when the voltage of the main circuit decreases/increases to the voltage setting or lower/higher for longer than the time setting. The alarm ceases when the main circuit voltage returns to the recovery voltage.





# 5-3. OCR Setting Procedure

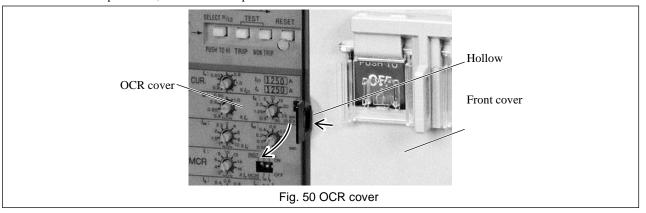
### 5-3-1. OCR Setting Procedure (AGR-11B type)

# 

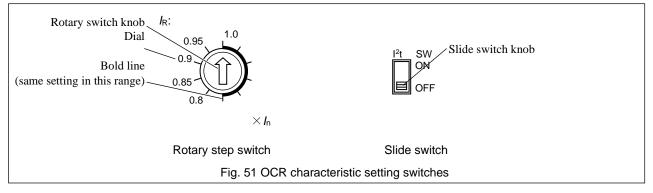
- OCR field tests and setting changes must be performed by competent persons.
- After setting changes are made, the settings be checked with e.g., a type ANU-1 OCR checker (optional).
- After completion of OCR tests, be sure to return the settings to the original values. Failure to do so may cause a fire or burnout.
- Before changing OCR settings, open the ACB and then lock the OFF button to prevent the ACB from being closed inadvertently.
- Do not push the SET button diagonally. Doing so may cause a poor in return and malfunction.

The following describes how to set the OCR.

- 1) Open the ACB.
- 2) Push the right end of the OCR cover to the left at the hollow on the front cover to unlatch and open the OCR cover. See Fig. 50. If the OCR cover is padlocked, first remove the padlock.



- 3) Use rotary step switches and slide switches to set the OCR. See Fig. 51.
- Rotary step switches must be adjusted with a small flatblade screwdriver. Turn switch knobs stepwise and do not stop the knobs halfway between calibration markings. A bold line on a switch dial means the same settings.
- Slide switches must also be adjusted with a small flatblade screwdriver. Do not stop switch knobs halfway.



- 4) Close the OCR cover.
- 5) After setting changes are made, it is recommended that the settings be checked with e.g., a type ANU-1 OCR checker (optional).

# 5-3-2. OCR Setting Procedure (AGR-21B,22B,31B type)

**CAUTION** 

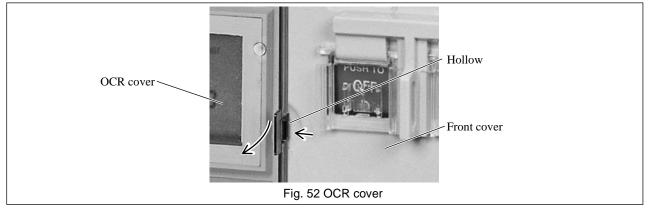
- OCR field tests and setting changes must be performed by competent persons.
- After setting changes are made, the settings be checked with e.g., a type ANU-1 OCR checker (optional).
- After completion of OCR tests, be sure to return the settings to the original values. Failure to do so may cause a fire or burnout.
- Before changing OCR settings, open the ACB and then lock the OFF button to prevent the ACB from being closed inadvertently.
- Do not push the SET button diagonally. Doing so may cause a poor in return and malfunction.

The following describes how to display measurements and make settings of the OCR.

## 5-3-2-1. General

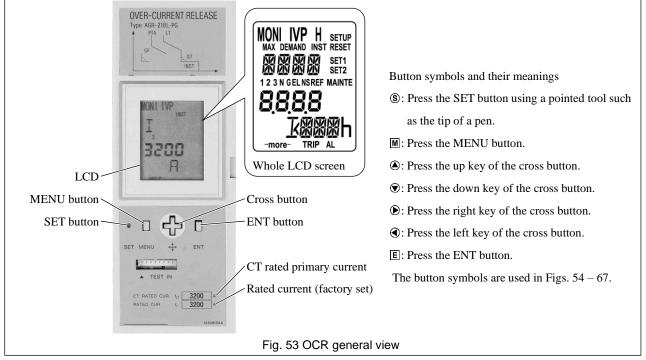
1) Push the right end of the OCR cover to the left at the hollow on the front cover to unlatch and open the OCR cover. See Fig. 52. If

the OCR cover is padlocked, first remove the padlock.



2) Make sure that control power is supplied. Control power supply is required to display measurements.

3) The MENU, SET, cross and ENT buttons are used to navigate the LCD screen. Fig. 53 provides the general view of the OCR.



- Before changing OCR settings, open the ACB and then lock the OFF button to prevent the ACB from being closed inadvertently. Unlock the OFF button after changing OCR settings.
- 5) Close the OCR cover after viewing measurements or changing settings.
- 6) After setting changes are made, it is recommended that the settings be checked with e.g., a type ANU-1 OCR checker (optional).

## 5-3-2-2. Available screens

The type AGR-21B/22B OCR has six screens available as shown in Fig. 54 below. Press the MENU button to go to the next screen.

	viewed on this screen.
	<ul> <li>Setup screen (SETUP): See 5-3-2-4-1.</li> <li>This screen allows reviewing the rated voltage, CT rated primary current or other specifications and changing settings.</li> </ul>
	This screen allows clearing the measured max. current and the trip/alarm event log and resetting trip/alarm operation indication.
	fault trip capabilities and changing these settings.
GF- TF 	• Setting 2 screen (SET2): See 5-3-2-7. This screen allows viewing settings relating to other capabilities than described above and changing these settings.
TES	<ul> <li>Maintenance screen (MAINTE): See 5-3-2-8.</li> <li>This screen allows viewing the trip/alarm event log.</li> <li>Test screen (MAINTE): See 5-4.</li> <li>This screen allows testing the long time delay, short time delay, instantaneous and ground fault trip</li> </ul>
	functions. Fig. 54 Available screens

#### The type AGR-31B-H OCR has seven screens available as shown in Fig. 55 below. Press the MENU button to go to the next screen.

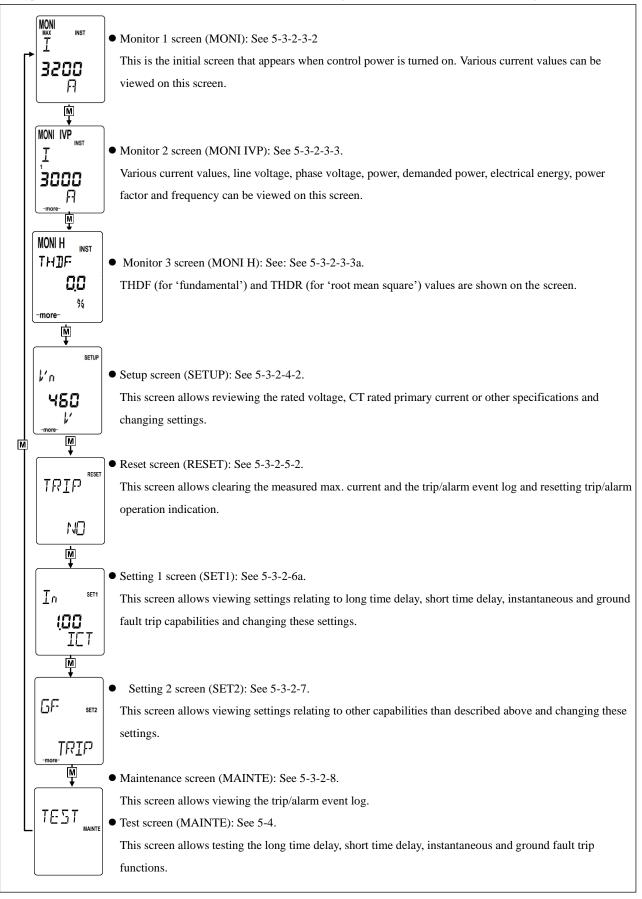
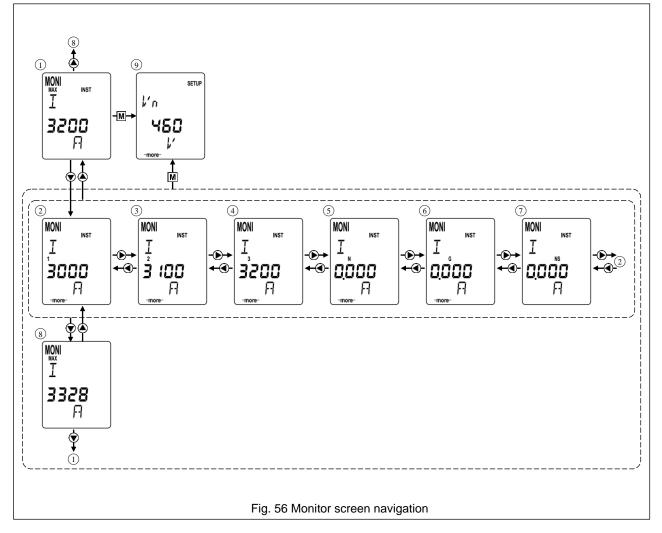


Fig. 55 Available screens

## 5-3-2-3. Monitor screen 5-3-2-3-1. Monitor screen (AGR-21B,22B)

Fig. 56 shows how to navigate the monitor screen and Table 26 lists the items that can be viewed on this screen.



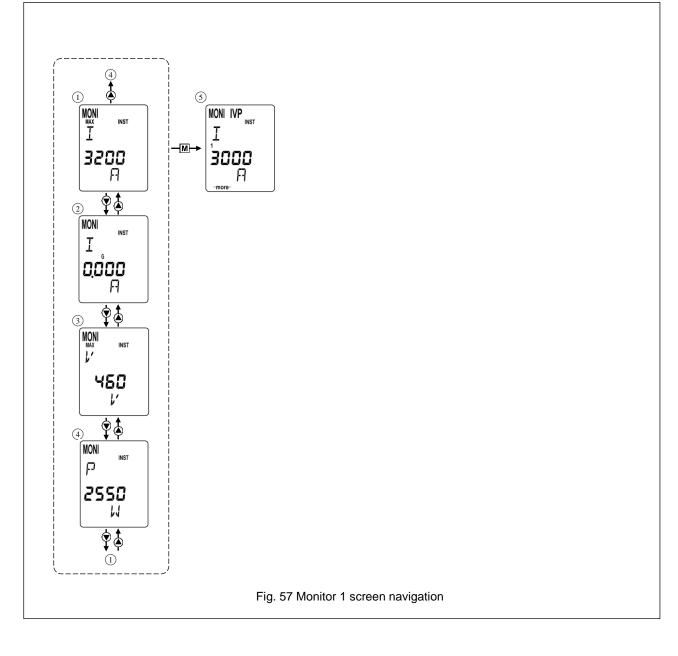
### Table 26 Monitor subscreens

No.	Subscreen item *1	Description	Tolerance
1	Max. phase current (present value)	Initial display	
2	First phase (R/A-phase) current (present value)	-	For type AGR-21B OCR:
3	Second phase (S/B-phase) current (present value)	-	$\pm 2.5\%$ of CT rated primary current [ <i>I</i> <sub>CT</sub> ]
4	Third phase (T/C-phase) current (present value)	-	Reading will be "0" when < 5% of CT rated primary current $[/c_T]$ .
5	Neutral (N-phase) current (present value)	Displayed when THE ACB is of 4-pole type	[/01].
6	Ground fault current (present value)	Displayed only when THE ACB is equipped with the ground fault trip function	For type AGR-22B OCR: ±1.5% of CT rated primary current [ <i>I</i> c <del>r</del> ]
$\bigcirc$	Negative-phase current (present value)	Displayed only when THE ACB is equipped with the negative-phase sequence protective function	Reading will be "0" when < 1.5% of CT rated primary current [/cr].
8	Max. phase current	-	
9	(Setup screen)	See 5-3-2-4-1.	-

\*1 If no value is found for an item, the corresponding subscreen is skipped.

### 5-3-2-3-2. Monitor 1 screen (AGR-31B-H)

Fig. 57 shows how to navigate the monitor 1 screen and Table 27 lists the items that can be viewed on this screen.



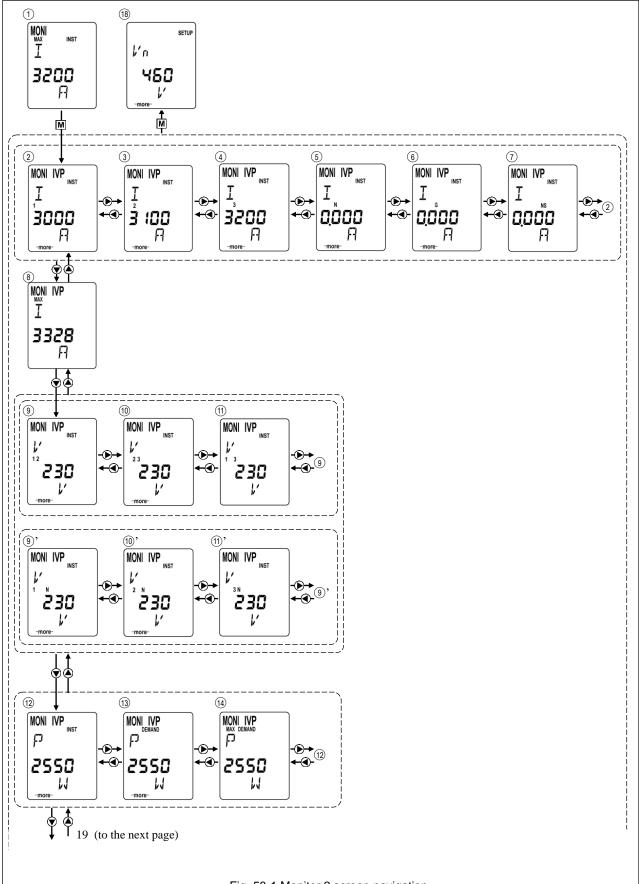
### Table 27 Monitor 1 subscreens

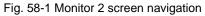
No.	Subscreen item *1	Description	Tolerance
1	Max. phase current (present value)	Initial display	
2	Ground fault current (present value)		±1.5% of CT rated primary current [ $l_{cT}$ ] Reading will be "0" when < 1.5% of CT rated primary
3	Max. phase current		current [/cT].
4	Power (present value)	-	
5	(Monitor 2 screen)	See 5-3-2-3-3.	

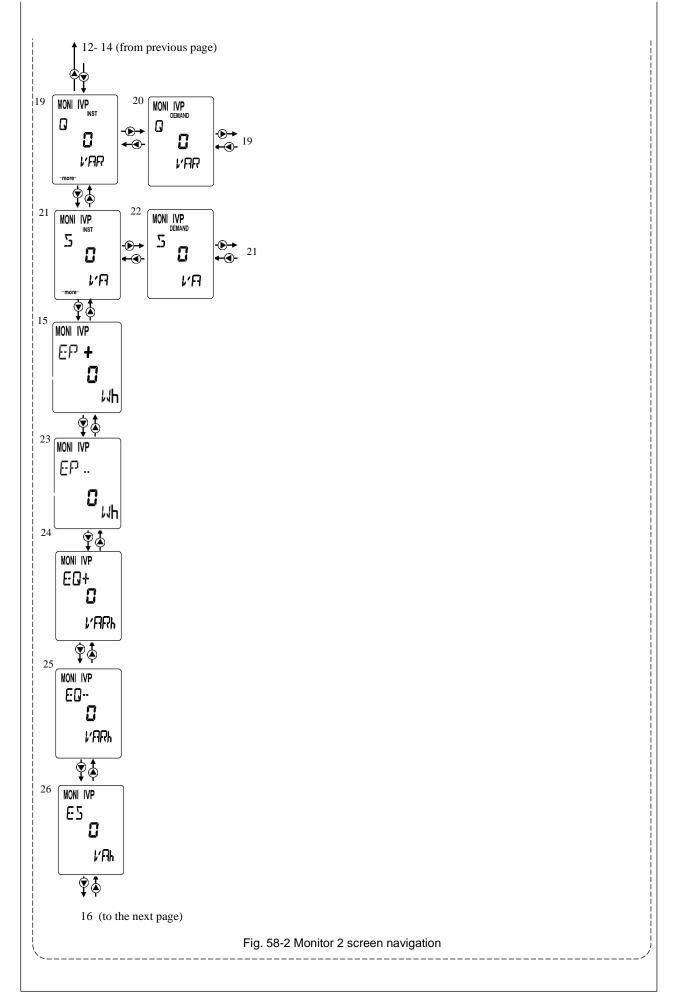
\*1: If no value is found for an item, the corresponding subscreen is skipped.

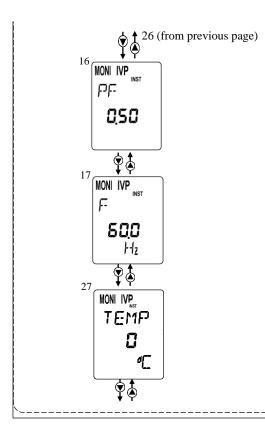
### 5-3-2-3-3. Monitor 2 screen (AGR-31B-H)

Fig. 58 shows how to navigate the monitor 2 screen and Table 28 lists the items that can be viewed on this screen.









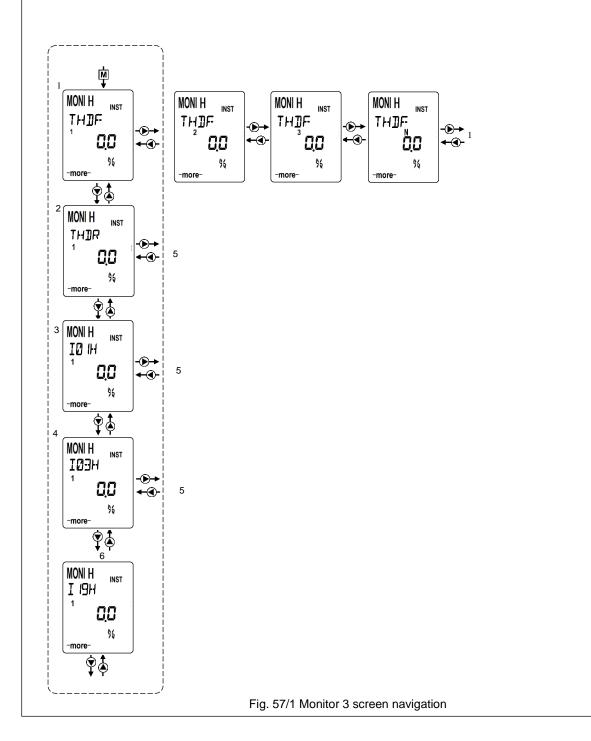
### Table 28 Monitor 2 subscreens

No.	Subscreen item *1	Description	Tolerance
1	(Monitor 1 screen)	See 5-3-2-3-2.	
2	First phase (R/A-phase) current (present value)	-	
3	Second phase (S/B-phase) current (present value)	-	
4	Third phase (T/C-phase) current (present value)	-	
5	Neutral (N-phase) current (present value)	Displayed when the ACB is of 4-pole type	
6	Ground fault current (present value)	Displayed only when the ACB is equipped with the ground fault trip function	
7	Negative-phase current (present value)	Displayed only when the ACB is equipped with the negative-phase sequence protective function	
8	Max. phase current	-	
9	Line voltage between first and second phases (R and S-phases, A and B-phases)	Displayed when the ACB is of single phase 3-wire	
10	Line voltage between second and third phases (S and T-phases, B and C-phases)	or 3-phase 3/4-wire type capable of line voltage indication	$\pm 1.5\%$ of CT rated primary current [ $l_{cT}$ ] Reading will be "0" when < 1.5% of CT rated primary current [ $l_{cT}$ ].
11	Line voltage between thrid and first phases (T and R- phases, C and A-phases)	moleation	
9'	Phase voltage between first (R/A) and neutral (N) phases		
10'	Phase voltage between second (S/B) and neutral (N) phases	Displayed when ACB is of 3-pahse 4-wire type capable of phase voltage indication	
11'	Phase voltage between third (T/C) and neutral (N) phases		
12	Power	-	
13	Demanded power	-	
14	Max. demanded power		
15	Plus Active energy (Wh)	-	
16	Power factor	-	
17	Frequency		]
18	(Setup screen)	See 5-3-2-4-2.	
19	Active Power (present value)		
20	Active power (demand value)		
21	Apparent Power (present value)		
22	Apparent Power (demand value)		
23	Minus Active Energy (Wh)		
24	Plus Reactive Energy (VARh)		
25	Minus Reactive Energy (VARh)		
26	Apparent Energy (VAh)		
27	Contact Temerature Monitoring		

1: If no value is found for an item, the corresponding subscreen is skipped.

## 5-3-2-3-3a. Monitor 3 screen (AGR-31B-H)

Fig. 57/1 shows how to navigate the monitor 3 screen and Table 27/1 lists the items that can be viewed on this screen.



### Table 27/1 Monitor 3 subscreens

No.	Subscreen item *1	Description
1	Total Harmonic Distortion Fundamental	-
2	Total Harmonic Distortion Root Mean Square	-
3	1st Harmonic current	-
4	3rd Harmonic current	-
5	Additional screens phase 2, 3 and N	-
6	Additional screens up to 19th harmonic	

\*1: If no value is found for an item, the corresponding subscreen is skipped. (Harmonic screen will show no value)

Tolerance:+/-2.5% of CT rated primary current (Ict). Reading will be 0 if less than 2.5% of primary CT current.

## 5-3-2-4. Setup screen 5-3-2-4-1. Setup screen(AGR-21B,22B)

Fig. 59 shows how to navigate the setup screen and Table 29 lists the items that can be viewed on this screen.

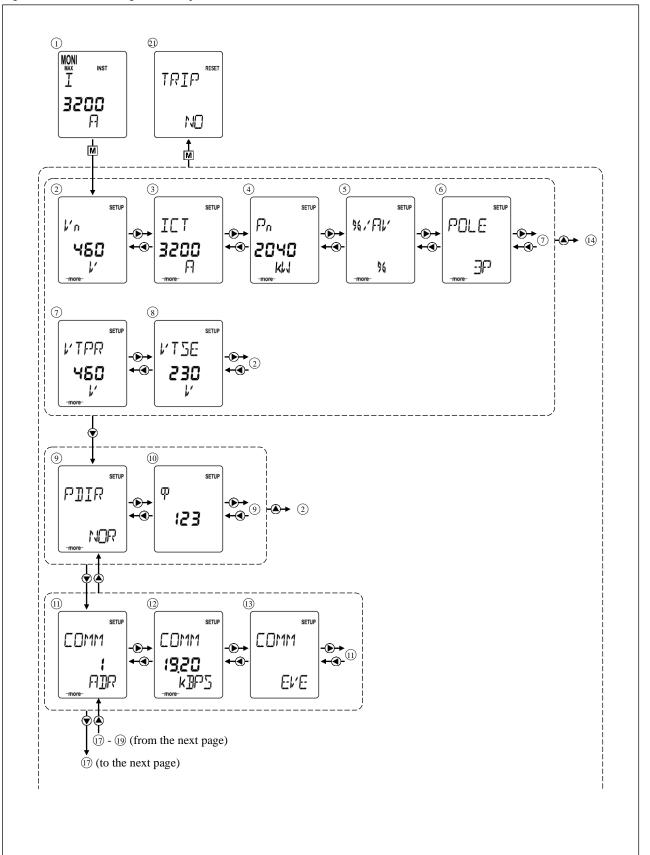
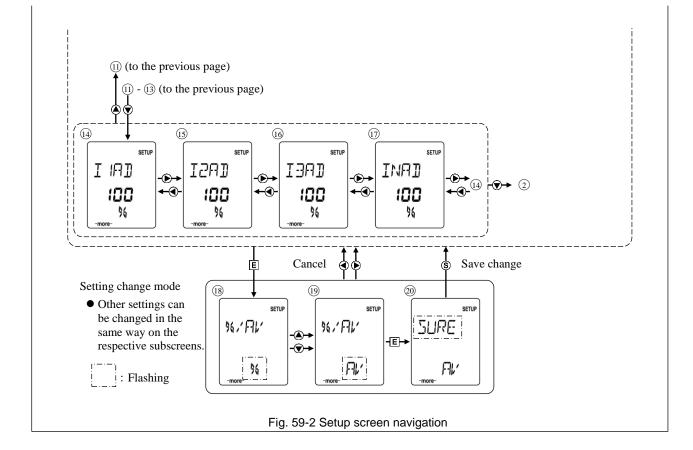


Fig. 59-1 Setup screen navigation



#### Table 29 Setup subscreens

No.	Subscreen item *1	Setting change	Setting range/Remarks *2
1	(Monitor screen)	-	See 5-3-2-3-1.
2	Main circuit rated voltage	Disabled	Fixed *3
3	CT rated primary current	Disabled	Fixed *3
4	Main circuit rated power	Disabled	Fixed *3 *8
5	Trip/alarm pickup settings	Enabled	% - AV (%: Percentage of setting reference, AV: Actual current (A.kA)/voltage (V)/power (W / kW) value)
6	Number of poles	Disabled	Fixed *3
$\bigcirc$	PT (potential transformer) primary current	Disabled	Fixed (displayed only when THE ACB is equipped with the reverse power trip function and the main circuit voltage exceeds 250V) *3
8	PT (potential transformer) secondary current	Disabled	Fixed (displayed only when THE ACB is equipped with the reverse power trip function and the main circuit voltage exceeds 250V) *3
9	Polarity	Enabled	NOR-REV (NOR: Normal connection, REV: Reverse connection) Select NOR when the power supply of the load is upstream of the breaker and REV when it is downstream of the breaker. *8
10	Phase sequence	Enabled	123-321 (123 means RST (ABC) and 321 does TSR (CBA) from left to right, as seen from the front of the ACB)
11	Transmission address	Enabled	01-0231 (31 addresses) *4 *5
12	Transmission rate	Enabled	4800/9600/ <u>19200</u> baud
13	Parity	Enabled	<u>EVE</u> -ODD-NON
14	Current adjustment, 1st phase	Enabled	97-98-99-100-101-102-103(%) *6 *7
15	Current adjustment, 2nd phase	Enabled	97-98-99-100-101-102-103(%) *6 *7
16	Current adjustment, 3rd phase	Enabled	97-98-99-100-101-102-103(%) *6 *7
17	Current adjustment, Nth phase	Enabled	97-98-99-100-101-102-103 (%) (Equipped on 4-pole ACBs) *6 *7
18	Setting change mode "Start"	-	Press ENTER to enter this subscreen from a setup subscreen. The value that can be changed will flash. To exit this subscreen, press the right or left key of the cross button.
19	Setting change mode "Setting change"	-	Press the up or down key of the cross button to change the setting. To exit this subscreen with no change in setting, press the right or left key of the cross button.
20	Setting change mode "Save change"	-	Press ENTER to enter this subscreen from subscreen <sup>(9)</sup> . "SURE" will be flashing. To save the change, press SET. The subscreen will exit to the Reset screen. To exit this subscreen while no change is saved, press the right or left key of the cross button.
21	(Reset screen)	-	See 5-3-2-5-1.

If no value is found for an item, the corresponding subscreen is skipped. Underlined values are default settings.

\*1 \*2 \*3 \*4

Underlined values are default settings. Factory set according to your request. The setting procedure is somewhat different from () – (). Press ENT while subscreen () is displayed. The ten's digit of the communication address will flash. Use the up or down key of the cross button to change the digit. After changing the ten's digit, press ENT again. The unit's digit of the communication address will flash. Use the up or down key of the cross button to change the digit. After changing the unit's digit, press ENT again. The unit's digit of the communication address will flash. Use the up or down key of the cross button to change the digit. After changing the unit's digit, press ENT. "SURE" will start flashing. See the description of subscreen ().

\*5 If a communication address other than 01 to 31 is entered and SET is pressed, the address setting will not change; the ten's digit of the communication address will flash, then the OCR returns to setting change mode.

\*6 \*7 \*8 These subscreens are for making corrections to avoid variation in measurement. Settings on the subscreens have no influence upon trip/alarm pickup current values.

Only for the AGR-22BS-PR, this item is indicated.

### 5-3-2-4-2. Setup screen(AGR-31B-H)

Fig. 60 shows how to navigate the setup screen and Table 30 lists the items that can be viewed on this screen.

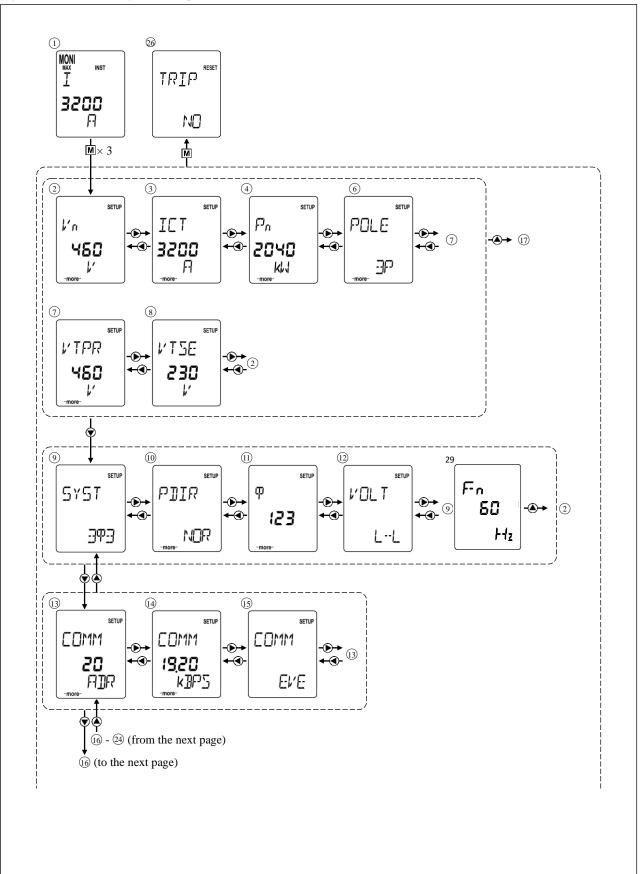
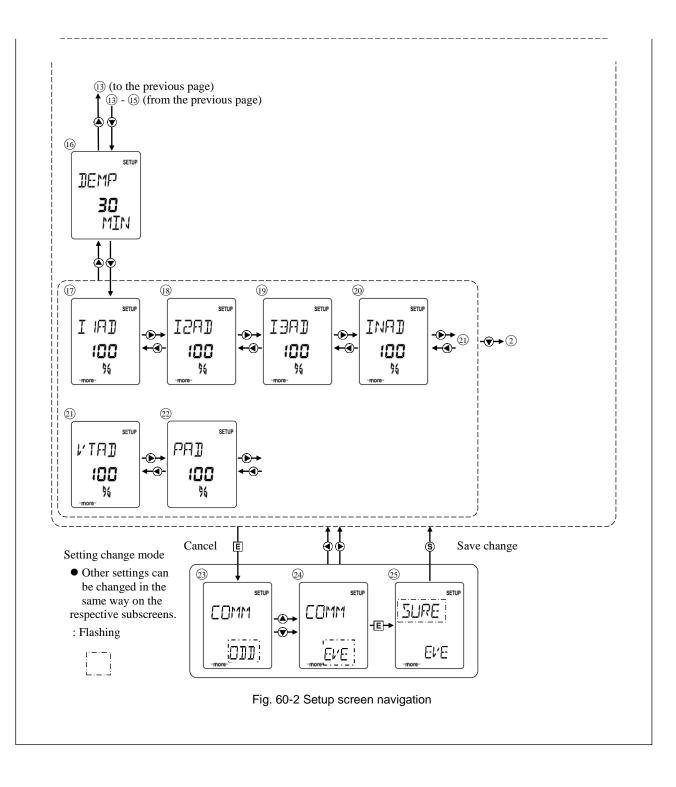


Fig. 60-1 Setup screen navigation



#### Table 30 Setup subscreens

No.	Subscreen item *1	Setting change	Setting range/Remarks *2
1	(Monitor 1 screen)	-	See 5-3-2-3-2.
2	Main circuit rated voltage	Disabled	Fixed *3
3	CT rated primary current	Disabled	Fixed *3
4	Main circuit rated power	Disabled	Determined (calculated with main circuit rated voltage and rated current [/n]) Fixed *3 (for OCR type AGR-31BS-PR)
6	Number of poles	Disabled	Fixed *3
$\bigcirc$	PT (potential transformer) primary current	Disabled	Fixed (displayed only when THE ACB is equipped with the reverse power trip function and the main circuit voltage exceeds 250V) *3
(8)	PT (potential transformer) secondary current	Disabled	Fixed (displayed only when THE ACB is equipped with the reverse power trip function and the main circuit voltage exceeds 250V) *3
9	Phase wiring scheme	Enabled	1φ3- <u>3φ3</u> -3φ4
0	Polarity	Enabled	NOR-REV (NOR: Normal connection, REV: Reverse connection) Select NOR when the power supply of the load is upstream of the breaker and REV when it is downstream of the breaker. (for OCR type AGR-31B)
1	Phase sequence	Enabled	123-321 (123 means RST (ABC) and 321 does TSR (CBA) from left to right, as seen from the front of the ACB)
12	Voltage indication	Enabled	L-N-L-L
13	Transmission address	Enabled	01-0231 (31 addresses) *4 *5
14	Transmission rate	Enabled	4800/9600/ <u>19200</u> baud
15	Parity	Enabled	<u>EVE</u> -ODD-NON
16	Demand interval	Enabled	<u>5</u> -30-60 (MIN)
17	Current adjustment, 1st phase	Enabled	97-98-99-100-101-102-103(%) *6 *7
18	Current adjustment, 2nd phase	Enabled	97-98-99-100-101-102-103(%) *6 *7
19	Current adjustment, 3rd phase	Enabled	97-98-99-100-101-102-103(%) *6 *7
20	Current adjustment, Nth phase	Enabled	97-98-99-100-101-102-103 (%) (Equipped on 4-pole ACBs) *6 *7
21	Voltge ratio adjustment	Enabled	97-98-99-100-101-102-103 (%) *6 *7
22	Power adjustment	Enabled	97-98-99-100-101-102-103 (%) *6 *7
23	Setting change mode "Start"	-	Press ENTER to enter this subscreen from a setup subscreen. The value that can be changed will flash. To exit this subscreen, press the right or left key of the cross button.
24	Setting change mode "Setting change"	-	Press the up or down key of the cross button to change the setting. To exit this subscreen with no change in setting, press the right or left key of the cross button.
25	Setting change mode "Save change"	-	Press ENTER to enter this subscreen from subscreen . "SURE" will be flashing. To save the change, press SET. The subscreen will exit to the Reset screen. To exit this subscreen while no change is saved, press the right or left key of the cross button.
26	(Reset screen)	-	See 5-3-2-5-2.
29	System Frequency Setting		

System Frequency Setting If no value is found for an item, the corresponding subscreen is skipped. \*1:

\*2: \*3: \*4:

If no value is found for an item, the corresponding subscreen is skipped. Underlined values are default settings. Factory set according to your request. The setting procedure is somewhat different from (2) – (2). Press ENT while subscreen (3) is displayed. The ten's digit of the communication address will flash. Use the up or down key of the cross button to change the digit. After changing the ten's digit, press ENT again. The unit's digit of the communication address will flash. Use the up or down key of the cross button to change the digit. After changing the unit's digit, press ENT. "SURE" will start flashing. See the description of subscreen (2). If SET is pressed when the ten's digit is flashing, "SURE" will start flashing, indicating that the current subscreen has exited to subscreen (2). If a communication address other than 01 to 31 is entered and SET is pressed, the address setting will not change; the ten's digit of the communication address will flash, then the OCR returns to setting change mode. Factory set before delivery.

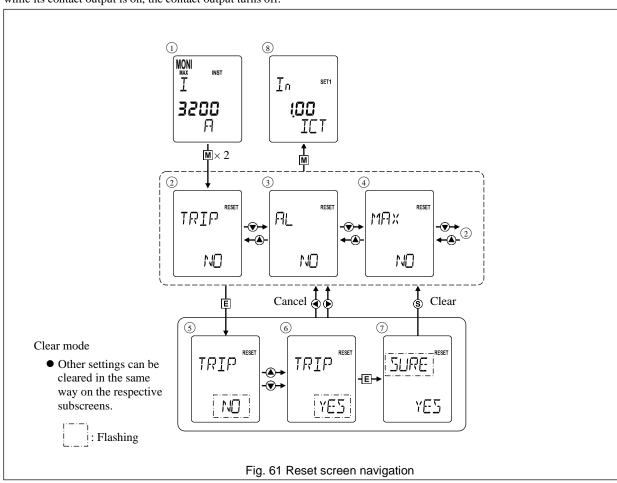
\*5:

\*6: \*7: Factory set before delivery. These subscreens are for making corrections to avoid variation in measurement. Settings on the subscreens have no influence upon trip/alarm pickup current values.

### 5-3-2-5. Reset screen

## 5-3-2-5-1. Reset screen (AGR-21B,22B)

Fig. 61 shows how to navigate the reset screen and Table 31 lists the items that can be cleared on this screen. When an item is cleared while its contact output is on, the contact output turns off.



#### Table 31 Reset subscreens

No.	Subscreen item	Description
1	(Monitor screen)	See 5-3-2-3-1.
2	Trip event log	Allows clearing the trip event log (trip cause, fault current value and operating time).
3	Alarm event log	Allows clearing the alarm event log (alarm cause, fault current value and operating time).
(4)	Max. phase current	Allows clearing the max. phase current (see Fig. 56 ®).
5	Clear mode "Start"	Press ENTER to enter this subscreen from a reset subscreen. "NO" will flash. To exit this subscreen, press the right or left key of the cross button.
6	Clear mode "YES"	Press the up or down key of the cross button. "YES" will appear. To exit this subscreen without clearing the item, press the right or left key of the cross button.
Ø	Clear mode "Clear"	This subscreen appears when ENTER is pressed while "YES" is appearing. "SURE" will flash. To clear the item, press SET. The subscreen will exit to the Setting 1 screen. When an items is cleared while its contact output is on, the contact output turns off. To exit this subscreen without clearing the item, press the right or left key of the cross button.
8	(Setting 1 screen)	See 5-3-2-6.

## 5-3-2-5-2. Reset screen(AGR-31B-H)

Fig. 62 shows how to navigate the reset screen and Table 32 lists the items that can be cleared on this screen. When an item is

cleared while its contact output is on, the contact output turns off.

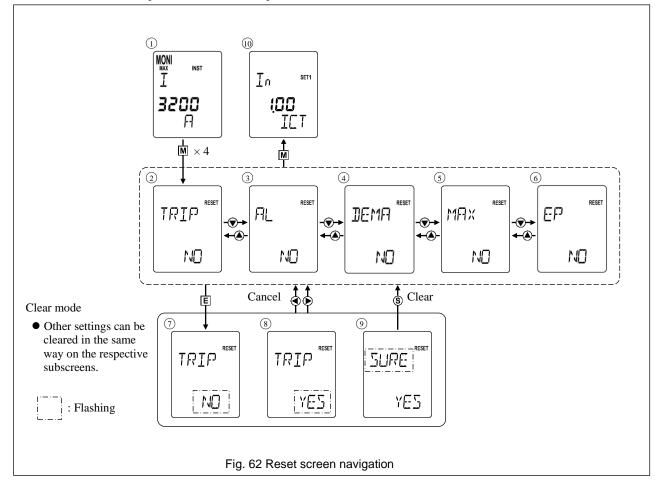
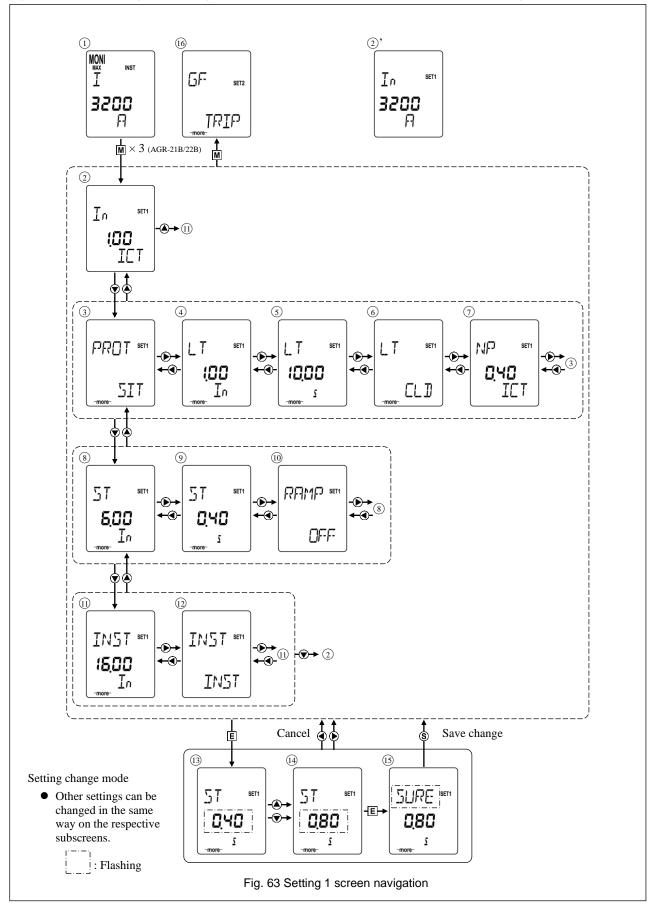


Table 32	Reset	subscreens
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No.	Subscreen item	Description
1	(Monitor screen)	See 5-3-2-3-2.
2	Trip event log	Allows clearing the trip event log (trip cause, fault current value and operating time).
3	Alarm event log	Allows clearing the alarm event log (alarm cause, fault current value and operating time).
4	Max. demanded power	Allows clearing the max. demanded power (see Fig. 51 12)
5	Max. phase current	Allows clearing the max. phase current (see Fig. 51 (9).
6	Integrated demand	Allows clearing the integrated demand.
Ø	Clear mode "Start"	Press ENTER to enter this subscreen from a reset subscreen. "NO" will flash. To exit this subscreen, press the right or left key of the cross button.
8	Clear mode "YES"	Press the up or down key of the cross button. "YES" will appear. To exit this subscreen without clearing the item, press the right or left key of the cross button.
9	Clear mode "Clear"	This subscreen appears when ENTER is pressed while "YES" is appearing. "SURE" will flash. To clear the item, press SET. The subscreen will exit to the Setting 1 screen. To exit this subscreen without clearing the item, press the right or left key of the cross button.
10	(Setting 1 screen)	See 5-3-2-6.

### 5-3-2-6. Setting 1 screen (AGR-21B,22B)

Fig. 63 shows how to navigate the Setting 1 screen and Table 33 lists the items that can be viewed or changed on this screen.



### Table 33 Setting 1 subscreens

No.	Subscreen item *1	Setting range/Remarks *2 *3
1	(Monitor screen)	See 5-3-2-3.
2	Rated current (L/R characteristic)	[ <i>I</i> <sub>cT</sub> ] × (0.5-0.63-0.8- <u>1.0</u> ) (A)
②'	Rated current (S characteristic)	[/cr] × (0.5 to 1.0) (A): Fixed to a single point in increments of 1A
3	Long time delay trip characteristic (R characteristic)	SIT-VIT-EIT-3IT-4IT (SIT: I <sup>0.02</sup> t, VIT: I t, EIT: I <sup>2</sup> t, 3IT: I <sup>3</sup> t, 4IT: I <sup>4</sup> t) *4
4	Long time delay trip pickup current	L/R characteristic: [ <i>h</i> ] × (0.8-0.85-0.9-0.95- <u>1.0</u> -NON) (A) S characteristic: [ <i>h</i> ] × (0.8-1.05-1.1- <u>1.15</u> -NON) (A)
5	Long time delay trip pickup time	L characteristic: 0.5-1.25-2.5-5 <u>-10</u> -15-20-25-30 (sec) R characteristic: 1-2-3-4- <u>5</u> -6.3-6.8-10 (sec) S characteristic: 15- <u>20</u> -25-30-40-50-60 (sec)
6	Long time delay trip mode HOT/COLD	<u>COLD</u> /HOT
7	N-phase protection trip pickup current	$[l_{CT}] \times (0.4-0.5-0.63-0.8-1.0)$ (A)
8	Short time delay trip pickup current	L/R characteristic: [/ <sub>h</sub> ] x (1-1.5-2-2.5-3-4- <u>6</u> -8-10-NON) (A) S characteristic: [/ <sub>h</sub> ] x (2-2.5-2.7-3-3.5-4-4.5-5-NON) (A)
9	Short time delay trip pickup time	L/R characteristic: 0.05-0.1-0.2- <u>0.4</u> -0.6-0.8 (sec) S characteristic: 0.1- <u>0.2</u> -0.3-0.4-0.6-0.8 (sec)
10	Short time delay trip I <sup>2</sup> t protection type	<u>OFF</u> /ON
1	Instantaneous trip pickup current	[ <i>I</i> <sub>n</sub> ] x (2-4-6-8-10-12-14- <u>16</u> -NON) (A)
12	Instantaneous trip INST/MCR	INST/MCR
13	Setting change mode "Start"	Press ENTER to enter this subscreen from a setting 1 subscreen. The value that can be changed will flash. To exit this subscreen, press the right or left key of the cross button.
14	Setting change mode "Setting change"	Press the up or down key of the cross button to change the setting. To exit this subscreen with no change in setting, press the right or left key of the cross button.
15	Setting change mode "Save change"	Press ENTER to enter this subscreen while subscreen <sup>®</sup> is displayed. "SURE" will flash. To save the change, press SET. The subscreen will exit to the Setting 2 screen. To exit this subscreen while no change is saved, press the right or left key of the cross button.
16	(Setting 2 screen)	See 5-3-2-7.

 (9)
 [Setting 2 screen)
 [See 5-3-2-7.]

 \*1
 If no value is found for an item, the corresponding subscreen is skipped.

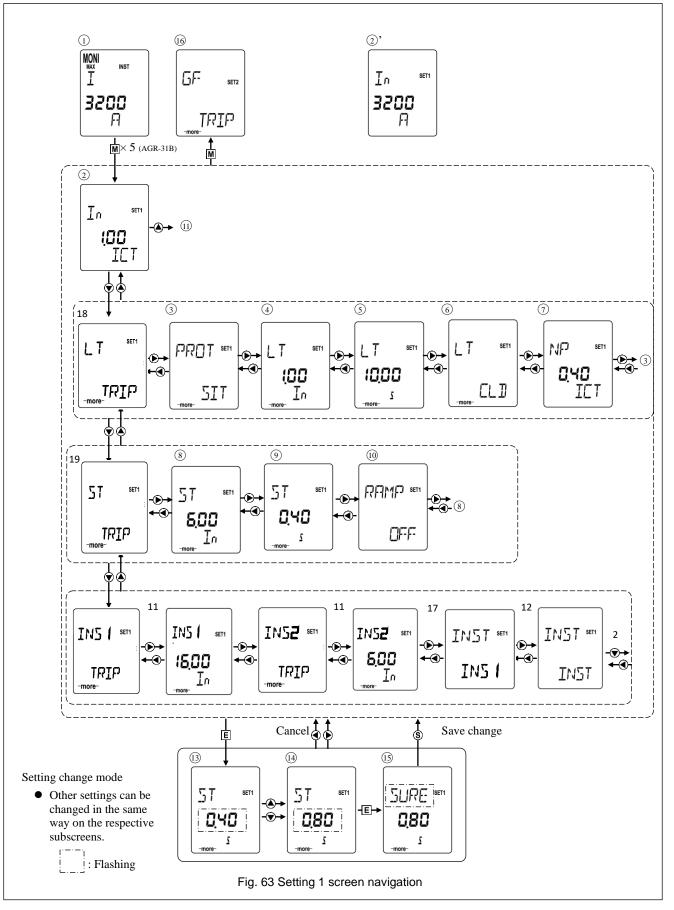
 \*2
 Underlined values are default settings.

 \*3
 This table shows percent representations of settings. For AV representations (see 5-3-2-4), current values are indicated in A (Amperage).

 \*4
 Factory set according to your request.

### 5-3-2-6a. Setting 1 screen (AGR-31B-H)

Fig. 63 shows how to navigate the Setting 1 screen and Table 33 lists the items that can be viewed or changed on this screen.



#### Table 33 Setting 1 subscreens

No.	Subscreen item *1	Setting range/Remarks *2 *3
1	(Monitor screen)	See 5-3-2-3.
2	Rated current (L/R characteristic)	$[l_{CT}] \times (0.5 - 0.63 - 0.8 - \frac{1.0}{0})$ (A)
②'	Rated current (S characteristic)	[/cr] x (0.5 to 1.0) (A): Fixed to a single point in increments of 1A
3	Long time delay trip characteristic (R characteristic)	SIT-VIT-EIT-3IT-4IT (SIT: I <sup>0.02</sup> t, VIT: I t, EIT: I <sup>2</sup> t, 3IT: I <sup>3</sup> t, 4IT: I <sup>4</sup> t) *4
4	Long time delay trip pickup current	L/R characteristic: [ <i>I</i> <sub>h</sub> ] × (80%- <u>100</u> %-NON) (A) - AGR-31B fine adjustment (1% steps) S characteristic: [ <i>I</i> <sub>h</sub> ] × (80%- <u>115</u> %-NON) (A) - AGR-31B fine adjustment (1% steps)
\$	Long time delay trip pickup time	L characteristic: 0.5- <u>10</u> -30 (sec) - AGR-31B fine adjustment (0.01 sec step) R characteristic: 1- <u>5</u> -10 (sec) ) - AGR-31B fine adjustment (0.01 secs step) S characteristic: 15- <u>20</u> -60 (sec) - AGR-31B fine adjustment (0.01 secs step)
6	Long time delay trip mode HOT/COLD	COLD/HOT
$\overline{O}$	N-phase protection trip pickup current	[/ <sub>cτ]</sub> × ( <u>40%</u> -100%) (A) - AGR-31B fine adjustment (1% steps)
8	Short time delay trip pickup current	L/R characteristic: [/n] x (100%- <u>600</u> %-1000%NON) (A) - AGR-31B fine adjustment (1% steps) S characteristic: [/n] x (200%-500-NON) (A) - AGR-31B fine adjustment (1% steps)
9	Short time delay trip pickup time	L/R characteristic: 0.05- <u>0.4</u> -0.8 (sec) - AGR-31B fine adjustment (0.01 secs step) S characteristic: 0.1- <u>0.2</u> -0.8 (sec) ) - AGR-31B fine adjustment (0.01 secs step)
10	Short time delay trip I <sup>2</sup> t protection type	<u>OFF</u> /ON
1	Instantaneous trip pickup current	[/ <sub>n</sub> ] x (200%- <u>1600</u> %-NON) (A) -(AGR-31BL-H - <u>INS1</u> or INS2) AGR-31B fine adjustment (1% steps)
12	Instantaneous trip INST/MCR	INST/MCR
13	Setting change mode "Start"	Press ENTER to enter this subscreen from a setting 1 subscreen. The value that can be changed will flash. To exit this subscreen, press the right or left key of the cross button.
14	Setting change mode "Setting change"	Press the up or down key of the cross button to change the setting. To exit this subscreen with no change in setting, press the right or left key of the cross button.
15	Setting change mode "Save change"	Press ENTER to enter this subscreen while subscreen @ is displayed. "SURE" will flash. To save the change, press SET. The subscreen will exit to the Setting 2 screen. To exit this subscreen while no change is saved, press the right or left key of the cross button.
16	(Setting 2 screen)	See 5-3-2-7.
Ø	Inst Trip – INS1 or INS2 (AGR-31B-H)	Select which INST trip setting will be used - INS1 or INS2. AGR-31B-H fine adjustment (1% steps)
18	Long Time Delay Trip	Trip/Off
19	Short Time Delay Trip	Trip/Off

 19
 Short Time Delay Trip
 Trip/Off

 \*\*\*
 AGR-31B-H select INS (INST) trip value (screen 11) for INS 1 and 2, select trip setting to be used INS1 or INS2 (screen 17), select trip mode (screen 12).

 (\*INS 2 is used for maintenance to 'reduce arc energy')
 \*1

 \*1
 If no value is found for an item, the corresponding subscreen is skipped.

 \*2
 Underlined values are default settings.

 \*3
 This table shows percent representations of settings. For AV representations (see 5-3-2-4), current values are indicated in A (Amperage).

 \*4
 Factory set according to your request.

Factory settings

#### 5-3-2-7. Setting 2 screen

Fig. 64 shows how to navigate the Setting 2 screen and Table 34 lists the items that can be viewed or changed on this screen.

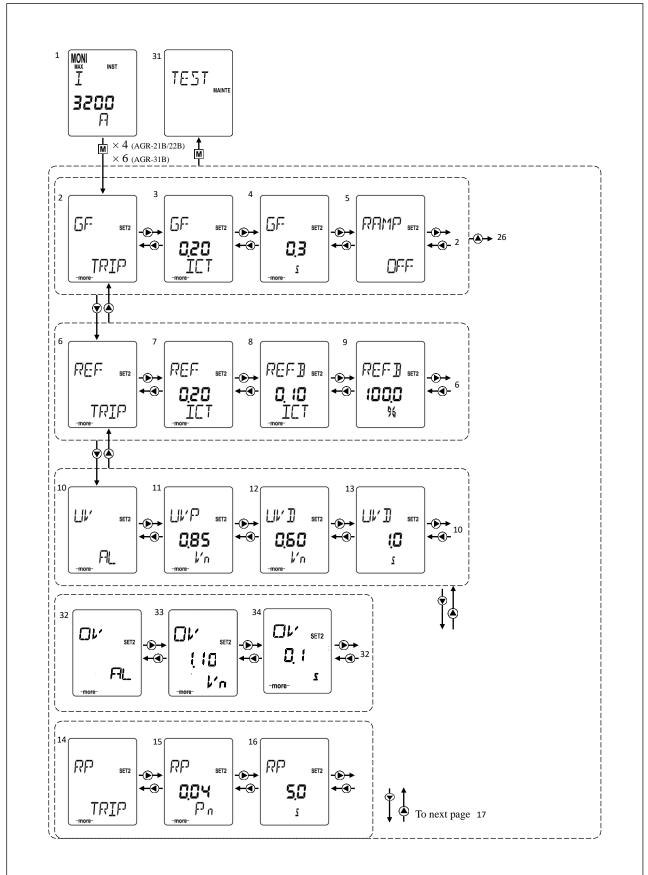
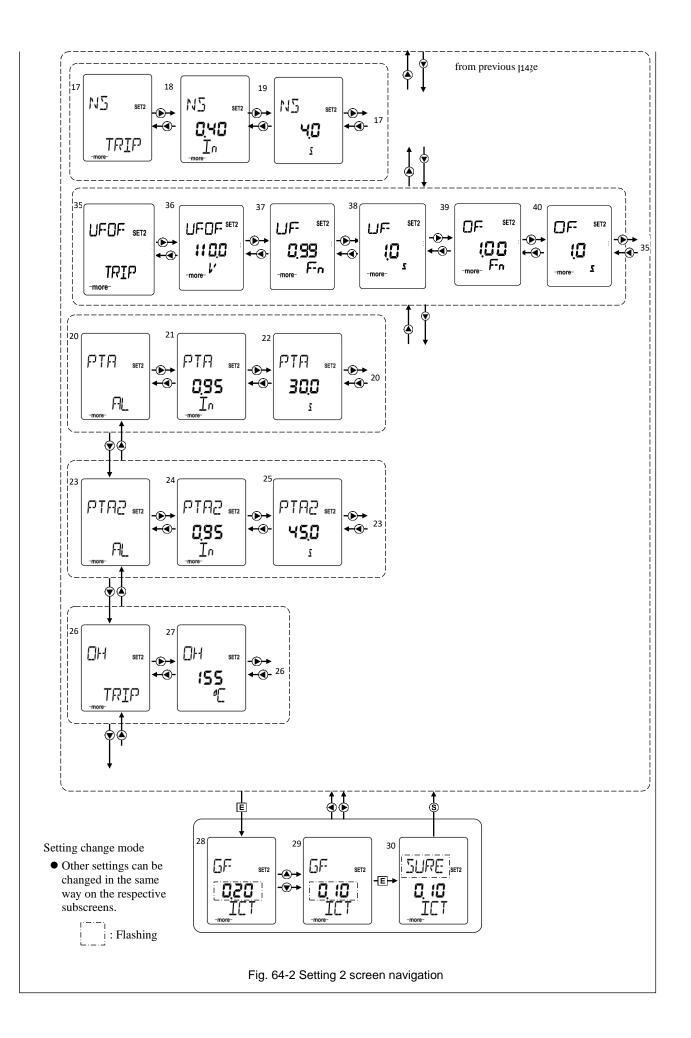


Fig. 64-1 Setting 2 screen navigation



#### Table 34 Setting 2 subscreens

No.	Subscreen item *1	Setting range/Remarks *2 *3
1	(Monitor screen)	See 5-3-2-3.
2	Ground fault trip mode	TRIP/AL/OFF
3	Ground fault trip pickup current	[/ct] × (0.1-0.2-0.3-0.4-0.6-0.8-1.0-NON) (A) - AGR-31B fine adjustment (1% steps) (10%-100%)(A)
4	Ground fault trip pickup time	0.1-0.2-0.3-0.5-1-2 (sec) ) - AGR-31B fine adjustment (0.1 sec step) (0.1-2) (sec)
5	Ground fault trip I <sup>2</sup> t protection type	OFF/ON
6	Line side ground fault protection mode	TRIP/AL/OFF
$\bigcirc$	Line side ground fault protection trip pickup current	[ <i>l</i> cT] × (0.1- <u>0.2</u> -0.3-0.4-0.6-0.8-1.0-NON) (A) - AGR-31B fine adjustment (1% steps) (10%-100%)(A)
8	Line side ground fault protection bias current	[/cτ] × (0.1-0.3-0.5-0.7-0.9-1.1-1.3-1.5) (A) *4- AGR-31B fine adjustment (1% steps) (10%-150%)(A)
9	Line side ground fault protection bias limit	100% (fixed) *4
10	undervoltage alarm mode	AL/OFF
1	Undervoltage alarm recovery voltage	[V <sub>1</sub> ] × (0.8-0.85-0.9-0.95) (V) - AGR-31B fine adjustment (1% steps) (80%-95%) (V)
12	Undervoltage alarm pickup voltage	[V <sub>h</sub> ] × (0.4-0. <u>6</u> -0.8) (V) - AGR-31B fine adjustment (1% steps) (40%-80%) (V)
13	Undervoltage alarm pickup time	0.1-0.5-1-2-5-10-15-20-30-36 (sec) ) - AGR-31B fine adjustment (0.1 sec step) (0.1-36) (sec)
19	Reverse power trip mode	TRIP/AL/OFF
15	Reverse power trip pickup power	[Ph] × (0.04-0.05-0.06-0.07-0.08-0.09-0.1-NON) (kW) - AGR-31B fine adjustment (1% steps) (4%-100%)(kW)
16	Reverse power trip pickup time	2.5-5-7.5-10-12.5-15-17.5-20 (sec) ) - AGR-31B fine adjustment (0.1 sec step) (2.5-20) (sec)
10		
U	Negative-phase sequence protection mode	TRIP/AL/OFF
18	Negative-phase sequence protection trip pickup current	[ <i>h</i> ] × (0.2-0.3- <u>0.4</u> -0.5-0.6-0.7-0.8-0.9-1.0) (A) - AGR-31B fine adjustment (1% steps) (20%-100%) (A)
19	Negative-phase sequence protection trip pickup time	0.4-0.8-1.2-1.6-2-2.4-2.8-3.2-3.6-4 (sec) ) - AGR-31B fine adjustment (0.1 sec step) (0.4-4) (sec)
20	Pretrip alarm mode	<u>AL</u> /OFF
21	Pretrip alarm pickup current	L/R characteristic: [ <i>h</i> ] × (0.75-0.8-0.85-0.9-0. <u>95</u> -1.0) (A) - AGR-31B fine adjustment (1% steps) (75%-100%)(A) S characteristic: [ <i>h</i> ] × (0.75-0.8-0.85-0.9-0. <u>95</u> -1.0-1.05) (A) - AGR-31B fine adjustment (1% steps) (75%-105%)(A)
22	Pretrip alarm pickup time	L/R characteristic: 5-10-15-20-40-60-80-120-160-200) (sec) ) - AGR-31B fine adjustment (0.1 sec step) (5-200) (sec) S characteristic: 10-15-20-25-30 (sec) ) - AGR-31B fine adjustment (0.1 sec step) (10-30) (sec)
23	Pretrip alarm 2 mode	AL/OFF
24	Pretrip alarm 2 pickup current	[ <i>h</i> ] × (0.75-0.8-0.85-0.9- <u>0.95</u> -1.0-1.05) (A) - AGR-31B fine adjustment (1% steps) (75%-105%)(A)
25	Pretrip alarm 2 pickup time	1.5x In (sec) (determined by auto calculation)
26	Contact overheat monitor mode	TRIP/AL/OFF
27	Contact overheat alarm pickup temperature	155°C (fixed)
28	Setting change mode "Start"	Press ENTER to enter this subscreen from a setting 2 subscreen. The value that can be changed will flash. To exit this subscreen, press the right or left key of the cross button.
29	Setting change mode "Setting change"	Press the up or down key of the cross button to change the setting. To exit this subscreen with no change in setting, press the right or left key of the cross button.
30	Setting change mode "Save change"	Press ENTER to enter this subscreen from subscreen <sup>(2)</sup> . "SURE" will flash. To save the change, press SET. The subscreen will exit to the Setting 2 screen. To exit this subscreen while no change is saved, press the right or left key of the cross button.
31	(Maintenance screen)	See 5-3-2-8 and 5-4.
35	Overvoltage alarm mode	AL/OFF
36	Overvoltage alarm voltage setting	[Vn] x (105% to 150%) (V), Tolerance: ±5% *1% step
37	Overvoltage alarm time setting	(0.1 to 5.0) (sec) at voltage setting or less, Tolerance: ±15%, +0.1s -0s *0.1sec step
38	Under/over frequency protection mode	TRIP/AL/OFF
39	Under/over frequency protection voltage setting	Nominal voltage
40	Under frequency setting	[ <i>F</i> <sub>n</sub> ] × (80% to 105%) (V), *1% step
41	Under frequency time setting	(0.1 to 10) (sec) *0.1sec step
42	Over frequency setting	[Fn] × (95% to 140%) (V), *1% step
43	Over frequency time setting	(0.1 to 10) (sec) *0.1sec step

If no value is found for an item, the corresponding subscreen is skipped.

\*1 \*2 \*3 \*4 Underlined values are default settings. This table shows percent representations of settings. For AV representations (see 5-3-2-4), current values are indicated in A (Amperage), V (voltage), or kW (kilowatt). The line side ground fault protection bias current and bias limit are coefficients for strain. Because the line side ground fault protection function performs an arithmetic operation using the difference between CTs with different characteristics, errors in measured line side ground fault current become significant when a large current flows through the ACB. "Strain" is to increase the line side ground fault trip pickup current with increasing current flowing through the ACB, thus preventing malfunctions caused by such an error. The following shows the relationship between the current flowing through the ACB and the line side ground fault protection trip pickup current under "strained" conditions:

When ( $i + i_{REFCT}$ ) / 2  $\leq$  /REF2;

/REFNOW = /REF

When  $(i + i_{REFCT}) / 2 > I_{REF2};$ 

 $l_{\text{REFNOW}} = l_{\text{REF}} [1 + a \{ (i + i_{\text{REFCT}}) / 2 / l_{\text{REF2}} - 1 \} ]$ 

(/ker: Line side ground fault protection trip pickup current, /ker2: Line side ground fault protection bias current, a: Line side ground fault protection bias limit, i Max. phase current (present value), inefect: Line side ground fault current, Inefenow: Line side ground fault protection pickup current calculated using strain coefficients)

 $\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Ex.: When (}i + i \mbox{ReF} \end{tabular} / 2 = 5 \times i \mbox{ReF2} \mbox{ and other settings remain default;} \\ i \mbox{ReFNOW} = i \mbox{ReF} \end{tabular} 1 + 1 \times \{ 5 \times i \mbox{ReF2} \end{tabular} \end{tabular}$ 

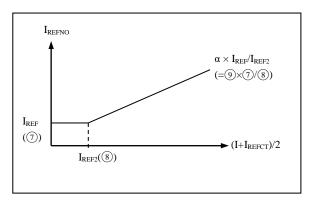
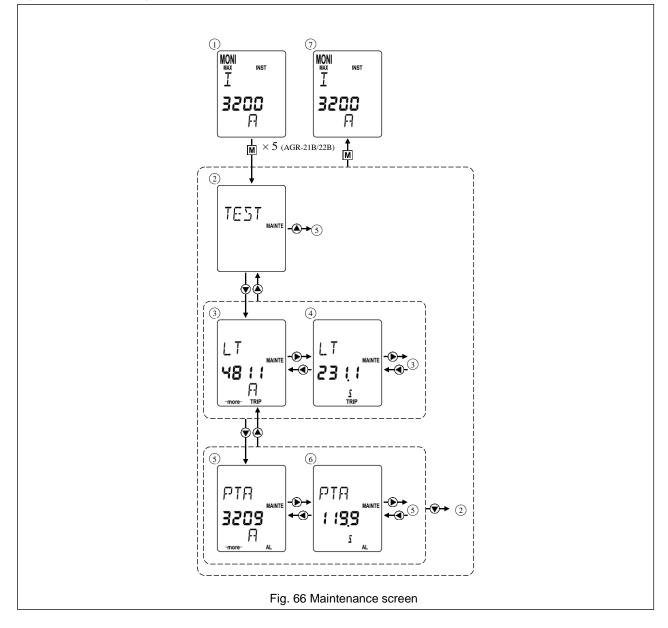


Fig. 65 Relationship between the current flowing through the ACB and the line side ground fault protection trip pickup current under "strained" conditions

### 5-3-2-8a. Maintenance screen (AGR-21B,22B)

Fig. 66 shows how to navigate the maintenance screen and Table 35 lists the items that can be viewed on this screen.



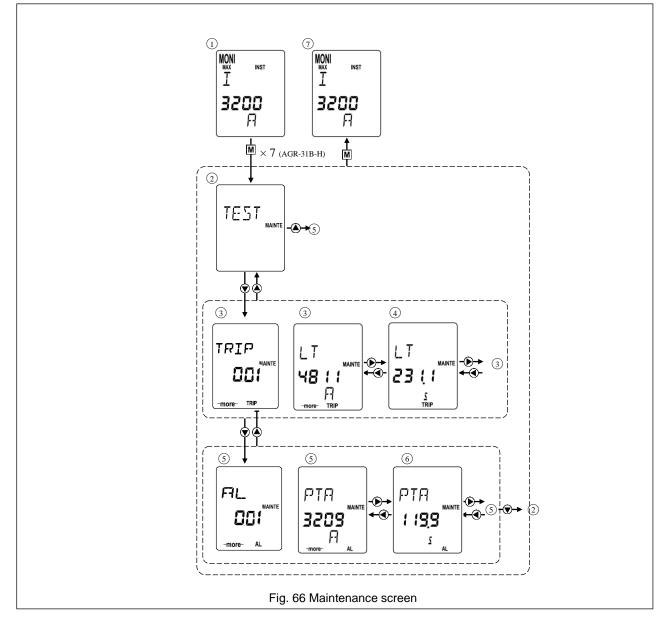
#### Table 35 Maintenance subscreens

No.	Subscreen item *1	Description
1	(Monitor screen)	See 5-3-2-3.
2	(Maintenance screen)	-
3	Trip event log (fault current value)	Trip cause and fault current value
4	Trip event log (operating time)	Trip cause and operating time
5	Alarm event log (fault current value)	Alarm cause and fault current value
6	Alarm event log (operating time)	Alarm cause and operating time
7	(Monitor screen)	See 5-3-2-3.

\*1 If no value is found for an item, the corresponding subscreen is skipped.

### 5-3-2-8b. Maintenance screen (AGR-31B-H)

Fig. 66 shows how to navigate the maintenance screen and Table 35 lists the items that can be viewed on this screen.



#### Table 35 Maintenance subscreens

No.	Subscreen item *1	Description
1	(Monitor screen)	See 5-3-2-3.
2	(Maintenance screen)	-
3	Trip event log (fault current value)	Trip cause and fault current value. AGR-31B-H has a 10 trip events
4	Trip event log (operating time)	Trip cause and operating time
5	Alarm event log (fault current value)	Alarm cause and fault current value AGR-31B-H has a 10 alarm events
6	Alarm event log (operating time)	Alarm cause and operating time
$\overline{O}$	(Monitor screen)	See 5-3-2-3.

\*1 If no value is found for an item, the corresponding subscreen is skipped. AGR-31B-H has a 10 trip and alarm history.

### **5-4. OCR Function Check**

#### 

- OCR function check and setting changes must be performed by competent persons.
- After completion of OCR tests, be sure to return the settings to the original values. Failure to do so may cause a fire or burnout.

Use the following procedure to perform OCR function check.

1) Open the ACB and draw out the breaker body to the TEST position.

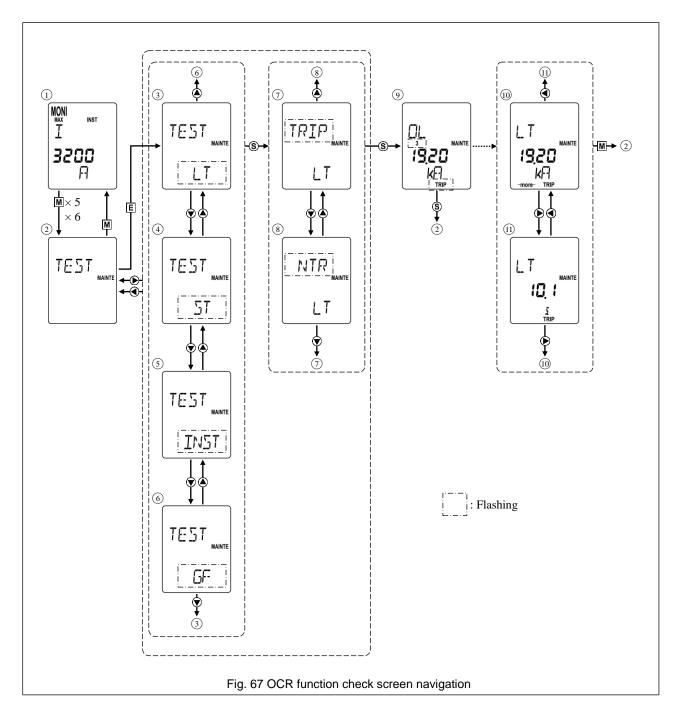
2) Change settings according to the test as shown in Table 36.

#### Table 36 OCR setting changes

Test *1	Output signal value	Setting to be changed
	L characteristic: [/R] × 6	Non
Long time delay trip	R characteristic: [/R] × 3	Non
	S characteristic: [/k] × 1.2	Non
Short time delay trip	[/sd] × 1.2	$[\hbar] > [I_{sd}] \times 1.5$ , Short time delay trip l <sup>2</sup> t protection: OFF
Instantaneous trip	[ <i>h</i> ] × 1.2	Mode: INST
MCR	[ħ] × 1.2	Mode: MCR
Ground fault trip	[/g] × 1.5	Ground fault trip I <sup>2</sup> t protection: OFF

\*1 Setting an item to NON and OFF disables the test for the item.

- 3) To check the ACB along with the OCR, close the ACB before applying a test signal. When checking the MCR function, close the ACB within 0.3 sec. after applying a test signal.
- 4) Follow the procedure described in Fig. 67 and Table 37 to check the OCR for normal operation. (In NTR mode, the ACB does not operate, a trip/alarm event is not saved in the log and operation indication contact output is not provided).



#### Table 37 OCR function check subscreens

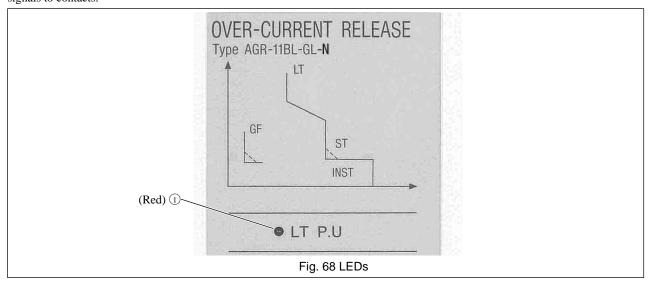
No.	Subscreen item *1	Description	
1	(Monitor screen)	See 5-3-2-3.	
2	(Function check start subscreen)	-	
3	Long time delay trip	"LT" flashes. *2 *3	
4	Short time delay trip	"ST" flashes.	
5	Instantaneous trip	"INST" flashes.	
6	Ground fault trip	"GF" flashes.	
7	OCR + ACB operation	"TRIP" flashes.	
8	OCR operation only	"NTR" flashes.	
9	Indication during testing *4	Pressing SET while subscreen ⑦ or ⑧ opens causes a test signal to be applied.	
10	Trip event log (fault current value)	The trip cause and fault current value are indicated.	
1	Trip event log (operating time)	The trip cause and operating time are indicated.	

\*1 If no log is found, the corresponding subscreen is skipped. \*2 When the long time delay trip function is selected, the short time delay trip and instantaneous trip functions are locked inoperative and cannot be used. The pretrip alarm function can

2 When the long time delay trip function is decided, the start time delay trip and instantaneous trip functions are focused inoperative and cannot be used.
 \*3 Even when the HOT mode is selected, the test is carried out in COLD mode (Accumulated current value before testing is reset to zero before the test starts).
 \*4 Only when the long time delay trip function is checked. The number of the signal source and "TRIP" are flashing. For other function checks, subscreen ⑦ or ⑧ will continue.

# 5-5. Operation Indication and Indication Resetting Procedure 5-5-1. Operation Indication (AGR-11B type)

The OCR has LEDs on the front panel to provide operation indications as shown in Fig. 68 and Table 38. It also outputs operation signals to contacts.



#### Table 38 Operation indication

	Control		LED			Contact output			
Type of OCR	power	Operation	Position		State		Terminal No.	Sta	ate
	supply		FUSILION	Normal	pickup	Trip/Alarm	See Fig. 17	Normal	Trip/Alarm
AGR-11BL-AL AGR-11BL-GL	Not required	Long time delay trip (LT) N-phase protection (NP) Short time delay trip (ST) Ground fault trip (GF) Instantaneous trip (INST)	(1)	OFF	Flash OFF	OFF	05, 15	OFF	Turn OFF automatically after ON for 40 ms or more *1

\*1: A self-hold circuit is required.

#### 5-5-2. Operation Indication and Indication Resetting Procedure (AGR-21B,22B,31B-H)

The OCR indicates a trip/alarm event on the LCD and provides contact output as shown in Table 39. Pressing the right or left key of the cross button changes the display from "trip/alarm cause" / "fault current/voltage/power" to "operating time" (if applicable). Pressing the MENU button returns the display to the previous screen. (Events saved in the event log can always be displayed on the maintenance screen. See 5.3.2.8). To reset contact output while retaining the event log, turn off the control power (Fig. 19 🕅, 🗐, 🗐, 🗐 least 1 sec. To delete the event log and reset contact output on the LCD, follow the procedure shown in 5.3.2.5 "Reset screen". Table 39-1 Operation indication 1

			LCD State			Contac	t output State		ver
Operation	Normal operation	When picked up	When activated (Use the right or left key of the cross button for screen navigation)	After control power is off for at least 1 sec.	Terminal No. See Fig. 19	Normal operation	When activated	After control power is off for at least 1 sec.	Control power supply
Long time delay trip (LT)					05-15		ON @		
N-phase protection (NP)									
Short time delay trip (ST)		-			05-25		ON @		
Instantaneous trip (INST/MCR)	Normal indication	_	INST S2.80 KA TRIP	Normal indication ①		OFF		OFF	Required
Ground fault trip (GF)		-	GF 788 Aninte R -more TRIP		05–16		ON		
Reverse power trip (RPT)			RP IO2.0 KUJ -more TRIP		05 – 16		ON @		
Negative-phase sequence protection (NS)		NS 1280 A 1717			05–17		ON		

The ACB can be opened, closed or tripped, irrespective of whether or not the operation indication is reset.
 The operation indication is updated when a protective function is activated.

• \_\_\_\_\_means flashing. ① The event log is not cleared.

② For S characteristic, the delay is as short as 500 ms or more.
 ③ "- - - (kA)" is indicated when the short time delay or instantaneous trip function is activated and [*I*cr] × 17 is exceeded.

#### Table 39-2 Operation indication 2

			LCD State		Contac	<u>t output</u> State		ver	
Operation	Normal operation	When picked up	After control power is off for at least 1 sec.	Terminal No. See Fig. 19	Normal operation	When activated	After control power is off for at least 1 sec.	Control power supply	
Line side ground fault protection (REF)		_	REF <b>TTZ</b> MAINTE FRIP	Normal indication	05 – 17		ON	OFF	
Contact overheat monitoring (OH)		-		(T)	05 – 17		ON	OFF	
Pretrip alarm (PTA)			PTA B209 AL I 199 S AL	Normal indication ①②	05 - 06		ON @	OFF	
Pretrip alarm 2 (PTA2)	Normal indication		PTA2 B209 AL PTA2 MAINTE PTA2 S AL	Normal indication ①②	05 – 27	OFF	ON @	OFF	Required
Undervoltage alarm (UV) Overvoltage alarm (OV)		-		Normal indication ①②	05 – 27		ON @	OFF	
Over/Under frequency protection (OFUF)			LJF- MAINTE 32.00 Hz -more- AL	Normal indication ①	05 - 17		ON	OFF	
System alarm		_	SYS AL SYS AL AL AL	Normal indication ①	05 - 26		ON 3	OFF ④	

The ACB can be opened, closed or tripped, irrespective of whether or not the operation indication is reset.
The operation indication is updated when a protective function is activated.
\_\_\_\_\_\_\_imeans flashing
The event log is not cleared.
Z The alarm is self-recovered when the fault current decreases to less than the setting.
SYS1\* means disconnection of the magnet hold trigger (MHT) and "SYS2" does a tripping failure (incorrect operating time, mechanical malfunction etc).
The OCR has a self-monitoring feature that monitors the OCR internal circuit, the magnet hold tripper (MHT) circuit, and the ACB state. An alarm caused by transient noise can be cleared or deleted. If such an alarm cannot be cleared, check the ACB. See chapter 7.

**KRB-5404TE** 

# 6. MAINTENANCE, INSPECTION AND PARTS REPLACEMENT

This chapter describes the maintenance and inspection procedure for the AR series ACBs.

The service life of the ACB depends on the working and environmental conditions. The ACB is exposed to mechanical and electrical stresses and thus suffers gradual degradation during use, which will increase the possibility of malfunctions. Preventive maintenance and periodical inspection are very important to avoid any functional degradation, prevent malfunctions, extend the service life, and ensure safe operation.

The appropriate frequency of maintenance and inspection of the ACB varies depending on the installation conditions, the number of tripping operations, the magnitude of breaking current, and other factors that are to be considered empirically. As a guideline, Table 40 shows the recommended inspection frequency. See section 6-1 for detailed maintenance and inspection procedures.

Category	Working and environmental	Inspection							
Calegory	conditions	level	Interval	Nu	mber of oper	/close cycles	6		
	<ul> <li>Not so dusty,</li> <li>Not so much corrosive gases,</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Every year or 2 years</li> <li>Every year after 3 years</li> </ul>	Open/close condition	800AF or less	1000AF - 2500AF	3200AF or more		
	Ambient temperature: 35°C	Normal/ Detailed	since installation	Nearly no current level	Every 1000 cycles				
	or lower • Not so humid,		<ul> <li>Every half year after 6 years since installation</li> </ul>	Rated current level	Every 1000 cycles	Every 500 cycles	Every 100 cycles		
Normal	Number of open/close cycles per day: 2 or less Ex. Switchboards in electric installation rooms, Control rooms,	Thorough	<ul> <li>Every 5 or 6 years</li> <li>Every 4 years after 6 years since installation</li> <li>Every year or 2 years after 10 years since installation</li> </ul>	Every 4000 cycles after					
	Building installation	Overhaul	When abnormality is found d	uring normal or t	hrough inspe	ction			
	Highly dusty,		<ul> <li>Every year</li> <li>Every half year after 2 years since installation</li> </ul>	Open/close condition	800AF or less	1000AF - 2500AF	3200AF or more		
	<ul> <li>Much corrosive gases,</li> <li>Ambient temperature: 45°C or higher,</li> <li>Highly humid,</li> <li>Number of open/close cycles per day: 4 or more,</li> <li>Always exposed to vibrations Ex. Iron or chemical plants Engine rooms (without ventilation), Cogeneration installation,</li> </ul>	Normal/ Detailed		Nearly no current level         • Every 1000 cycles           • Every 500 cycles after 1000 cycles					
Harsh				Rated current level	Every 1000 cycles     Every 500 cycles after 1000 cycles	Every 500 cycles     Every 250 cycles after 500 cycles	• Every 100 cycles • Every 50 cycles after 100 cycles		
		Thorough	<ul> <li>Every 2 or 3 years</li> <li>Every 2 years after 6 years since installation</li> <li>Every year after 10 years since installation</li> </ul>	• Every 2500 - 3000 cycles • Every 2000 cycles after 3000 cycles					
	Ferryboats	Overhaul	When abnormality is found d	uring normal or t	uring normal or through inspection				
				Open/close condition	800AF or less	1000AF - 2500AF	3200AF or more		
Abnormal	<ul> <li>Open/close operation due to overload,</li> <li>Tripping due to shortcircuit,</li> </ul>	Thorough	When abnormality occurs	Overcurrent level (approx. 6 times the rated current)	Every 25 cycles	Every 25 cycles	Every 25 cycles		
	Accidentally submerged			Level exceeding overcurrent level	Every time	Every time	Every time		
		Overhaul	When ACB is deemed to be r	epairable at thro	ough inspection	on			

Table 40 Frequency of maintenance and inspection

• Normal inspection includes inspection and actions that can be done only with removing the arc chamber, contacts, front cover and the like. Normal inspection can be performed by the user. Terasaki also provides normal inspection service.

• Detailed inspection includes inspection, actions, and parts replacement that will be done to prevent functional degradation caused by aging or the like when abnormality is found during normal inspection.

You are recommended to use Terasaki's detailed inspection service.

• Thorough inspection must be left to Terasaki. Overhaul will be done in a Terasaki's factory.

#### • About the service life

The expected service life of AR series ACBs is shown in the "Endurance in number of ON-OFF cycles" rows in Tables 3 and 4. "With maintenance" in the tables means that appropriate inspection, maintenance, repair, and parts replacement are performed according to the instructions in this chapter. But, when an ACB performs three times of tripping operation nearly at the rated breaking current (three standard operating duty cycles), it is at the end of its safe service life even if thorough inspection is done every time it trips open. Such an ACB will be apt to suffer malfunctions and should be replaced without delay to avoid frequent inspection and parts replacement. See section 6-2 for detailed parts replacement procedures.

# **6-1. Inspection Procedures**

# 

- ACB maintenance, inspection and parts replacement must be performed by competent persons.
- Do not touch ACB current carrying parts and ACB structural parts close to a current carrying part immediately after the ACB trips open. Remaining heat may cause a burn.
- Prior to commencing any work on the ACB, open an upstream circuit breaker or the like to isolate all sources of power/voltage from the main and control circuits. Otherwise, electric shock may result.
- Take care to avoid adhesion of dust to main and control circuit contacts. Dust on the contacts may result in a fire.
- Prior to commencing maintenance, inspection, or parts replacement, make sure that the closing springs are released and the ACB is open. Otherwise, unintentional open/close operation may lead to fingers or tools to be pinched by the open/close mechanism, resulting in injury.
- Retighten the terminal screws periodically to the specified torque. Otherwise, a fire could result.
- When grinding a contact tip, be careful to prevent grinding dust from entering the breaker operating mechanism. Wipe the tip clean after grinding. Otherwise, a malfunction or fire could result.
- Do not perform dielectric withstand/insulation resistance tests under other conditions than specified. Doing so may cause a malfunction.
- Be sure to reinstall the arc chamber if removed. Failure to do so or incorrect installation of the arc chamber may result in a fire or burn.
- When charging the closing springs or performing open/close operation of the ACB with the arc chamber, front cover and/or side covers removed during maintenance or inspection work, do not touch parts other than those required for the above operation (charging handle, ON/OFF buttons, moving core and the like). Doing so may cause fingers or tools to be pinched, resulting in injury.
- When replacing an auxiliary, do not damage the control wire for the auxiliary or pinch the wire between the auxiliary and the breaker body. Doing so may cause a malfunction.

To ensure safety, be sure to perform the preparation work described in section 6-2-1 unless otherwise specified in the inspection

procedures. The normal inspection procedure and the detailed inspection procedure are shown in Tables 42 and 43 respectively.

#### Information you are requested to state

If you want us to take action against an abnormality, contact us while providing us the information shown in Table 41 below. Our

contact is shown at the end of this manual.

Item	Description	Reference
Туре	AR poles with draw-out cradle	Rating nameplate
Serial No.		Rating hameplate
Main circuit rated current		Product Specifications
Rated voltage	A	/n
Spring charging method	□ Manual charging □ Motor charging Rated operation voltage: □ AC □ DCV	CLOSING section on specification nameplate
Overcurrent release	□ Non □ Equipped Type: AGR – Rated control voltage: □ AC □ DCV	OCR section on specification nameplate
Electrical tripping device	□ Shunt trip device (SHT) Rated voltage: □ AC □ DCV □ Undervoltage trip device (UVT) Rated voltage: □ AC □ DCV	TRIPPING section on specification nameplate
Special specification	SR: SS: SO:	OTHERS section on specification nameplate
Working conditions (Voltage, current, environment)		-
Symptom of abnormality (in detail): When, How, Where, etc.)		-
Inspection done/actions taken (if any)		6-1.
Status quo and schedule	Permissible power cut date and time: Place where you want us to take action:	-

• The contents of the nameplate should be provided in detail.

Related documents such as product specifications and inspection reports should be provided.

• If you have a desired inspection and maintenance schedule, let us know the schedule at your earliest convenience. Our service representative could not meet your last minute requirement.

#### Table 42 Normal inspection procedure

No.	Check item		Descrip	tion		
1	Discoloration	Check connection conductors, main circuit terminals, and current carrying parts for heat				
2	of conductors Parts missing	Check that screws, bolts, nuts, washers, springs, retainers and the like are not missing. If any parts				
3	Damage to	are missing, contact us. Check for deformation, cracks, chips, rust, or other damage of parts. If damage is found, contact us.				
1	Dust	Check that no dust is accumulated in ACB. If dust is accumulated, use vacuum cleaner to remove				
4	accumulation	dust and wipe off with dry, clean cloth.				
5	Connections	circuit terminal screws, and position switch terminal screws for looseness. If loose, tighten to specified torque.				
6	Surface condition	<ul> <li>Draw out the breaker body from draw-out cradle and check that contacts have no dust accumulation and discoloration. If dust is accumulated, use vacuum cleaner to remove dust and wipe off with dry, clean cloth. If surface is discolored badly, polish it with #200 sandpaper. (*2) For main circuit contacts, apply contact grease to contact surface after cleaning.</li> <li>Excessive grease may foster dust accumulation. Grease should be applied lightly.</li> <li>Blackening of contacts is caused by oxidation or sulfuration and has no harmful effect except in extreme cases. If heat discoloration, arc marks, roughness, or peeling of plating layer is found, contact us.</li> </ul>				
7	Dust accumulation /Damage	Remove arc chamber and check it for foreign object or dust accumulation, deformation, cracks, chips and other damage. If foreign matter or dust is accumulated, use vacuum cleaner to remove foreign matter of dust and wipe off with dry, clean cloth. If metal spatters are adhered, use sandpaper to remove them. (*2) If arc chamber has stubborn adherents suffers damage, replace arc chamber.				
8	Insulation resistance	Close ACB and, using DC500V Megger, check that insulation resistance between main circuit terminals, between main circuit terminal group and ground, and between ends of adjacent grids exceeds 5M ohm. If resistance does not exceed 5M ohm, use sandpaper to remove carbonized portions of insulation around contacts or current carrying parts and/or spatters adhered to arc chambers and arc extinguishing grids. (*2) If problem persists, contact us.				
9	Surface condition	Remove arc chamber and check contact circumference, contacts, and contact tips for foreign object or dust accumulation, deformation, cracks, chips and other damage. If dust is accumulated, use vacuum cleaner to remove dust and wipe off with dry, clean cloth. If contact tips are badly discolored or roughened, polish with #200 sandpaper. (*2) If contact tip suffers damage or is less than 0.7 mm thick after polishing, replace both moving and stationary contacts. Blackening of contact tips is caused by oxidation or sulfuration and will be removed during closing operation. It has no harmful effect except in extreme causes. If heat discoloration is found,				
10	Looseness of screws	Check moving and stationary contact mounting screws A and B for looseness. Also check the moving arcing contact mounting nut for looseness when ship classification society rules apply. If loose, retighten.				
11	Wiring	Remove side and front covers, check that wiring is properly connected, and not disconnected nor damaged. If incorrect connection is found, connect correctly. If disconnection or damage is found,				
12	Internal mechanism	With OCR removed, check internal mechanism for missing parts, deformation, cracks, chips, foreigr mater or dust accumulation, breakage of springs, and rust. If foreign matter or dust is accumulated, use vacuum cleaner to remove foreign matter of dust and wipe off with dry, clean cloth. If any parts are missing or damaged or springs are broken, contact us.				
	3 Operation	Check that auxiliary switches	State of	Current conducting	Current conducting	
13		operate as shown to the right. If not so, replace switches.			between _11 and _14 Non	
10			Uppermost lift position	Non	100 m $\Omega$ or less	
14	Auxiliary contacts	Remove auxiliary switches and check contacts for roughness. If roughened excessively, replace contacts. Check screws of auxiliary switches for looseness. If loose, retighten.				
15	Looseness of					
16	Draw- out/insertion mechanism	Draw out and insert breaker body to check that draw-out handle can be turned with max. operating torque or less, position indictor provides correct indication, release button operates normally, and no abnormal sound is heard during handle operation. If abnormality is found, contact us.				
17	UVT	With breaker body in ISOLATED position, charge closing springs manually and attempt closing AC				
18	Operation mechanism, LRC, SHT and UVT	With breaker body in TEST position and operation mechanism, SHT and UVT supplied with power, perform closing spring charging operation and manual and electrical open/close operation several times to check that charge indicator, ON-OFF indicator and ON-OFF cycle counter provide correction indication and no abnormal sound is heard. If abnormality is found, perform detailed				
19	System alarm	Move the breaker body to the TEST position and supply the ACB with control power, and then check that no system alarm appears on the OCR. If a system alarm appears, reset it. If the alarm cannot be reset, see chapter 7.(AGR-21B,22B,31B-H)				
	1         2         3         4         5         6         7         8         9         100         11         12         13         14         15         16         17	1Discoloration of conductors2Parts missing3Damage to parts4Dust accumulation5Connections6Surface condition7Dust accumulation7Dust accumulation8Insulation resistance9Surface condition10Looseness of screws11Wiring12Internal mechanism13Operation14Auxiliary contacts15Looseness of screws16Draw- out/insertion mechanism17UVT18Operation mechanism, LRC, SHT and	1         Discoloration of conductors         Check connection conductors, ma discoloration. If such a symptom           2         Parts missing         Check that screws, bolts, nuts, wa are missing, contact us.           3         Damage to parts         Check that screws, bolts, nuts, wa are missing, contact us.           4         Dust accumulation         Check that no dust is accumulate dust and wipe off with dry, clean of check main circuit terminal screws, and positi specified torque.           5         Connections         Draw out the breaker body from of and discoloration. If dust is accum clean cloth. If surface is discolore contacts, apply contact grease to entracts, apply contact grease to entracts, apply contact grease to entract us.           6         Surface condition         Remove arc chamber and check chips and other damage. If foreig foreign matter of dust and wipe of sandpaper to remove them. (*2) I chamber.           7         Dust accumulation resistance         Close ACB and, using DC500V M terminals, between main circuit te exceeds 5M ohm. If resistance do portions of insulation around con chambers and are extinguishing greace both • Blackening of contact mounting r ohambers and are extinguishing and perform detailed inspection.           9         Surface condition         Check moving and stationary cor moving arcing contact mounting r lose, retighten.           11         Wiring         Remove auxiliary switches operate as shown to the right. If not so, replace switches.           13         Operation mechanism         Remove auxiliary switches operate	1         Discoloration         Check connection conductors, main circuit terminals of conductors discoloration. If such a symptom is found, contact us are missing, contact us.           2         Parts missing         Check that screws, bolts, nuts, washers, springs, ret are missing, contact us.           3         Damage to parts         Check that no dust is accumulated in ACB. If dust is accumulated in ACB. If dust is dust and wipe off with dry, clean cloth.           5         Connections         Check main circuit terminal screws, ground terminal screws, and position switch terminal screws, and position switch terminal screws, and position witch terminal screws, and discoloration. If dust is accumulated, use vacuur clean cloth. If surface is discolorated badly, polish it wit contacts, apply contact grease to contact surface aft on extreme cases. If heat discoloration are marks, no contacts, apply contact grease to contact surface aft or extreme cases. If heat discoloration, are marks, no contacts us.           7         Dust accumulation //Damage         Remove arc chamber and check it for foreign object chips and other damage. If foreign matter or dust is a chamber.           8         Insulation resistance         Close ACB and, using DC500V Megger, check that i terminals, between main circuit terminal group and g exceeds 5M ohm. If resistance does not exceed 5M portions of insulation around contacts or current carre chambers and are extinguishing grids. ('2) If problem erater ard ust accumulation, cracks, chips and vacuur cleaner to remove dust and wipe off with dry or or oughened, polish with #200 sandpaper. ('2) If coupset of dust accumulation, breakage of springs, an use vacuum cleaner to remove dore. They is caused by oxidation o servacon cha	1         Discoloration         Check connection conductors, main circuit terminals, and current carrying parts           2         Parts missing         Check that screws, bolts, nuts, washers, springs, retainers and the like are not are missing, contact us.           3         Damage to parts         Check that screws, bolts, nuts, washers, springs, retainers and the like are not are missing, contact us.           4         Dust accumulation         Check that no dust is accumulated in ACB. If dust is accumulated, use vacuu dust and wipe off with dry, clean cloth.           5         Connections         Check main circuit terminal screws, ground terminal screw, auxiliary switch te circuit terminal screws, and position switch terminove dus clean cloth. If surface is discoloration. If dust is accumulated, use vacuu cleaner to remove dus clean cloth. If surface is discoloration and position switch terminels acrews, and position switch terminels acrews, and position switch terminels acrews are sufficient or sufficient cleaning.           6         Surface         • Excessive grease may foster dust accumulated, use vacuur contact usfica. apply contacts is caused by oxidation or suffuration and has no har extreme cases. If heat discoloration, arc marks, roughness, or peeling of pontact us.           7         Dust accumulation, accumulated, use vacuur foreign matter of dust accumulation, deve vacuur foreign matter of dust accumulation, accumulation, accumulation, accellanida, and between end exists accumulated, use vacuur foreign matter of dust accumulation, accumulation, spatter satus accumulated, use vacuur drage and there damage. If foreign matter or dust accumulatis accumulation, acthachas in there has subborn adhetenent	

 be reset, see chapter 7.(AGR-21B,22B,31B-H)

 \*1 Always check the "General" items during the inspection procedure shown in Table 42 above.

 \*2 Take care to avoid grinding dust from entering the ACB. Wipe contact surfaces clean of grinding dust.

#### Table 43 Detailed inspection procedure

Check point	No.	Check item	Description							
	1	Coil resistance	Disconnect hand connector (red) and, using tester, measure coil resistance between terminals and make sure holding coil is rated at 410 - 510 $\Omega$ and attraction coil at 5.6 - 6.8 $\Omega$ . (*) If not so, replace UVT.							
Undervoltage	2	Operation	Remove UVT and press in plunger, and make sure releasing plunger causes plunger to be smoothly restored. If not so, replace UVT.							
trip device (UVT) See 6-2-1.	3	Length and stroke of plunger	Remove UVT and, using vernier caliper, make sure plunger length is 32.5 - 33.5mm in natural state and plunger stroke is 6.5 - 7.5 mm. If not so, replace UVT.							
366 0-2-1.	4	Hand connector	Check that hand connector (red) is connected to ACB hand connector (red) correctly. If incorrect, connect correctly.							
	5	Looseness of screws	Check UVT mounting screws for looseness. If loose, retighten.							
Contacts See 6-2-2, 6-2-		Parting distance	With ACB open, remove arc chamber and, using compass and vernier caliper, make sure distance between moving and stationary contact tips falls within the following ranges. If not so, replace both moving and stationary contacts. If it is useless to replace contacts, contact us.							
			Distances between moving and stationary contact tips(mm)	Line	side		id side			
	6		Types AR208S, AR212S, AR216S, AR220S, AR325S, AR332S, AR440S (3P),	phase A-C		phase A-C	phase N			
			AR440SB(3P), AR208D, AR212D, AR216D	17-20.5	16-20	17-20.5	16-20			
3 and 6-2-4			AR440S (4P), AR440SB(4P) AR212H, AR216H, AR220H, AR316H, AR320H, AR325H, AR332H, AR420H, AR4014	17-21.5 17-20.5	17-21.5 16-20	17-21.5 16-20	<u>17-21.5</u> 16-20			
-	7	Engagement	AR440H [17253] 1020 [1020] 1020 Insert 3.5 - 4.0-mm-dia x 50-mm-length rod into engagement measuring hole vertically until it stops, and measure protrusion of rod when ACB is open and closed. Make sure difference in protrusion is following line side; 2.7-3.4mm, load side; 2.7-4.0mm. (The difference of the value of line side and load side must not exceed 1.0mm.) If not so, replace both moving and stationary contacts. If it is useless to replace contacts, contact us.							
Current sensors See 6-2-3.	8	Looseness of screws	Check current sensor mounting screws for looseness. If loose, re	etighten.						
000 0 2 0.	9	Coil resistance	Disconnect hand connector (green) that is closer to coil than the resistance between terminals and make sure it is within range sp LRC.							
Latch release	10	Length and stroke of plunger	Remove LRC and, using vernier caliper, make sure plunger length is 24.2 - 24.8 mm in natural state and protrusion of plunger is 6.3 - 7 mm when moving core is pushed in. If not so, replace LRC.							
coil (LRC) See 6-2-5.	11	Hand connector	Check that hand connector (green) is connected to ACB hand connector (green) correctly. If incorrect, connect correctly.							
000020.	12	Looseness of screws	Check LRC mounting screws for looseness. If loose, retighten.							
	13	Mechanical motion	With closing springs charged, check that pushing moving core results in ACB being closed slowly, and releasing moving core results in the core being restored smoothly. If not so, replace LRC. If it is useless to replace LRC, contact us. After inspection, open ACB and discharge closing springs.							
Shunt trip device (SHT) See 6-2-6.	14	Coil resistance	Disconnect hand connector (black) that is closer to coil than the other and, using tester, measure coil resistance between terminals and make sure it is within range specified in Table 12. (*) If not so, replace SHT.							
	15	Length and stroke of plunger	Remove SHT and, using vernier caliper, make sure plunger length is 24.2 - 24.8 mm in natural state and protrusion of plunger is 6.3 - 7 mm when moving core is pushed in. If not so, replace SHT.							
	16	Hand connector	Check that hand connector (black) is connected to ACB hand connector (black) correctly. If incorrect, connect correctly.							
	17	Looseness of screws	Check SHT mounting screws for looseness. If loose, retighten.							
	18	Mechanical motion	With ACB closed, check that pushing moving core results in ACB being opened slowly, and releasing moving core results in the core being restored smoothly. If not so, replace SHT. If it is useless to replace SHT, contact us. After inspection, discharge closing springs.							
	19	Coil resistance	Disconnect hand connector (red) and, using tester, measure coil resistance between terminals and make sure it is 1.8 - 2.2 $\Omega$ . (*) If not so, replace MHT.							
	20	Operation	Remove MHT and pull out moving core slowly, and make sure pushing moving core allows core to be smoothly retracted and attracted If not so, replace MHT.							
Magnet hold trigger (MHT) See 6-2-8.	21	Length and stroke of moving core	Remove MHT and, using vernier caliper, make sure protrusion of moving core is 6.7 - 7.3mm in pulled- out state. If not so, replace MHT.							
	22	Hand connector	Check that hand connector (red) is connected to ACB hand connector (red) correctly. If incorrect , connect correctly.							
	23	Looseness of screws	Check MHT mounting screws for looseness. If loose, retighten.							
Charging motor and LRC	24	Electrical operation	With breaker body assembled to original state, move breaker body to TEST position, supply ACB with operation power, and attempt to perform motor charging and electrical closing operation with max. and min. voltages within permissible charging/closing voltage range to make sure ACB operates normally. (See Table 11). If ACB does not operate normally, contact us.							
SHT	25	Electrical operation	With breaker body assembled to original state, move breaker body to TEST position, close ACB, supply SHT with power, and attempt to perform electrical opening operation with max. and min. voltages within permissible closing voltage range to make sure ACB trips open normally. (See Table 12). If ACB does not trip open, contact us.							
UVT	26	Electrical operation	With breaker body assembled to original state, move breaker body to TEST position, charge closing springs, and make sure that ACB closes when UVT is supplied with attraction power. And decrease UVT supply voltage to make sure ACB opening voltage is within specified opening voltage range. (See Table 13.) If ACB does not operate normally, contact us.							
OCR and MHT	27	Operation	With breaker body assembled to original state, check OCR and MHT with type ANU-1 OCR checker (optional) to make sure ACB operates normally. If ACB does not operate normally, contact us.(AGR-11B) With the breaker body assembled to the original state, perform the "OCR + ACB" test described in 5-5-2 to make sure ACB operates normally. If ACB does not operate normally, contact us.(AGR-21B,22B,31B)							

Always check the "General" items in Table 42 during the inspection procedure shown in Table 43 above.
 Take care to avoid damaging or deforming terminal pins when bringing tester lead into contact with them.

# 6-2. Parts Replacement Procedure

# 

- ACB maintenance, inspection and parts replacement must be performed by competent persons.
- Do not touch ACB current carrying parts and ACB structural parts close to a current carrying part immediately after the ACB trips open. Remaining heat may cause a burn.
- Prior to commencing any work on the ACB, open an upstream circuit breaker or the like to isolate all sources of power/voltage from the main and control circuits. Otherwise, electric shock may result.
- Take care to avoid adhesion of dust to main and control circuit contacts. Dust on the contacts may result in a fire.
- Prior to commencing maintenance, inspection, or parts replacement, make sure that the closing springs are released and the ACB is open. Otherwise, unintentional open/close operation may lead to fingers or tools to be pinched by the open/close mechanism, resulting in injury.
- Be sure to reinstall the arc chamber if removed. Failure to do so or incorrect installation of the arc chamber may result in a fire or burn.
- When replacing an auxiliary, do not damage the control wire for the auxiliary or pinch the wire between the auxiliary and the breaker body. Doing so may cause a malfunction.

### 6-2-1. Preparation

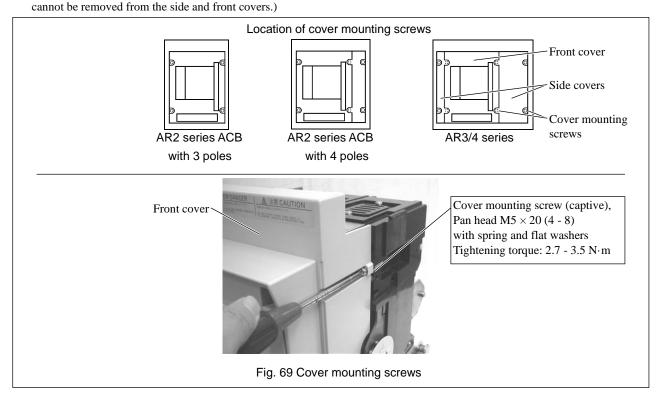
Be sure to make the following preparations for parts replacement in order to ensure safety.

- 1) Open an upstream circuit breaker or the like to isolate all sources of power/voltage from the main and control circuits.
- 2) Draw out the breaker body to the removed position, and remove it using an optional lifter or lifting plate. Refer to sections 4-2-2 and 2-1-2.
- 3) Discharge the closing springs and open the ACB. The procedure varies depending on whether or not the ACB is equipped with the undervoltage trip device (UVT).
- When the ACB is not equipped with the undervoltage trip device (UVT):

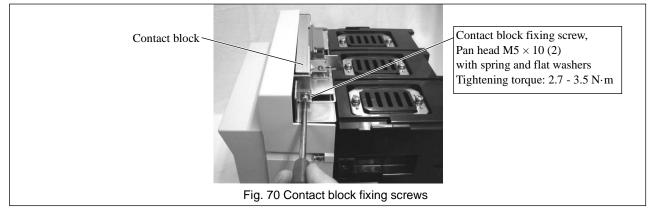
Perform manual closing/opening operation of the ACB. Refer to sections 4-1-2 and 4-1-3.

• When the ACB is equipped with the undervoltage trip device (UVT):

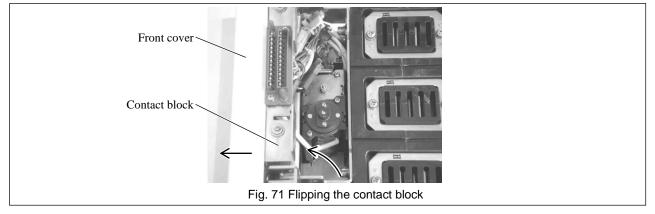
(1) Turn the cover mounting screws five or six turns to loosen as shown in Fig. 69. If the ACB is equipped with side covers, first remove the side covers and then loosen the front cover mounting screws. (The cover mounting screws are of captive type and



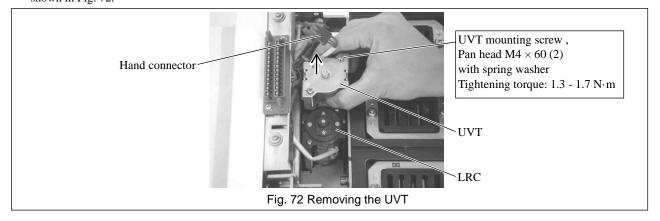
(2) Remove the contact block fixing screws as shown in Fig. 70.



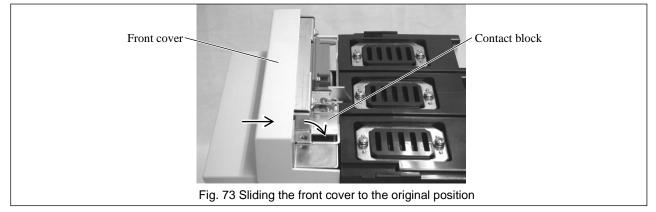
#### (3) Slide the front cover to the left and flip the contact block up as shown in Fig. 71.



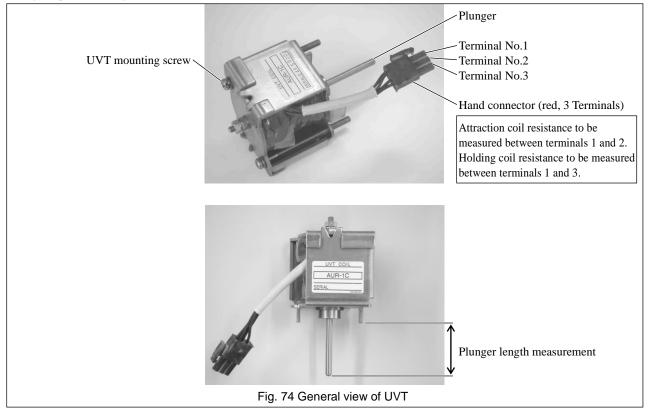
(4) Turn the UVT mounting screws eight or ten turns to loosen, disconnect the manual connector (red), and then remove the UVT as shown in Fig. 72.



(5) Flip the contact block down and slide the front cover to the original position as shown in Fig. 73.



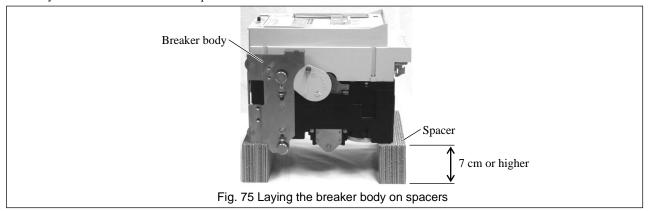
- (6) Perform manual closing/opening operation of the ACB. Refer to sections 4-1-2 and 4-1-3.
- (7) Reinstall each part or component in reverse order of removal after inspection. When installing the UVT, make sure the nameplate on the UVT can be viewed from the front of the ACB.
- Fig. 74 provides the general view of the UVT.



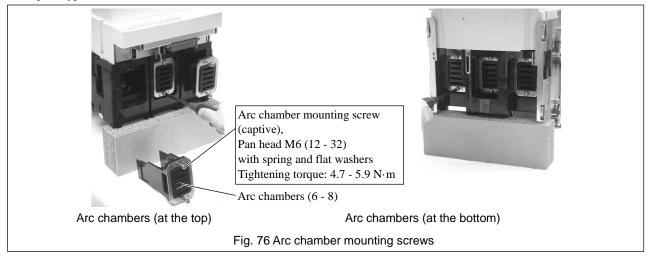
### 6-2-2. Arc chambers

The following describes how to replace arc chambers.

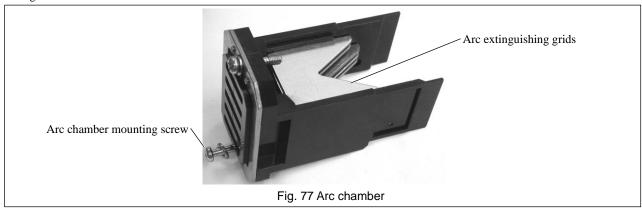
- 1) Make preparations for parts replacement. Refer to section 6-2-1.
- 2) Carefully lay the breaker body on spacers with the backside down as shown in Fig. 75. The spacers must be at least 7-cm high to prevent deformation of protrusions on the breaker body backside, and have the size and strength that allow the breaker body to be safely laid on them. Take care to keep the main circuit contacts clean of dust.



3) Turn the arc chamber mounting screw eight or ten turns to loosen as shown in Fig. 76. (The arc chamber mounting screws are of captive type and cannot be removed from the arc chamber.)

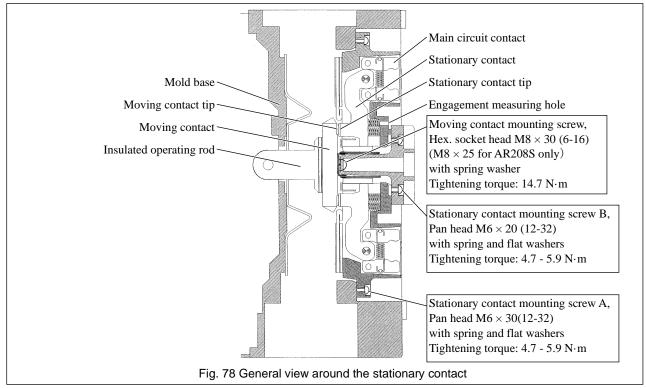


- 4) Holding the arc chamber mounting screw, remove the arc chamber.
- 5) Reinstall each part or component in reverse order of removal after inspection.
- Fig. 77 shows a removed arc chamber.

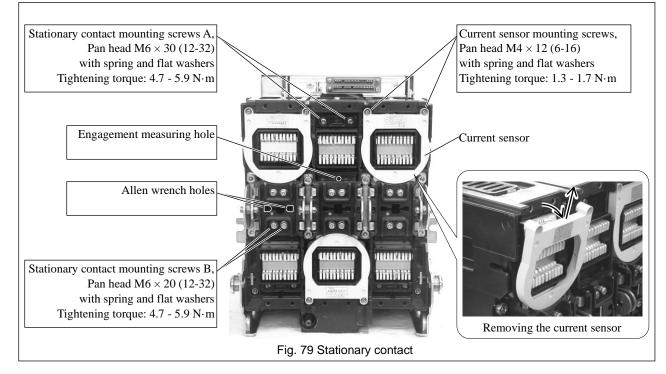


#### 6-2-3. Stationary contact

The following describes how to replace the stationary contact. Fig. 78 shows the general view around the stationary contact.



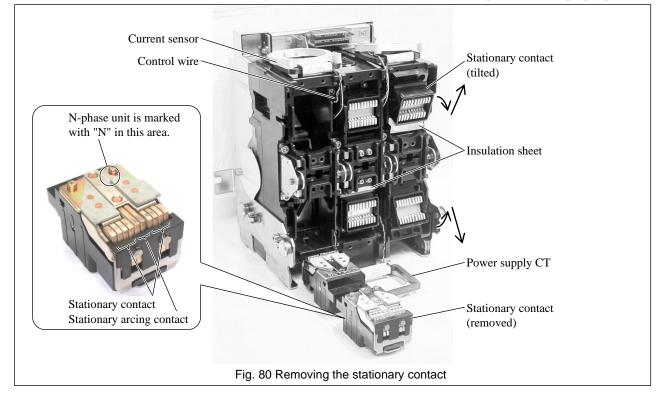
- 1) Make preparations for parts replacement. Refer to section 6-2-1.
- Unscrew the current sensor mounting screws and remove the current sensor and the power supply CT located behind the sensor. Take care not to exert undue force on the control wire between the current sensor and the power supply CT. To remove the current sensor, hold the top of the sensor, then tilt and pull it out in a slanting direction as shown in Fig. 79.



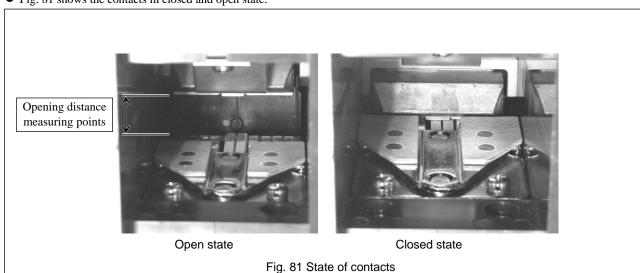
3) Unscrew stationary contact mounting screws A and B.

4) Tilt and remove the stationary contact as shown in Fig. 80. (The insulation sheet will be removed at the same time.) If the current sensor and power supply CT hinder the removal of the stationary contact, make a record of the ties for control wires between the current sensor and power supply CT (position/number of ties and type of control wires) using a digital camera, then cut the ties and remove the stationary contact. Restore the ties after replacing the stationary contact.

Ties: TYTON Insulok T18RHS (heat resistance grade: HS, 100 mm long x 2.5 mm wide) or equivalent (2 or 3 pcs per pole)



- 5) Reinstall each part or component in reverse order of removal after inspection. Make sure the insulation sheet is installed. Be sure to restore the ties if they have been cut during removal of the stationary contact.
- 6) After installing the moving and/or stationary contact, be sure to perform 10 20 cycles of open/close operation and then retighten the contact mounting screws to the specified torque.

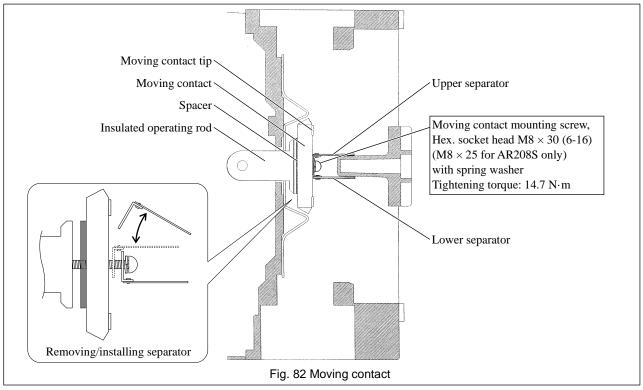


• Fig. 81 shows the contacts in closed and open state.

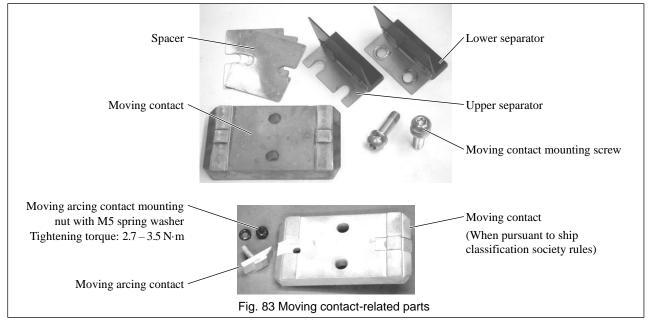
#### 6-2-4. Moving contact

The following describes how to replace the moving contact.

- 1) Make preparations for parts replacement. Refer to section 6-2-1.
- 2) Remove the arc chambers and stationary contact. Refer to sections 6-2-2 and 6-2-3.
- 3) Insert an Allen wrench of a nominal diameter of 5 into each of the Allen wrench holes shown in Fig. 79, turn each moving contact mounting screw two or three turns to loosen, and raise and remove the upper separator shown in Fig. 82.



4) Supporting the spacers (the number of which varies depending on the poles), the moving contact, the lower separator, and the moving contact mounting screws by hand, turn the moving contact mounting screws additional two or three turns to remove these parts. Fig. 83 shows the moving contact-related parts.

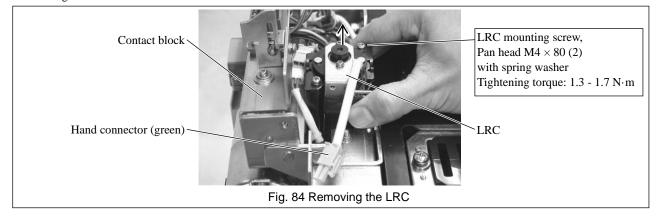


- 5) Reinstall each part or component in reverse order of removal after inspection. As to the moving contact-related parts, however, install the spacer, moving contact, upper separator, lower separator, spring washer and moving contact mounting screw in this order, beginning wit the side of insulated operation rod. See Fig. 82.
- 6) After installing the moving and/or stationary contact, be sure to perform 10 20 cycles of open/close operation and then retighten the contact mounting screws to the specified torque.

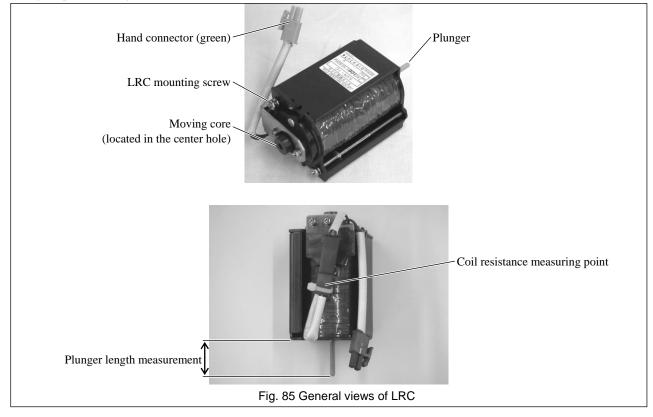
### 6-2-5 Latch release coil (LRC)

The following describes how to replace the latch release coil (LRC).

- 1) Make preparations for parts replacement. Refer to section 6-2-1.
- 2) If the ACB is not equipped with the fixed type undervoltage trip device, turn the cover mounting screws five or six turns to loosen as shown in Fig. 69. If the ACB is equipped with side covers, first remove the side covers and then loosen the front cover mounting screws. (The cover mounting screws are of captive type and cannot be removed from the side and front covers.)
- 3) Pulling the charging handle down, remove the front cover.
- 4) Remove the contact block fixing screws as shown in Fig. 70.
- 5) Flip the contact block up as shown in Fig. 71.
- Turn the LRC mounting screws eight or ten turns to loosen, disconnect the manual connector (green), and then remove the LRC. See Fig. 84.



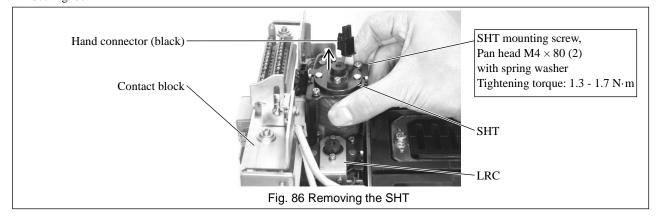
- 7) Reinstall each part or component in reverse order of removal after inspection. When installing the LRC, make sure the nameplate on the LRC can be viewed from the front of the ACB.
- Fig. 85 provides the general view of the LRC.



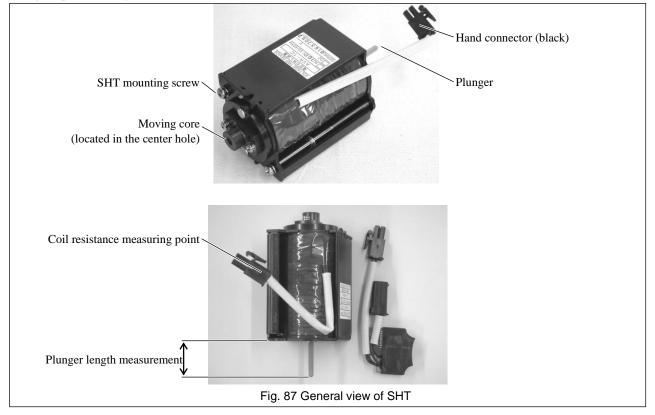
### 6-2-6. Shunt trip device (SHT)

The following describes how to replace the shunt trip device(SHT).

- 1) Make preparations for parts replacement. Refer to section 6-2-1.
- 2) Turn the cover mounting screws five or six turns to loosen as shown in Fig. 69. If the ACB is equipped with side covers, first remove the side covers and then loosen the front cover mounting screws. (The cover mounting screws are of captive type and cannot be removed from the side and front covers.)
- 3) Pulling the charging handle down, remove the front cover.
- 4) Remove the contact block fixing screws as shown in Fig. 70.
- 5) Flip the contact block up as shown in Fig. 71.
- Turn the SHT mounting screws eight or ten turns to loosen, disconnect the manual connector (black), and then remove the SHT. See Fig. 86.



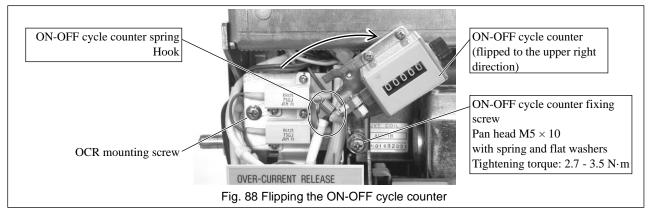
- Reinstall each part or component in reverse order of removal after inspection. When installing the SHT, make sure the nameplate on the SHT can be viewed from the front of the ACB.
- Fig. 87 provides the general view of the SHT.



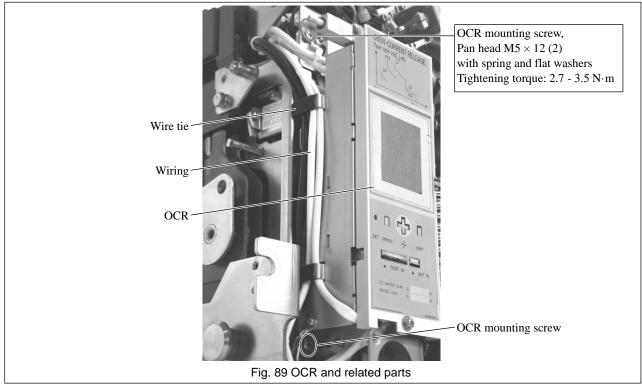
### 6-2-7. Control relay

The following describes how to replace the control relay.

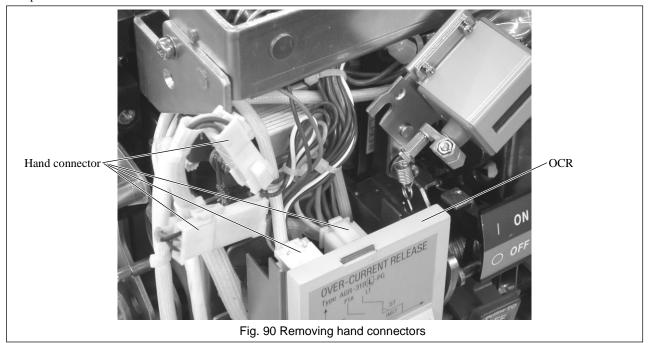
- 1) Make preparations for parts replacement. Refer to section 6-2-1.
- 2) If the ACB is not equipped with the fixed type undervoltage trip device, turn the cover mounting screws five or six turns to loosen as shown in Fig. 69. If the ACB is equipped with side covers, first remove the side covers and then loosen the front cover mounting screws. (The cover mounting screws are of captive type and cannot be removed from the side and front covers.)
- 3) Pulling the charging handle down, remove the front cover.
- If the ACB is equipped with the ON-OFF cycle counter, disengage the hook located under the cycle counter spring, turn the cycle counter fixing screw two or three turns to loosen (do not remove), and flip the cycle counter up to the upper right direction. See Fig. 88.



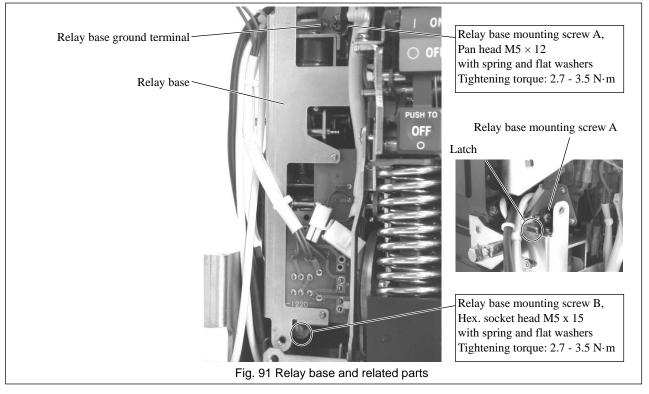
5) Unscrew the OCR mounting screws and remove the wiring from the wire tie. See Fig. 89.



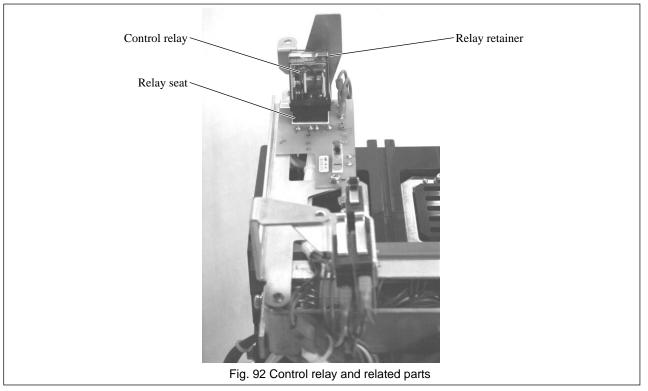
6) Pull out the OCR as shown in Fig. 90, remove the hand connector(s) above the OCR and place it on the floor. The hand connector(s) below the OCR does not require to be removed. The type and quantity of the hand connectors vary depending on the specification of the ACB.



- 7) Unscrew the contact block mounting screws as shown in Fig. 70 and flip the contact clock up as shown in Fig. 71.
- 8) Unscrew relay base mounting screws A and B, raise the relay base to unlatch from other parts, remove the base and place it on the top of the breaker body. To remove relay base mounting screw B, use a ball end type 4-mm Allen wrench. See Fig. 91.
- When relay base mounting screw A, the relay base ground terminal will also be removed.



9) Remove the relay retainer shown in Fig. 92 and remove the control relay from the relay base.

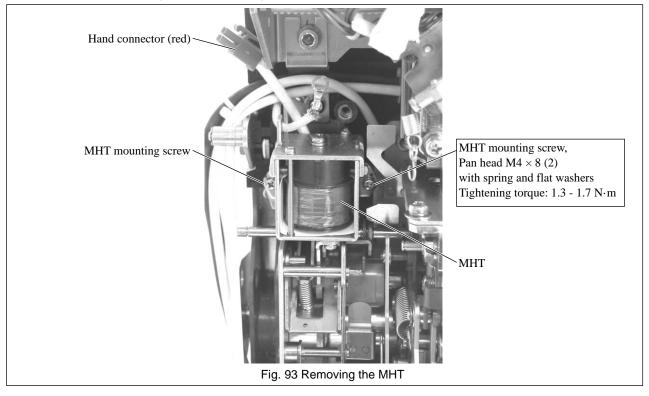


10) Reinstall each part or component in reverse order of removal after inspection. Do not forget to install the OCR ground terminal and the relay base ground terminal.

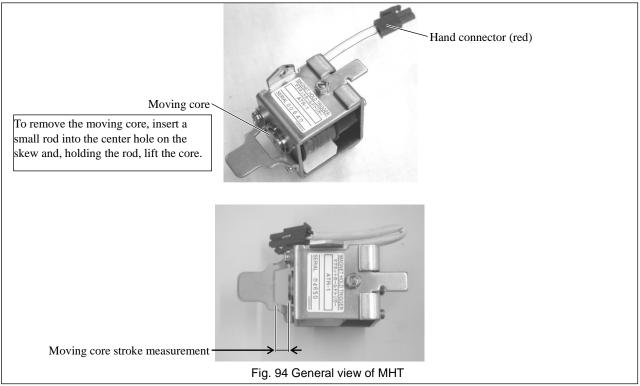
### 6-2-8. Magnet hold trigger (MHT)

The following describes how to replace the magnet hold trigger (MHT).

- 1) Make preparations for parts replacement. Refer to section 6-2-1.
- 2) Remove the OCR and the relay base. Refer to items 2) 8), section 6-2-7.
- 3) Unscrew the MHT mounting screws shown in Fig. 93, disconnect the hand connector (red), and remove the MHT.



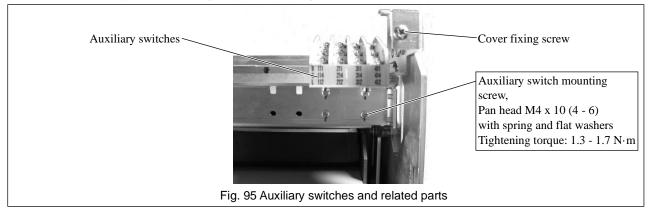
- 4) Reinstall each part or component in reverse order of removal after inspection.
- Fig. 94 provides the general view of the MHT.



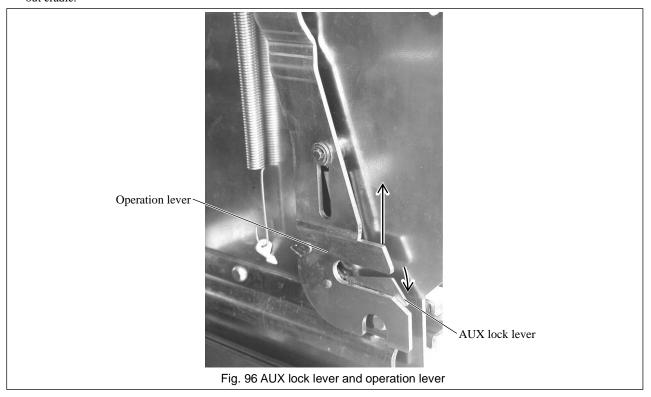
### 6-2-9. Auxiliary switches

The following describes how to replace auxiliary switches.

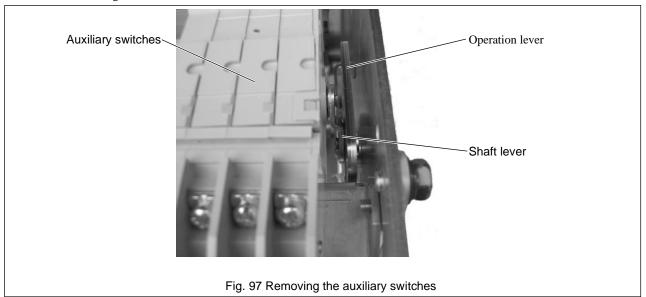
- 1) Make preparations for parts replacement. Refer to section 6-2-1, 1) and 2).
- 2) If the ACB is equipped with the control terminal block cover, loosen both the cover fixing screws and remove the cover.
- 3) Remove the auxiliary switch mounting screws shown in Fig. 95.



4) Depressing the AUX lock lever shown in Fig. 96, raise the operation lever till a shaft lever (see Fig. 97) appears in the top of drawout cradle.



5) With the operation lever raised, uplift the auxiliary switch unit, pull the shaft lever through the U-notch, and remove the auxiliary switch unit. See Fig. 97.



- 6) Reinstall each part or component in reverse order of removal after inspection. When installing the auxiliary switch unit, apply grease to the engagement of the operation lever and the shaft lever.
- Auxiliary contact Shaft lever Fig. 98 Checking auxiliary contacts
- Auxiliary contacts can be checked visually through the inspection holes shown in Fig. 98.

# 7. TROUBLESHOOTING FLOWCHARTS

Figs. 99 - 103 are troubleshooting flowcharts where typical troubles and remedial actions are shown.

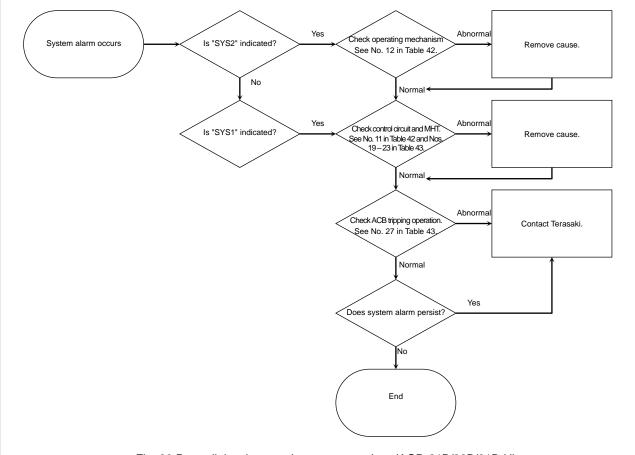
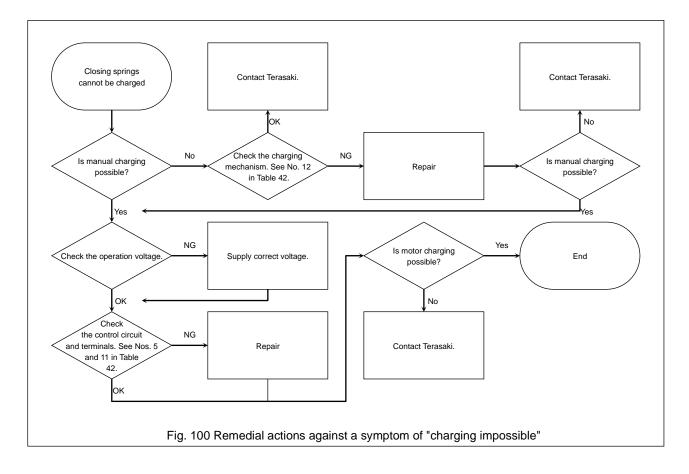
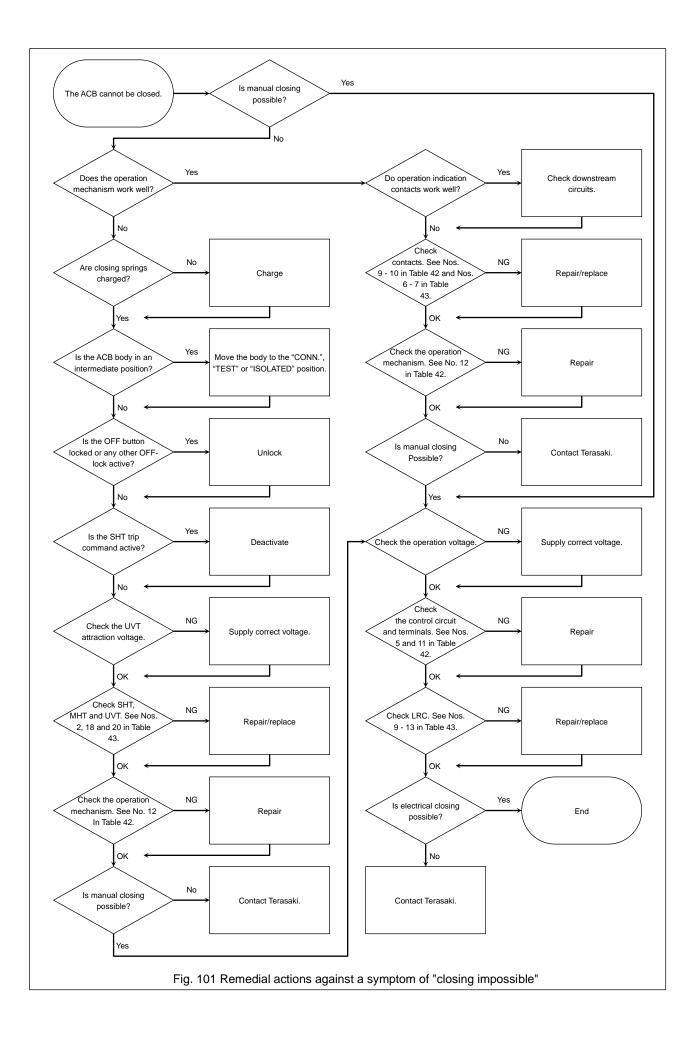
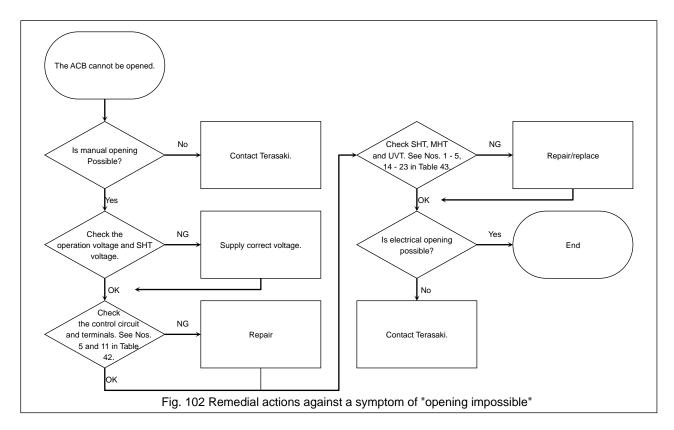
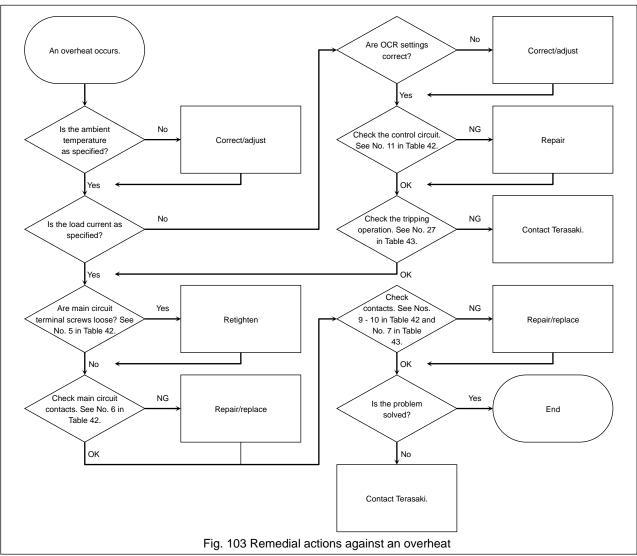


Fig. 99 Remedial actions against a system alarm(AGR-21B/22B/31B-H)









# **8.DOOR INTERLOCK**

# **Function of the Door Interlock**

#### General:

The door interlock prevents the switchboard panel from being opened when the ACB is closed, or in the CONNECT or TEST POSITION. The panel door is only operable when the ACB is OPEN and ISOLATED, thus preventing remote operation of the ACB.

### Normal Function:

- When the ACB is CLOSED and in the connected position the draw-out handle cannot be inserted.
- When the ACB is OPEN it can be drawn-out to the test or isolated position. This is indicated on the ACB's position indicator.
- To open the panel door the ACB is required to be OPEN and in the isolated position.

### Areas of Caution:

- Ensure the panel door is fully closed and locked before attempting to draw-out or rack in the ACB, from any of thee three positions (CONNECTED, TEST & ISOLATED) to another.
- When moving the ACB body, care should be taken not to damage the door interlock pin, situated at the bottom left and protruding from the ACB.

#### Interlock Release:

• The door interlock can be defeated by releasing the spring-actuated catch on the interlock panel unit. This is accessible through a hole located between the interlock panel unit fasteners.

# **Door Interlock Adjustment**

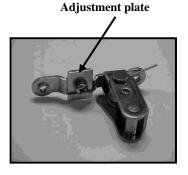
### How to adjust the panel unit:

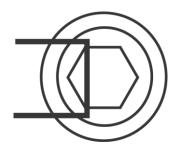
Once the ACB is installed into the switchboard and the panel door unit is fitted, check the position of the handle shutter when the door is closed and the ACB is in the isolated position.

#### Draw-out handle shutter



The handle shutter is a good position at the centre of the hole and no adjustment is required





When the handle shutter is at the left of the hole, remove the adjustment plate. This will push against the handle shutter less moving it towards the centre of the hole.

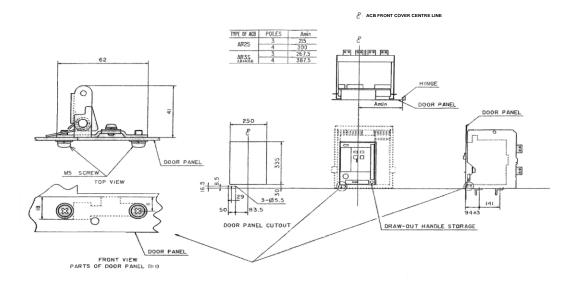




When the handle shutter is at the right of the hole, turn the adjustment plate upside down with the double side to the top. This will push against the handle shutter more moving it towards the centre of the hole.

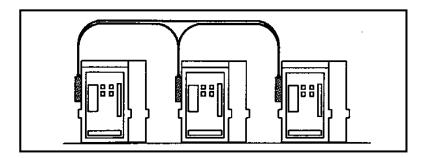


# **Door Interlock Outline Dimensions & Arrangement Drawings**



# 9. MECHANICAL INTERLOCK DEVICE. (HORIZONTAL TYPE) TYPES: AKR-1MH.

Group	Applicable Breaker Types
AR2	AR208S, AR212S, AR216S, AR220S
	AR212H, AR216H, AR220H,
	AR208D, AR212D, AR216D
AR3	AR325S, AR332S,
	AR316H, AR320H, AR325H, AR332H,AR440SB
AR4	AR440S



The mechanical interlock system allows up to three ACBs to be selectively turned on or off to the configured requirement.

Please read these instructions carefully to ensure correct operator use. The Manufacturer assumes no responsibility for the damage resulting from non-application or incorrect application of the instructions provided herein. The contents of this manual may be subject to change without prior notice.

# **▲ CAUTION**

# SAFETY:

Be sure and read all instructions and associated documents accompanying the product thoroughly to familiarise yourself with the product handling, safety information, and all other safety precautions.

#### Installation Precautions:

- Installation work of the interlock must only be carried out by qualified and authorised personnel.
- Do not use the interlock in areas that are subject to high temperatures, high humidity, dusty air, corrosive gasses, strong vibration and shock. Using the interlock in these conditions may cause a malfunction.
- Care should be taken to prevent foreign objects (such as debris, concrete powder, dust, chippings), oil and rainwater from entering the interlock. Using the interlock in these conditions may cause a malfunction.
- If the ACBs are draw-out types, do not insert the bodies into the chassis until the installation of the interlock system has been complete. If the ACBs are fixed insure the ACBs are locked off during installation Failure to do so may result in damage to the interlock or personal injury.
- Do not bend the interlock cables at the radius of less than 200mm. Doing this may result in damage to the interlock cables causing the interlock to fail.
- Insert the interlock wire until it stops at the grove end of the lever. Insufficient insertion of the wire could result in damage to the interlock.
- Be sure to adjust the distance between the support and the lever. Failure to do this can result in damage to the interlock.
- If the ACBs are draw-out types, ensure the ACBs are off while racking them into the chassis. Failure to do this can result in damage to the interlock.

#### Operation & Maintenance

- Do not touch the interlock during operation. Doing so may result in personal injury.
- Maintenance and/or inspection of the interlock system must only be carried out by qualified and authorized personnel.
- Before commencing maintenance work, remove the ACB bodies from the chassis or lock off the ACBs. Failure to do so may result in damage to the interlock or personal injury.
- If the ACBs are draw-out types, ensure the ACBs are off while racking them into the chassis. Failure to do this can result in damage to the interlock.

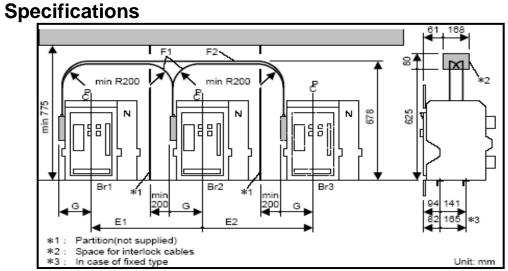
# Types & Operations

	Туре	C Br1	peration Br2	n Br3	Remark
TYPE C.	Br1 Br2	ON	OFF		
		OFF	ON		One of two breakers can
		OFF	OFF		be turned on.
		ON	ON	OFF	
ТҮРЕ В.		ON	OFF	ON	
		OFF	ON	ON	
		ON	OFF	OFF	One or two of three
		OFF	ON	OFF	breakers can be turned
		OFF	OFF	ON	on.
		OFF	OFF	OFF	
		ON	OFF	OFF	
TYPE D.		OFF	ON	OFF	
		OFF	OFF	ON	One of three breakers
		OFF	OFF	OFF	can be turned on.
TYPE A.	Br1 Br2 Br3	ON	OFF	ON	
		ON	OFF	OFF	
		OFF	ON	OFF	Br2 is interlocked with
		OFF	OFF	ON	both Br1 and Br3.
		OFF	OFF	OFF	

• The interlock is enabled in the connected position. When the ACB is in the TEST, ISOLATED or DRAW-OUT Position the interlock is disabled.

• If all the ACBs in the interlock system are open and receive a close (on) signal, none will turn on. However, if this occurs there will be momentary continuity between the main circuit and the auxiliary switch A-contact in all the ACBs.

• The body of the other ACB(s), as long as they are off (open) can be drawn out or inserted, irrespective of the state of the other ACB(s). <u>NOTE:</u> Do not draw out or insert an ACB body during cable installation, adjustment or operation check.



#### ACB front cover centre line.

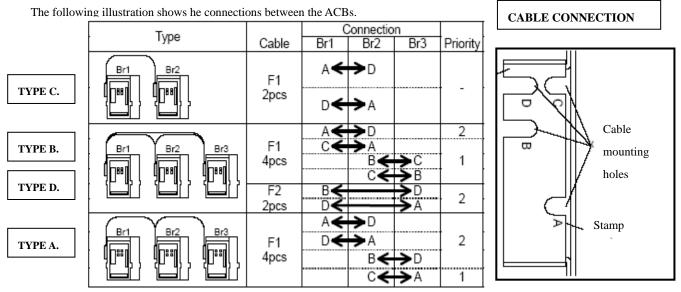
T.c. e should be a minimum of 200mm-gap left between the interlock mechanism and the cabinet wall, this is to enable cable installation, adjustment or operation check.

# Mounting the ACBs

- Before mounting the ACBs check the type of interlock, number and length of the cables to ensure they are as ordered.
- Install the ACBs (for fixed type) or chassis (for draw-out type) in the switchboard (see specifications section aformentioned for dimensions).
- When installing the ACBs, be sure to locate each ACB as you have specified (i.e. middle, left or right) when ordering. A different arrangement does not permit correct installation of the interlock cables.
- If the ACBs are draw-out types, do not insert the bodies into the chassis until the installation of the interlock system has

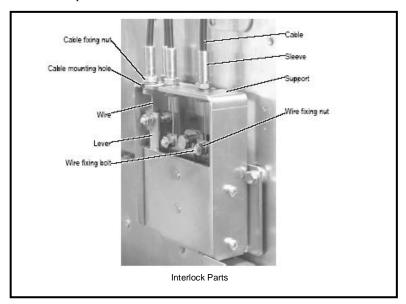
been complete. If the ACBs are fixed insure the ACBs are locked off during installation.

### Cable Connections

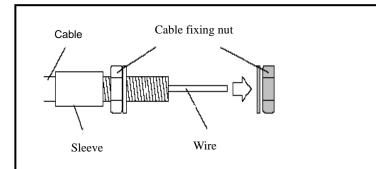


### Mounting the Cables

• When installing the interlock cables, first perform the priority 1 connections and then priorty 2 in cable connections chart above. Then follow the steps 1 to 10.

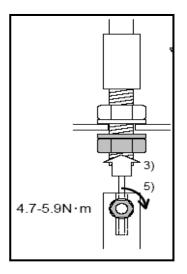


1 Loosen the cable fixing nut and the wire fixing nut.



5

3 Temporarily tighten the cable fixing nut.

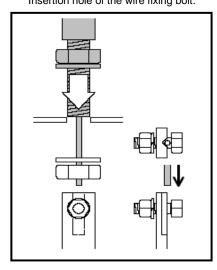


Holding the wire, tighten the Wire fixing nut to a torque of 4.7 to 5.9 N.m.

- Attach the cable in the cable mounting
- Hole and insert the wire into the wire Insertion hole of the wire fixing bolt.

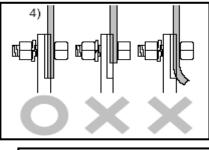
2

4



Push in and hold the wire until

It stops against the groove end



	Unit: mm
Cable mounting hole	Distance
A,B	38.5±0.5
C,D	22±0.5
	. <u> </u>

- Make sure the distance between the support and the lever is as specfied and then tighten the cable fixing nut to a torque of 12.5N.m. If the distance is out of the specfied range, proceed to step 8 to adjust the distance.
- 8 If the distance is too small, turn the cable-fixing nut counter clockwise to lower the sleeve and the lever, increasing the distance until it falls within the specified range. If the distance is too large, turn the cable-fixing nut clockwise to raise the sleeve and the lever
  - If the ACBs are of a draw-out type, insert the ACB bodies into the chassis to the connected position. Do not turn the ACB(s) on

until it is in the connected position. If the ACB is a fixed typed, unlock the ACB.

10 After making sure the main circuit is not energised, check the operation of the ACB(s). Do not touch the interlock during operation.

- Repeat steps 1 to 5 for the wire on the other end of the cable.
- 12.5N·m

9

7

### Inspection & Maintenance

- If the ACBs are draw-out types, remove the ACB bodies from their chassis. If the ACBs are fixed ensure the ACBs are locked off.
- Check the wire fixing nut and cable fixing nut for tightness. If loose, retighten to the specified torque.
- Make sure the distance between the support and the lever is as specified. If the distance is out of the specified range, readjust it.
- If the ACBs are of a draw-out type, insert the ACB bodies into the chassis to the connected position. Do not turn the ACB(s) on until it is in the connected position. If the ACB is a fixed type, unlock the ACB.
- After making sure the main circuit is not energised, check the operation of the ACB(s). Do not touch the interlock during operation.

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